



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED

28th ANNUAL REPORT 2022 -2023

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CHAIRMAN

Mr. S. ANNADURAI (DIN: 00137561)

MANAGING DIRECTOR

Mr. R. CHELLAPPAN (DIN:00016958)

JOINT MANAGING DIRECTOR

Mr. A. BALAN (DIN:00017091)

WHOLE TIME DIRECTORS

Mr. K. V. NACHIAPPAN (DIN:00017182) Mr. V. C. RAGHUNATH (DIN:00703922) Ms. V. C. MIRUNALINI (DIN:07860175)

NON EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (Non-Independent)

Ms. JAYASHREE NACHIAPPAN (DIN: 03173327)

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Mr. G. S. SAMUEL (DIN:05284689) Mr. S. KRISHNAN (DIN: 07163629) Dr. S. INIYAN (DIN: 08355447) Dr. M. RAVI (DIN: 08066520)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Ms. R. NIKHILA

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. R. SATHISHKUMAR

BANKERS

STATE BANK OF INDIA THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION LIMITED HDFC BANK LIMITED BARCLAYS BANK PLC CSB BANK LIMITED KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LIMITED ICICI BANK LIMITED AXIS BANK LIMITED

REGISTERED OFFICE

SWELECT Energy Systems Limited CIN: L93090TN1994PLC028578 'SWELECT HOUSE' No. 5, Sir P.S. Sivasamy Salai, Mylapore, Chennai – 600 004.

Tel : +91 44 24993266 Fax : +91 44 24995179 E-mail Id : cg.ird@swelectes.com

REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT (RTA)

M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Ltd Subramanian Building, No. 1, Club House Road, Anna Salai, Chennai - 600002 Ph: +91 44 28460390 E-mail: investor@cameoindia.com

AUDITORS STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s.Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP 8th Floor, ASV N Ramana Tower, No. 52, Venkatnarayana Road, T. Nagar, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600017.

INTERNAL AUDITORS

M/s. S. K. Ram Associates Chartered Accountants Old No. 57/2, New No.103, P.S. Sivasamy Salai, Mylapore, Chennai - 600004.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

M/s. KRA & Associates Practising Company Secretaries Door No. 6A, 10th Street, New Colony, Adambakkam, Chennai - 600 088.

COST AUDITORS

M/s. Ravichandran Bhagyalakshmi & Associates Sankara Krupa, No.105, 3rd Street, Bhuvaneshwari Nagar, Adambakkam, Chennai - 600 088.

	LOCATION OF MANUFACTURING PLANT							
No.	Details of Plant	Location						
1	Manufacturing facility &	58/3(14D, D/1) Salem Main Road, Veerappampalayam PO,						
	Research and Development	Idappadi - 637105, Salem District, Tamil Nadu.						
	LOCATIONS OF WIND AND SOLAR POWER PLANTS							
1	1.1 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 166 &169, Sembagoundan Pudur, No. 51, Kuppepalayam Village, Coimbatore - 641107, Tamil Nadu.						
2	0.5 MW Wind Mill Power Unit - 3 Nos	296,224/1 & 294, Naranapuram Village, Ponnapuram, Dharapuram Taluk, Tiruppur District - 638657, Tamil Nadu.						
3	10 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 369/4, 413/3A, 129/6, 413/2, 407/2, 408/1, 408/2, 408/3, 413/1A, 414/1, 414/2, 584/1B, 584/2, 395/2, 396/1, 396/2, 396/3A, 396/3B, 407/1B, 407/1C1, 129/7 & 414/4A Kolakudi Village,Thottiyam Taluk, Musiri, Trichy - 621208, Tamil Nadu.						
4	12 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 894/B1, 894/B2, 894/B3, 895/1, 895/2, 895/3, 895/4, 895/5, 895/6, 895/7, 914/1,914/2, 914/3, 914/4, 913/1, 913/2, 913/3,913/4, 913/5,913/6,902/1,902/2,915,916,929/B2, Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639206, Tamil Nadu.						
5	3 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 902/1 & 899/3 Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639 206, Tamil Nadu.						
6	2 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 895/1(P),895/2(P),895/4(P),896/2(P),899/2(P), 899/3(P),899/4(P),899/5(P) and 899/6(P) Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639206, Tamil Nadu.						
7	5 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 1107,1108,1116 and 1091 Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639 206, Tamil Nadu.						
8	10 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 1989, 2101/B1 to B3, 2107/1 to 4, 2101/A1 & 2108/2, Senthamangalam (West) Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District, Tamil Nadu.						
9	2 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 2107/1,2107/2, 2107/3, 2107/4 and 2108/2, Senthamangalam (West) Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District, Tamil Nadu.						
10	1 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 30/5 and 78/9 at Manparai Village Musiri Taluk Trichy District Tamil Nadu – 621006.						



BOARD'S REPORT

Our Valued Shareholders,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Twenty Eighth Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements (Standalone and Consolidated) for the year ended 31st March 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(₹ in Lakhs)

		Stand	lalone	Consolidated		
S. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31/03/2023	For the year ended 31/03/2022	For the year ended 31/03/2023	For the year ended 31/03/2022	
1	Revenue from operations	24,983.57	28,572.86	38,418.12	39,111.10	
2	Other income	3,226.97	3,059.14	2,450.64	2,082.05	
3	Total Income	28,210.54	31,632.00	40,868.76	41,193.15	
4	Total Expenditure (Excluding Finance cost, Depreciation and Amortisation)	22,328.27	24,498.00	32,579.33	32,061.08	
5	Profit Before Finance cost,Depreciation and Amortisation and Tax	5,882.27	7,134.00	8,289.43	9,132.07	
6	Finance Costs	2,538.06	2,063.49	3,180.20	2,487.34	
7	Depreciation and Amortisation expense	2,371.02	1,691.44	4,329.06	3,093.68	
8	Profit(+) /Loss(-) Before Tax	973.19	3,379.07	780.17	3,551.05	
9	Income Tax Expense	38.77	-	138.06	309.31	
10	Net Profit(+) /Loss(-) after Tax #	934.42	3,379.07	642.11	3,241.74	
11	Other Comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	18.07	22.11	1,063.54	519.04	
12	Total comprehensive income / Loss(-) for the year, net of tax	952.49	3,401.18	1,705.65	3,760.78	
13	Final Dividend Proposed / Paid on Equity Shares	181.91	454.76	181.91	454.76	
14	Equity Share Capital	1,515.88	1,515.88	1,515.88	1,515.88	
15	Other equity	72,023.25	69,526.53	77,207.47	76,044.25	
16	EPS(₹)	6.16	22.29	4.24	21.39	

Net Profit after tax is post adjustment of loss on discontinued operations (due to technology obsolescence) as per Note No.40 and No. 45 of the financial statements. Please refer to the explanation given under the heading "**ALTERNATE TO OWN MANUFACTURING**" [SWELECT HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited (SHPV)].

STATE OF THE COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

MAJOR LINE OF BUSINESS

- I Manufacturing: Solar PV Modules, Solar Inverters, String Combiners and Mounting structures
- II Solar Power Systems Integration Roof top & Ground Mounted Turnkey EPC contracts
- III Green Energy Generation Independent Power Producer (IPP), Renewable Energy Service Company (RESCO)
- IV Solar water pumping
- V Servo stabilizers
- VI Solar Energy Storage Solutions (new vertical)

SWELECT continues to be a world class Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Solution provider with the reputation of having given the highest quality of products and services.

GENERAL REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

During the year, the Company registered a turnover (Standalone) of ₹ 24,983.57 Lakhs* against the previous year turnover of ₹ 28,572.86 Lakhs. The Company recorded a Net Profit of ₹ 934.42 Lakhs against the previous year Net Profit of ₹ 3,379.07 Lakhs.

* The turnover for the FY has a drop due to the upgradation requirement for the Solar PV Modules manufacturing plant as part of the Technology upgradation and adapting to the new Solar Cell types in the global market.

The Board at its meeting held on 28.06.2022 had decided to permanently close the operations of Solar module manufacturing plant located at Dabaspet, Bengaluru and obtained the shareholders' approval at the Annual General Meeting held on 28.07.2022



for closure of the above said plant. Subsequently the operation of the plant was permanently stopped and the necessary intimations were made to the concerned Authorities including Stock Exchanges.

ALTERNATE TO OWN MANUFACTURING

SWELECT HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited (SHPV) was incorporated on 3.5.2021 as a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of SWELECT Energy Systems Limited for manufacturing the upgraded Solar PV modules by using the Latest Technology Solar Cells that are capable of delivering High Efficiency in the real use applications.

The construction of fully Automated State-of-the-Art with new 500 MW production capacity of Solar PV Module Manufacturing plant has been completed successfully. The trial production started during February 2023 and the Automation process is progressing well for continuous operation. This plant will be catering to major utility scale developers, the Commercial & Industrial segment, as well as the Export markets.

Considering the International Brand positioning requirement for SWELECT, it was decided by the Company, at its Board meeting held on 11.11.2022, to enable SWELECT Energy Systems Pte. Limited, Singapore to become the Holding Company of SWELECT HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited.

Accordingly, the Share Purchase Agreement (SPA) was executed on 23.11.2022 between the Company and SWELECT Energy Systems Pte. Limited, Singapore and completed the share transfer process. As a result, the status of SWELECT HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited was changed from Wholly Owned Subsidiary to step down subsidiary of SWELECT Energy Systems Limited with effect from 26th December 2022.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors have recommended a final Dividend of ₹ 1.20 (One Rupee and Twenty Paise Only) per equity share [@ 12% on the Equity Share Capital of ₹ 15,15,87,600/- (Rupees Fifteen Crore Fifteen Lakhs Eighty Seven Thousand Six Hundred Only)], for the year ended 31st March 2023, subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company. The outflow for the Company would be ₹181.91 Lakhs towards final dividend.

As per the Finance Act, the dividend amount is taxable in the hands of shareholders, if it exceeds ₹5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand Only) in a financial year and accordingly the payment of dividend is subject to the deduction of income tax as applicable.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, there was no change in issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of the Company. On March 31, 2023, it stood at ₹15,15,87,600/- divided into 1,51,58,760 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each.

TRANSFER TO GENERAL RESERVE

During the year, your Company has not proposed to transfer any amount to general reserve.

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company has Six Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (Out of which Two are incorporated outside India), Four subsidiaries and Three step down subsidiaries as on the date of this report. The Board of Directors at their meeting held on 29th May 2023, have approved the consolidated financial statements of subsidiary companies. In pursuant to the provisions of section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, (as amended) a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries, in Form AOC-1 is attached to the financial statements of the Company. The Company does not have any Associates or Joint Ventures as on the date of this report.

NEWLY INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARIES

SWELECT RE POWER PRIVATE LIMITED

The Company was incorporated on 22.4.2022 for the purpose of executing Solar Power Projects under Group Captive Model. Under this entity a 4 MW Solar Power Project was commissioned at Manparai Village, Musiri Taluk, Trichy District - 621006 to enable Intra State Open Access option of supplying contracted quantity of electricity to third party customers. This first project (4 MW capacity) was commissioned on 28.12.2022.

SWELECT TAIYO ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

The Company was incorporated on 31.10.2022 for the purpose of executing Solar Power Project under Group Captive Model. Under this entity a 7 MW Solar Power Project was commissioned at Singalandhapuram Village and Vadakkuveli Village,



Thuraiyur Taluk, Trichy District, Tamil Nadu to enable Intra State Open Access option of supplying contracted quantity of electricity to third party customers. This first project (7 MW capacity) was commissioned on 21.4.2023.

AMALGAMATION OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

On 12.08.2022, the Board of Directors of SWELECT Energy Systems Limited (Holding Company), had approved the scheme of Amalgamation of SWELECT Solar Energy Private Limited (Wholly Owned Subsidiary) and K J Solar Systems Private Limited (Stepdown Wholly Owned Subsidiary) with the Holding Company.

Subsequently, the combined petition for the above Amalgamation along with the scheme was filed with the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Chennai Bench. The proceedings of the Amalgamation is under process with the NCLT.

DEPOSITS

The Company did not receive any deposits from the public during the year and no amount of principal or interest was outstanding as of the Balance Sheet date.

DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

- Mr. A. Balan (DIN: 00017091) Joint Managing Director and Ms. V. C. Mirunalini (DIN: 07860175) Whole Time Director of the Company are liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM) and being eligible offers themselves for re-appointment.
- At the Annual General Meeting held on 28.07.2022, Mr. K. V. Nachiappan (DIN: 00017182) and Ms. V. C. Mirunalini (DIN: 07860175) were reappointed as Whole Time Directors of the Company for a period of five years with effect from 20.04.2023 and 28.06.2022 respectively.
- Dr. M. Ravi (DIN:08066520), was appointed as an Independent Director of the Company for a period of five consecutive years with effect from 11.2.2023 and such appointment was approved by the Shareholders of the Company through postal ballot on 22.03.2023.
- At the Board Meeting held on 29.05.2023, Dr. S. Iniyan was recommended to re-appoint as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of five consecutive years with effect from 1.4.2024 subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.
- Mr.S. Annadurai, Independent Director will attain the age of seventy five years on 31.07.2024. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board at their meeting held on 27.5.2023 and 29.5.2023 respectively, recognised his valuable contribution to the growth of the Company and recommended to continue to hold office of Independent Director of the company till this current tenure of appointment which ends on 27.06.2027.

The Profiles of Mr. A. Balan, Ms. V. C. Mirunalini, Dr. S. Iniyan and Mr. S. Annadurai are given separately in the notice of AGM.

The Board recommends the necessary resolutions for the approval of Shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting for the above appointments.

STATEMENT REGARDING OPINION OF THE BOARD WITH REGARD TO INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE (INCLUDING THE PROFICIENCY) OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS APPOINTED DURING THE YEAR

The Board at its meeting held on 11.2.2023 had appointed Dr. M. Ravi as an Independent Director of the Company for a period of five years with effect from 11.2.2023 after taking into consideration of the following integrity, expertise and experience which are needed for sustainable growth of the Company. Subsequently, the Company obtained the approval of Shareholders through Postal Ballot on 22.3.2023.

INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE, EXPERIENCE AND PROFICIENCY

Dr. M. Ravi, had served in the Police Department, Government of Tamil Nadu and retired as Director General of Police / Commissioner of Police in the year 2022. During his service, Dr. M Ravi was very dedicative and his perseverance towards the betterment of society, courageous nature and honesty has made him one of the most commendable officers in the Police department.

Dr. M. Ravi possess appropriate Skills, Experience and knowledge in Law, Administration and Research which will benefit to the growth and Good Corporate Governance of the Company.



Brief Profile of Dr. M. Ravi

Qualification	M.Sc.(Agri.,)					
	M.Sc., (Cyber Forensics & Information Security)					
	Ph. D. (Economics) Madurai Kamarajar University, Tamil Nadu.					
Experience	Banking Service - As an Officer in Syndicate Bank Served in Kerala, Delhi and Haryana from December 1985 to August 1991.					
	Joined Indian Police Service in the year 1991					
Retired as DGP/Commissioner of Police in the year 2022.						
Achievements	Indian Council of Agricultural Research Fellowship Holder.					
	Recipient of Directors gold medal for Horse riding in Mussoorie in 1991.					
	President of India's DISTINGUISHED service in 2016.					
	Undergone Mid-career Training programme on policing in Oxford University in UK, Scotland police and FBI in Quantico.					
	• Held the position of Director, Tamil Nadu police Housing Corporation Limited, Chennai for two years.					
	As a resource person trained about 5500 IAS aspirants in Anna Institute of Management run by Government of Tamil Nadu.					

Pursuant to the provisions of the section 150 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 (as amended from time to time), Dr. M. Ravi had registered his details in the portal of Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs and has to complete an online proficiency test within the timeline as stipulated by Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS

During the Financial Year 2022-2023, Eight Board Meetings were held. The details are provided in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report.

DISCLOSURE ON COMPOSITION OF AUDIT COMMITTEE AND ITS RECOMMENDATION

The details of Composition of Audit Committee along with its terms of reference are given in the Corporate Governance Report. All recommendations of the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

DETAILS OF ESTABLISHMENT OF VIGIL MECHANISM FOR DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the Vigil mechanism and the details are given in the Corporate Governance Report.

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013.

The Company has put in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirement of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 and has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of an Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) as required under the said Act to redress the complaints received for sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

The members of the Committee are:

Corporate Office (Chennai):

1. Ms. Aarthi Balan 2. Ms. C. Preethy, 3. Ms. Mary Preetha and 4. Mr. R. Kalidasan

Plant (Idappadi):

1. Ms. P. Malathi 2. Ms. A. Kokilavani, 3. Mr. P. Kathirvel and 4. Ms. Preetha Balan.

The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the year 2022-2023.

No. of complaints filed during the financial year : Nil

No. of complaints disposed off during the financial year : Nil

No. of complaints pending as on end of the financial year : Nil



CODE OF CONDUCT AND PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has adopted the Code of Conduct for its Directors and Employees while performing their duties and responsibilities.

Similarly, Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Designated Persons has also been adopted by the Company as per the Guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India for Prohibition of Insider Trading. The Code prohibits trading in securities of the Company by the Designed persons while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company and during the period when the Trading Window is closed.

All the Directors, Key Management Personnel and Senior Management Personnel are aware of the above code and an annual confirmation on the compliances of the said codes have been received by the Company from the concerned. The declaration to this effect made by the Managing Director is attached to this report. Code of conduct of Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel and code for Insider Trading are available in the Company's website www.swelectes.com under investors' page.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.117366W/W-100018) were reappointed as Statutory Auditors of the company at the 27th AGM held on July 28, 2022, for a period of five years commencing from the conclusion of 27th AGM till the conclusion of 32nd AGM.

STATUTORY AUDITORS REPORT

The Statutory Auditors in their report for the financial year 2022-2023, have given an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Company and the same is being attached to this report.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Secretarial Audit was conducted by KRA & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, Chennai in pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Secretarial Auditors' Report is also being attached as a part of this Report as Annexure -1. There were no qualifications made by the Secretarial Auditor in their Report.

COST AUDIT

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 and amendments thereof, the Company is required to maintain cost accounting records in respect of the products of the Company and accordingly the Cost Accounting Records are maintained by the Company and Audited as required. Further, the Company has completed the filing of Cost Audit Report, with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, for the financial year 2021-2022 in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) format.

M/s. Ravichandran Bhagyalakshmi & Associates, Cost Auditors of the Company will submit their report for the financial year 2022-2023 within the time limit applicable under the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014.

The Board, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has appointed M/s. Ravichandran Bhagyalakshmi & Associates, Cost Accountants, as the Cost Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2023-2024. The Board also considered and approved the remuneration of ₹ 1,32,000/- as recommended by the Audit Committee. In terms of the provisions of section 148 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14 (a) (ii) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, the remuneration of the Cost Auditor has to be ratified by the members of the Company. Accordingly, the Board recommends necessary resolution at the ensuing AGM for ratification.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year, as required under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is presented in a separate section forming part of the Annual Report.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo forms part of the Board's report and is given in Annexure - 2.

ANNUAL RETURN

The Annual Return of the Company for the financial year 2022-2023 is due to be filed with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs within 60 days from the date of AGM schedule to be held on 26.7.2023 and the same will be made available on the website of the Company www.swelectes.com under web link https://swelectes.com/annual-return/, after the said filing is completed.

The Annual Return of the Company for the previous year is available on the Company's website www.swelectes.com under web link https://swelectes.com/annual-return/.



PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

The details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the Financial Statements.

STATEMENT INDICATING DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The details of development and implementation of risk management system are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms a part of this report.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company undertakes "Corporate Social Responsibility" (CSR) initiatives directly / through agency to the public in improving the quality of life which includes education, environment, healthcare and women empowerment etc. During the year 2022-2023, the Company has contributed funds to the society for their betterment and the Company will undertake newer CSR initiatives in the years to come.

The Annual Report on CSR Activities in the prescribed format is given in the Annexure - 3.

Details of composition of the CSR Committee, number of meetings held during the year and other particulars are given in the Corporate Governance Report which forms a part of this Report.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered into by the Company during the financial year with Related Parties were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis.

The disclosure required u/s 134 (3) (h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in form AOC-2 is being annexed to this Report.

The Policy on materiality of Related Party Transactions and on dealing with related party transactions approved by the Board can be accessed on the Company's website www.swelectes.com under investors' page. Members may refer to the notes to the financial statements which sets out related party disclosures for the current and previous financial years.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS

During the year there were no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The details in respect of internal financial control and their adequacy are included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Report which forms a part of this report.

ANNUAL BOARD EVALUATION AND FAMILIARIZING PROGRAMME

The Board at its meeting held on 11.02.2023 carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, the directors and committees of the Board based on the guideline formulated by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee. Board composition, quality and timely flow of information, frequency of meetings and level of participation in discussions were some of the parameters considered during the evaluation process.

Further, during the year the Independent Directors of the Company met on 10.02.2023 to review the performance of nonindependent directors, Chairperson of the Board and the Board of Directors as a whole. The Independent Directors had conveyed their satisfactory opinion with regard to review and access of certain details as stated above.

The Independent Directors of the Company are being familiarized by the management and outside professional experts at frequent intervals with regard to nature of the business, business model, their roles, rights and responsibilities and other relevant information to the Company. The details of the programs attended by the Independent Directors are available on the website of the Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year 31st March 2023 and the date of this report 29th May 2023.

DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

The Company has followed the Accounting Standards specified under Rule 3 and 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) to the extent applicable, in the preparation of the financial statements.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CERTIFICATE

A report on Corporate Governance as stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is attached to this Report.

A Compliance Certificate from Mr. R. Kannan, Partner of KRA & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under the aforesaid regulation is also annexed to this report.



DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your directors confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed;
- (b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for that year;
- (c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- (e) the Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- (f) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS UNDER SECTION 143(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2013, OTHER THAN THOSE WHICH ARE REPORTABLE TO THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

The Statutory Auditors have stated that, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers and employees had been noticed or reported during the year.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 149 (7) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Independent Directors of the Company have given a declaration to the Company that they qualify the criteria of independence as required under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

POLICY ON NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION AND PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The Board, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, had formulated a policy on remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel of the Company. The policy covers the appointment, including criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes, independence and remuneration of its Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is given in Annexure -4. The same is also available on the Company's website under a web link : https://swelectes.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/01/Nomination-remuneration-policy.pdf

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Pursuant to Section 197 read with rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016, the required details are given in Annexure - 5.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with all the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India during the year in pursuant to the directions of Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Board places on record its appreciation of the support and co-operation received from the Government of India, State Governments, Banks, Suppliers, Employees, Customers and Vendors, whom your company looks upon as its valued partners in the path of progress. Your Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation for the valuable services rendered by Depositories, Stock Exchanges and the Registrar and Transfer Agent. Your Directors thank all valuable Investors who have been with the Company all these years and are also very much pleased to welcome all the new Investors and thank them for their continued patronage and confidence reposed in the Management.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director Sd/-A. BALAN Joint Managing Director

Place: Chennai Date: 29th May 2023



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

India, a global leader in deployment of solar and wind assets with over 109 GW of installed capacity accounts for ~ 5 % of the Global total solar and wind assets. India is a forerunner in the renewable race right behind the global majors like China, USA and Germany. It is estimated that India will add 49 GW of solar and wind by 2024-2025.

Your company makes use of its three major strengths i.e. a High-quality solar panel & Balance of System (BOS) Manufacturer, a very strong turnkey EPC and IPP player especially in the Commercial & Industrial segment. SWELECT group has made significant capacity additions during the year. Your company through its strong channel partner network has made great strides in sales of Solar Panels and Balance of System (BOS).

SOLAR POWER GENERATION AND SYSTEMS INTEGRATION (NEW ADDITIONS)

- 1. SWELECT has successfully designed, engineered and commissioned more than 42 MW of Projects for its various clients under its project sales vertical.
- 2. SWELECT and its group have been successful in adding more than 6.5 MW of Solar Projects in its Energy sales portfolio totaling it to 140 MW of cumulative capacity under the IPP vertical.
- SWELECT is proud to announce that its installed 217 kWhr ESS (Energy Storage System) is under extensive testing and evaluation.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN NEW MARKETS

SWELECT is happy to announce that one of its step down subsidiary SWELECT HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited has successfully completed the construction of fully Automated State-of-the-Art with new 500 MW production capacity of Solar PV Module Manufacturing plant at Coimbatore. The trial production started during February 2023 and this will make SWELECT as one of the leading Solar modules manufacturers in India, with a capacity to cater both Domestic and International markets. The facility is equipped to manufacture high-performance, high-quality modules backed by Tier 1 rating by Bloomberg New Energy Finance (BNEF). The solar modules are certified for IEC, UL and later PVEL, which are industry leading quality standards ensuring best in class quality and product reliability. The solar modules will undergo more than 40 plus stringent quality checks and tests promising the highest quality and on field performance.

IRON AND STEEL FOUNDRY PRODUCTS

AMEX Alloys Pvt. Limited, a Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) of SWELECT Energy Systems Ltd, is an ISO 9001- 2015 certified Foundry located in Coimbatore sub urban area. AMEX is also qualified with the following Accreditation / Qualification to stay as a strong producer of Quality Castings for the Global markets.

Accreditation / Certification ISO 9001:2015 / PED / AD W0 by TUV NORD / Indian Boiler Regulation (IBR)

AMEX Alloys Pvt Ltd is engaged strongly with customers in Germany, Italy, Spain, Poland, and USA besides many Indian Industries. During the year AMEX added new customers namely Farries and Dynaflow USA, Samson AG from Germany, RBR Italy and Zetkama from Poland.

The overall Global and Domestic Market / Application areas where High Quality castings are being supplied are:

- Oil & Gas
- Transportation
- Marine
- Pharmaceuticals
- Infrastructure
- Agriculture
- Water Distribution
- Hydro Power and many Flow Control applications



AMEX has three divisions of foundry units viz.,

Alloys Division: Manufacturing, Machining & Export of a wide range of Steel Castings (using CO2 sand Process, cake moulds and a range of intricate core assembly based complex moulds). The range of castings cover Carbon Steel/ Alloy Steel / Stainless Steel / Duplex and Special alloy steel. The division is making weight range of a single Casting from 10 Kg to 3520 Kg.

Certified ISO 45001 : 2018 By TUV Nord and PESR certificate by TUV UK

Iron Foundry Division: Manufacturing, Machining & Sales in domestic markets and Export of a wide range of Iron Castings in Grey Iron and Spheroidal Graphite Iron (using CO2 and Green Sand Process) metallurgy.

The division is making weight range of a single Casting from 1 Kg to 800 Kg.

Investment Casting Division: Design, Manufacturing, Machining & Export of a wide range of Investment Castings (using lost Wax process and advanced Machinery).

The division is making the weight range of a single Casting from 100 grams to 73 Kg.

Certified ISO 45001: 2018 By TUV Nord and PESR certificate by TUV UK

The above capabilities make AMEX Brand as India's first Foundry Group offering all the above under one roof and a One-Stop- Solution provider.

AMEX - Green Initiatives

The foundry uses very low quantum of new sand by adapting to sand reclamation process thus reducing use of natural resources.

Also majority of its Energy consumption is from Green Energy sources (Solar and Wind Power) i.e. from AMEX's own Solar plant and from SWELECT Group. As a WOS of SWELECT, AMEX Foundries have the distinction of running the foundry production with more than 85% of the Energy from Renewable Energy Sources and this is yet another special status.

Foundry with latest state of art facilities

AMEX has been deploying the most advanced casting design tool (MAGMA Simulation Software). The design team has been trained in MAGMA and this has enhanced AMEX to secure new orders from the existing customers and new customers from Europe. During this Financial Year, AMEX also exhibited its special skills and produced a range of intricate castings like Diverter valves, Flame Arrestor Bodies and Special Castings of higher weight range for German customers.

The Company has earned foreign exchange of over ₹ 8,074.53 Lakhs in Euros and US Dollars during the financial year 2022-2023 from the Exports to Europe, and USA despite Russia and Ukraine war.

AWARDS / CREDENTIALS

- Performance Excellence Awards, 2022
 - Excellence in Performance
 - Ground Mounted Solar Category (10MW SWELECT AAI PH-II)
- Soft disk Solar Awards 2022
 - Soft Disk's No. 1 Indian Rooftop Solution Company of the Year.
 - Soft Disk's No. 1 Indian Grid-Sharing Solar Power Solution Provider of the Year
 - · Soft Disk's No. 1 Indian Off-Grid Sharing Solar Power Solution Provider of the Year
 - Soft Disk's No. 2 Indian SPCU Manufacturer of the Year
- Soft disk Solar Awards 2022
 - No. 1 company for having completed a large number of Roof Top Installations in the country 2022
- Best Project of the Year 2022
 - Awarded by First view media ventures private limited
 - 7 MW Solar PV Plant on a Turnkey basis for Milky Mist Dairy Food Private Limited.
- State Market Leader Award: EPC 2022
 - Awarded by First view media ventures private limited
 - Winner of the 'State Market Leader Award: EPC' at the STATE BUSINESS MEET AWARDS 2022- TAMIL NADU
- Rooftop EPC Company of Year 2023
 - Won the Rooftop EPC Company of Year: Under Bronze Category in the event SuryaCon Coimbatore Conference.



OPPORTUNITIES

With growing awareness in terms of Environment Social and Governance (ESG), stricter industrial decarbonisation especially in Commercial & Industrial segment has significantly increased the adoption of clean energy by participating entities.

Government policy support in domestic manufacturing in terms of import barriers and subsidy for local manufacturing has opened up more opportunities for clean tech companies.

The Government run **Approved List of Models and Manufacturers** (ALMM) program is also an added incentive for more Indian entities participating in manufacturing in solar energy space.

THREATS

Increasing volatilities in the input raw material prices owing to the geo political situation has caused a momentary set back in deployment of renewable energy.

Uncertain Government policies, land acquisition challenges and Grid interconnection issues are some of the constant threats which the renewable industry has to overcome. However, these challenges can be overcome gradually by careful planning and diligence.

SEGMENT-WISE OR PRODUCT-WISE PERFORMANCE (STANDALONE)

The Business of the Company falls under a single primary segment i.e., "Solar and other related activities" for the purpose of IND AS 108.

The Product-wise performance of the Company for the financial years 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 are provided below:

		(₹ In Lakns)
Product Name	Rev	venue
Flouuct Name	31.3.2023	31.3.2022
Solar Photovoltaic Panels	4,644.77	6,742.19
Solar Power Generating Systems and accessories	10,062.37	11,584.75
Traded Goods	912.31	268.60
Solar Power	3,879.61	3,772.26
Wind Power	93.84	98.70
Sale of Services	4,038.52	4,070.02
Grand Total	23,631.42	26,536.52

OUTLOOK

The future for renewables looks very promising with all the participating countries rapidly pushing for decarbonisation of the industrial process and getting very mindful of carbon leakage which will play a very crucial role in clean energy transition.

With increasing interest in green hydrogen, carbon capture projects, energy storage and in electrification of industrial process will drive the clean energy deployment. Combined with increasing grid tariff and attractive price discovery in the competitive bidding of renewable energy procurement, the future and the business outlook looks very promising.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

There are no notable risks or concerns as SWELECT and its management are constantly monitoring the market dynamics both domestic and international. The leadership team has taken all the major factors in consideration and are proactively working to mitigate any risks which may arise.

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Company is not falling under the category as specified in Regulation 21(5) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. However, the Company constituted a Risk Management Committee to continuously monitor business and operations risk through an efficient risk management system.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The scope and authority of the Internal Audit function is defined by the management.

The internal audit report for every quarter ended are being submitted to the Audit Committee of the Board by the Internal Auditors.

The Internal Auditors monitor and evaluate the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company. Based on the report of internal auditors, the Audit Committee/Management of the Company undertakes corrective action in the respective areas and thereby strengthens the controls.



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

Standalone

During the year, the Company registered a turnover of ₹ 24,983.57 Lakhs against the previous year turnover of ₹ 28,572.86 Lakhs. The Company has reported a Net Profit after tax for the current year ₹ 934.42 Lakhs against the previous year Net Profit of ₹ 3,379.07 Lakhs.

The Earnings per Share (Basic and Diluted) for the year 2022-2023 stood at ₹ 6.16.

Consolidated

During the year, the Company registered a turnover of ₹ 38,418.12 Lakhs against the previous year turnover of ₹ 39,111.10 Lakhs.

The Company has reported a Net Profit after tax for the current year ₹ 642.11 Lakhs against the previous year Net Profit of ₹ 3,241.74 Lakhs.

The Earnings per Share (Basic and Diluted) for the year 2022-2023 stood at ₹ 4.24.

The reason for reduction in Profit (standalone and consolidated) of the Company for the year ended 31.3.2023 as against previous year is described in the Note No.40 and 45 of the Financial Statement annexed in this report.

THE FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE COMPANY FOR TEN YEARS (Standalone).

(₹ In Lakhs)

S.No	Particulars	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
1	Revenue from operations	5,240.30	4,887.50	16,315.86	17,006.97	17,382.92	11,984.43	14,204.04	18,453.22	28,572.86	24,983.57
2	Other Income	2,936.00	2,478.58	3,339.12	4,615.85	3,807.93	3,494.58	3,170.98	3,279.04	3,059.14	3,226.97
3	Total income from operations	8,176.30	7,366.08	19,654.98	21,622.82	21,190.85	15,479.01	17,375.02	21,732.26	31,632.00	28,210.54
4	Employee Cost	597.69	665.75	1,112.23	1,151.30	1,140.03	1,264.19	1,194.66	1,217.53	1,410.73	1,488.47
5	Excise Duty	158.17	54.49	61.34	44.97	8.50	-	-	-	-	-
6	Other Operating Expenditure	4,363.61	4,216.20	14,232.86	14,941.83	15,031.85	10,544.70	12,484.42	14,595.67	23,087.27	20,839.81
7	Profit Before Finance cost, Depreciation and Amortisation and Tax	3,056.83	2,429.64	4,248.55	5,484.72	5,010.47	3,670.12	3,695.94	5,919.06	7,134.00	5,882.26
8	Finance cost	116.09	1,059.90	960.96	529.55	580.58	744.63	981.15	1,249.12	2,063.49	2,538.06
9	Depreciation and amortization	446.23	871.71	1,251.04	1,114.44	1,343.04	1,415.41	1,659.43	1,547.79	1,691.44	2,371.02
10	Profit before tax	2,494.51	294.91	2,118.22	3,840.73	3,086.85	1,540.08	1,055.36	3,122.15	3,379.07	973.18
11	Profit/(Loss) after tax	2,494.51	132.94	1,201.07	2,937.85	2,346.93	1,105.35	(1,673.16)	2,431.15	3,379.07	#934.42
12	EPS (₹)	24.68	1.32	11.88	29.07	23.22	7.29	(11.04)	16.04	22.29	6.16
13	Interim Dividend paid (₹ per share)	-	-	3.00	-	-	-	1.25	-	-	-
14	Dividend paid / proposed (₹ per share)	9.00	2.50	1.00	4.00	4.00	2.50	0.75	3.00	3.00	*1.20

Net Profit after tax is post adjustment of loss on discontinued operations (due to technology obsolescence) as per Note no.40 of the Financial Statements.



DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

Details of significant changes in key financial ratios along with detailed explanations are given in the Note No.43 of the Financial Statements.

DETAILS OF ANY CHANGE IN RETURN ON NET WORTH

Details of change in Return on Net Worth is given in the Note No.43 of the Financial Statements.

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES / INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT, INCLUDING NUMBER OF PERMANENT EMPLOYEES

Human Resources

Employees are vital and most valuable assets. The Company has a favourable work environment that encourages innovation and motivation. The Management continues to invest in people through various Learning & Development initiatives and believes in nurturing leaders among them as far as possible and provide opportunities for growth across all levels. The total number of permanent employees as on 31.3.2023 was 268.

Welfare / Social Activities:

The Company sponsors several team building, sports and social welfare activities to derive internal team building. SWEES EMPLOYEES WELFARE TRUST is a welfare trust with its main object of working towards the welfare of its employees. The Company continuously focuses on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities as prescribed by the Companies Act, 2013.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Certain statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis Report describing the Company may be 'Forward Looking Statements' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include economic conditions affecting demand/supply and price conditions in the domestic and overseas markets in which the company operates, changes in the Government regulations, tax laws, statutes and other incidental factors.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director Sd/-A. BALAN Joint Managing Director

Place: Chennai Date: 29th May 2023



REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

[As required under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

1) COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

The Company upholds the core values of transparency, integrity and accountability in all facets of its operations and maintains the highest standards of Corporate Governance in its conduct towards the shareholders, customers, suppliers and the Government. The Company believes that good Corporate Governance practices enable the Management to direct and control the affairs of the Company in an efficient manner and to achieve the goal of maximizing value for all its stakeholders. It encompasses a set of systems and practices to ensure that the Company's affairs are being managed in a manner which ensures accountability, transparency and fairness in all transactions. The essence of Corporate Governance lies in promoting and maintaining integrity, transparency and accountability in the management's higher echelons

2) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

i) Composition and Category of Directors

		Attendance Particulars			No. of Chairpersons / Directorships in other Companies		No. of Committee Chairpersons / Memberships in other Companies		ectorship of the / & Category	
Name	Name Category		No. of Board Meetings attended	Attendance at last Annual General Meeting	Chairperson	Directorship	Chairperson	Member	Names of other Directorship of the listed Company & Category	
Mr. S. Annadurai	Chairperson Independent Non-Executive	8	8	Yes	-	4	-	-	-	
Mr. R. Chellappan	Promoter Managing Director	8	8	Yes	-	11*	-	1	-	
Mr. A. Balan	Promoter Joint Managing Director	8	8	Yes	-	9	-	-	-	
Mr. K. V. Nachiappan	Promoter Whole Time Director	8	8	Yes	-	3	-	1	-	
Mr. V.C. Raghunath	Promoter Whole Time Director	8	8	Yes	-	7*	-	2	-	
Ms. V. C. Mirunalini	Promoter Whole Time Director	8	7	Yes	-	3	-	-	-	
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan	Promoter Non-Executive	8	8	Yes	-	4	-	-	-	
Mr. G. S. Samuel	Independent Non-Executive	8	7	Yes	-	2	-	4	Butterfly Gandhimathi Appliances Limited - Independent Director	
Mr. S. Krishnan	Independent Non-Executive	8	7	Yes	-	3	3	1	-	
Dr. S. Iniyan	Independent Non-Executive	8	8	Yes	-	2	1	3	-	
Dr. M. Ravi (w.e.f. 11.02.2023)	Independent Non-Executive	8	1	NA	-	-	-	-	-	

* Excludes directorship in the Companies incorporated outside India.

As on date, the Board of Directors consists of both Executive and Non-Executive Directors.

Executive Director : 5

Non-Executive Director : 6



ii) Details of Board Meetings held during the year:

11.04.2022, 26.05.2022, 28.06.2022, 12.08.2022, 23.09.2022, 17.10.2022, 11.11.2022 and 11.02.2023.

iii) Disclosure of relationships between Directors inter-se:

- Mr. R. Chellappan is the father of Mr. V.C. Raghunath and Ms. V.C. Mirunalini, Whole Time Directors.
- Mr. K.V. Nachiappan is the husband of Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan, Non-Executive Director.
- · None of the other Directors are related to each other.

iv) Number of shares and convertible instruments held by Non-Executive Directors as on 31.03.2023

Name of the Director	Category	Number of Equity shares	Convertible Instruments
Mr. S. Annadurai	Chairperson, Non-Executive, Independent Director	262	Nil
Mr. G.S. Samuel	Non-Executive, Independent Director	15	Nil
Mr. S. Krishnan	Non-Executive, Independent Director	0	Nil
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	1375	Nil
Dr. S. Iniyan	Non-Executive, Independent Director	0	Nil
Dr. M. Ravi	Non-Executive, Independent Director	0	Nil

v) Web link where details of familiarization programs imparted to independent directors is disclosed:

https://swelectes.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Details-of-Familiarization-Programme-22-23.pdf

vi) The following are the skills / expertise / competence of the board of directors to be able to monitor and contribute towards the business growth effectively:

Systems and Practice:

The Board has a set of systems and practices to ensure that the Company's performance is monitored periodically and guided internally for improvement of the Company's overall performance. Directors ensure best practices in all transactions and all divisions are being managed in a manner which ensures accountability, transparency and fairness in all transactions.

Governance:

The Board upholds the core values of transparency, integrity and accountability in all facets of its operations and maintains the highest standards of Corporate Governance in its conduct towards the shareholders, customers, suppliers and the Government. All Committees ensured that the governance areas are well addressed.

During the year, none of the Independent Directors of the Company had resigned before the expiry of their respective tenure(s). The core skills / expertise / competencies as identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of the Company's business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively and those actually available with the Board are given below. The matrix below highlights the skills and expertise, which are currently available with the Board of the Company.

	Area of skills/expertise/competence								
Name of the Director	Leadership and operational experience	Strategic	Sector/ Industry knowledge & Experience	Research and Development and Innovation Technology	Financial	Legal and Regulatory	Risk Management	Corporate Governance	
Mr. S. Annadurai	✓				~	✓	~		
Mr. R. Chellappan	✓	 ✓ 	~	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	
Mr. A. Balan	✓		~						
Mr. K. V. Nachiappan			✓						
Mr. V.C. Raghunath		 ✓ 	✓						
Ms. V. C. Mirunalini			✓	✓					
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan			~		~				
Mr. G. S. Samuel		✓	✓		~	✓	✓	✓	
Mr. S. Krishnan			✓		~	✓	✓	✓	
Dr. S. Iniyan			~	✓					
Dr. M. Ravi	✓	~			~	~	✓		



It may also be noted that the absence of a mark, against a member's name, does not necessarily mean the member does not possess the qualification and other such skills.

vii) Confirmation with respect to Independent Directors:

The Board has confirmed that the independent directors have fulfilled the conditions as specified in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and are independent of the management.

3) AUDIT COMMITTEE

i) Brief description of terms of reference:

Financials

- Review of the quarterly/half-yearly/annual financial statements with reference to changes, if any, in accounting policies and reasons for the same.
- Major accounting entries involving estimates based on exercise of judgment by management, adjustments, if any, arising out of audit findings.
- Compliance with listing and legal requirements relating to the financial statements, qualifications if any, in the draft audit report.

Internal controls and risk management

- Review of internal audit function and discussion on internal audit reports.
- Review of vigil mechanism and adequacy of internal control systems.
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.

Compliance and other related aspects

- Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company.
- Uses/application of funds raised through an issue.
- Review and recommendation of appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of statutory auditors.
- Review and monitor the auditor's independence, performance and effectiveness of audit process.
- Review of other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
- Review of the management discussion and analysis of the financial conditions and results of operations, significant related party transactions, management letters issued by statutory auditors, internal audit reports.
- Monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters.
- Approval of appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.

ii) Composition, name of members, chairperson, meetings and attendance during the year:

Name of Members and Chairperson	Category	No. of Meetings held	Attendance
Mr. G.S. Samuel	Chairperson, Non - Executive, Independent Director	5	5
Mr. S. Annadurai	Member, Non - Executive, Independent Director	5	5
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan	Member, Non - Executive, Non-Independent Director	5	5

Date of the Meetings held during the year: 26.05.2022, 28.06.2022, 12.08.2022, 11.11.2022 and 11.02.2023.

4) NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

i) Brief description of terms of reference:

- Formulation of the criteria for determining the qualification, positive attributes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board, a policy relating to the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees.
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.
- Devising a policy on the Board diversity.
- Identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in the Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.
- Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Director on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of the Independent Directors.
- Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.



ii) Composition, name of members, chairperson, meetings and attendance during the year

Name of Members and Chairperson	Category	No. of Meetings held	Attendance
Mr. G.S. Samuel	Chairperson, Non - Executive, Independent Director	3	3
Mr. S. Krishnan	Member, Non - Executive, Independent Director	3	3
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan	Member, Non - Executive, Non - Independent Director	3	3

Date of the Meetings held during the year: 25.05.2022, 10.11.2022 and 10.02.2023.

iii) Performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors

General Criteria:

- Highest personal and professional ethics, integrity and values;
- > Inquisitive, objective, perspective, practical wisdom and mature judgement;
- > Demonstrated intelligence, maturity, wisdom and independent judgement;
- Self-confidence to contribute to board deliberations and stature such that other board members will respect their view;
- > The willingness and commitment to devote the extensive time necessary to fulfill their duties;
- The ability to communicate effectively and collaborate with other board members to contribute effectively to the diversity of perspectives that enhances Board and Committee deliberations, including a willingness to listen and respect the views of others; and
- The skills, knowledge and expertise relevant to the Company's business, with extensive experience at a senior leadership level in a comparable company or organization, including, but not limited to relevant experience in manufacturing, international operations, public service, finance, accounting, strategic planning, supply chain, technology and marketing.

Specific Criteria:

- Participation and contribution by the Director;
- Commitment, including guidance provided to the Senior Management outside of Board/ Committee Meetings;
- Effective deployment of knowledge and expertise;
- Effective management of relationship with various stakeholders;
- Independence of behaviour and judgement;
- Maintenance of confidentiality of critical issues

5) STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Composition, name of members and chairperson, meetings and attendance during the year.

Name of Members and Chairperson	Category	No. of Meetings held	Attendance
Mr. G. S. Samuel	Chairperson, Non - Executive, Independent Director	1	1
Mr. K. V. Nachiappan	Member, Executive, Non - Independent Director	1	1
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan	Member, Non - Executive, Non - Independent Director	1	1

Date of the Meeting held during the year: 11.02.2023

Name of the non-executive director heading the committee: Mr. G.S. Samuel

Name and designation of Compliance officer: Mr. R. Sathishkumar, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer



Details of complaints received from Shareholders during the year are as follows:

Number of Shareholders' complaints received during the financial year	Number not solved to the satisfaction of shareholders	Number of pending complaints	
Nil	Nil	Nil	

6) **REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS**

i) Pecuniary relationship or transactions of the Non-Executive Directors vis-à-vis the Company: NIL

ii) Criteria of making payments to Non-Executive Directors:

Sitting fees:

The Non-Executive Directors are being paid with sitting fees for attending the Board and Committee meetings of the Company, as detailed below.

SI. No.	Nature of Meeting	Sitting fees for each meeting (₹)
1.	Board	25,000
2.	Audit Committee	15,000
3.	Stakeholders Relationship Committee	15,000

Commission:

Currently the Company is not paying any Commission to its Non-Executive Directors.

iii) a) Details of remuneration paid during the year:

Non-Executive Directors:

Commission Name Category Sitting fees Total Mr. S. Annadurai 2.75 2.75 Independent Mr. G. S. Samuel 2.50 Independent 2.50 _ Mr. S. Krishnan Independent 1.75 _ 1.75 Dr. S. Iniyan Independent 2.00 -2.00 Dr. M. Ravi 0.25 0.25 Independent _ Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan Non-Independent 2.75 2.75 -Total 12.00 12.00 -

Executive Directors:

The Executive Directors are paid remuneration as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Board of Directors and approved by the shareholders at the General Meeting. The Company has not granted stock options to any director or employee of the company or any other person.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name	Salary	Commission	Contribution to PF	Incentive, Bonus	Performance Bonus	LTA/EL/ Furnishing allowance	Perquisites	Total
Mr. R. Chellappan	18.00	4.05	-	-	-	6.00	0.54	28.59
Mr. A. Balan	30.00	1.01	-	-	-	5.67	4.97	41.65
Mr. K. V. Nachiappan	27.00	1.01	-	-	-	5.25	1.18	34.44
Mr. V.C. Raghunath	11.01	-	0.22	2.14	-	0.37	0.29	14.03
Ms. V.C. Mirunalini	8.85	-	0.22	1.76	-	0.30	0.29	11.42
Total	94.86	6.07	0.44	3.90	0.00	17.59	7.27	130.13

(₹ in Lakhs)



b) Service contracts, notice period, severance fees:

Executive Directors

		Term o	of appointment	Remuneration		
Name	Designation	Date of appointment / Date of Annual General Meeting	Service Contracts / Period of contract	Date of Annual General Meeting	approval for the period	
Mr. R. Chellappan	Managing Director	09.08.2019	5 years - 01.05.2020 to 30.04.2025	28.07.2022	01.05.2023 to 30.04.2025	
Mr. A. Balan	Joint Managing Director	10.09.2020	5 years – 03.10.2020 to 02.10.2025	28.07.2022	01.04.2023 to 02.10.2025	
Mr. V.C. Raghunath	Whole time Director	09.08.2019	5 years – 28.07.2019 to 27.07.2024	28.07.2022	01.04.2023 to 27.07.2024	
Ms. V.C. Mirunalini	Whole time Director	28.07.2022	5 years – 28.06.2022 to 27.06.2027	28.07.2022	01.04.2022 to 31.03.2025	
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	Whole time Director	28.07.2022	5 years – 20.04.2023 to 19.04.2028	28.07.2022	01.04.2023 to 31.03.2026	

Non Executive – Non Independent

Name	Date of appointment	Reappointed u/s 152(6)	
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan	13.08.2012	28.07.2022	

Independent Directors

Name	Period of contract / Date of appointment	Date of AGM / Postal Ballot	
Mr. S. Annadurai	28.06.2022 to 27.06.2027 – 5 years	AGM 26.07.2021	
Mr. G.S. Samuel	28.07.2021 to 27.07.2025 – 4 years	AGM 26.07.2021	
Mr. S. Krishnan	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2024 – 5 years	Postal Ballot 28.03.2019	
Dr. S. Iniyan	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2024 – 5 years	AGM 09.08.2019	
Dr. M. Ravi	11.02.2023 to 10.02.2028 – 5 years	Postal Ballot 22.03.2023	

The notice period will be as per Company's policy and there is no separate provision for payment of severance fees. Independent Directors are not liable to retire by rotation as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The terms and conditions of appointment of Independent Directors are available in the Company's website link: https://swelectes.com/investors/

The Company's Remuneration Policy is available on the website of the Company www.swelectes.com

7) GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

i) Location and time, where last three Annual General Meetings held:

Year	Location	Date	Time
2019-20	25th AGM - Through Video Conferencing (VC) facility or Other Audio Visual	10.09.2020	3.30 P.M
2020-21	26th AGM - Through Video Conferencing (VC) facility or Other Audio Visual	26.07.2021	3.30 P.M.
2021-22	27th AGM - Through Video Conferencing (VC) facility or Other Audio Visual	28.07.2022	3.30 P.M

ii) Whether any special resolutions were passed in the previous three Annual General Meetings:

At the Annual General Meeting held on September 10, 2020, Six special resolutions were passed for the purpose of:

- Altering the terms and conditions in the appointment of Executive Directors of the Company and.
- Re-appointment of Mr. A. Balan, Whole Time Director (Joint Managing Director) of the Company for a period of 5 years.



At the Annual General Meeting held on July 26, 2021, Five special resolutions were passed for the purpose of:

- Re-appointment of Mr. Gnanasekar Sukumar Samuel (DIN: 05284689) as an Independent Director.
- Re-appointment of Mr. Sundaram Annadurai (DIN: 00137561) as an Independent Director.
- Approval for the borrowing powers of the company shall not exceed an amount of ₹ 400 crores (₹ Four Hundred Crores only) at any point of time.
- Authorisation to create charge on properties of the Company, both present and future and
- Approval for giving loan or guarantee or providing security under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013, up to a sum not exceeding ₹ 200 Crores [Rupees Two Hundred Crores Only] at any point of time.

At the Annual General Meeting held on July 28, 2022, Seven special resolutions were passed for the purpose of:

- Re-appointment of Ms. V. C. Mirunalini (DIN: 07860175) as a Whole Time Director of the Company and approval of Remuneration for the period from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2025
- Re-appointment of Mr. K.V. Nachiappan (DIN: 00017182) as a Whole Time Director of the Company and approval of Remuneration for the period from 1.4.2023 to 31.03.2026
- Fix the terms and conditions in the appointment of Mr. R. Chellappan, Managing Director of the Company for the period from 1.5.2023 to 30.04.2025
- Fix the terms and conditions in the appointment of Mr. V. C. Raghunath, Whole Time Director of the Company for the period from 1.4.2023 to 27.07.2024
- Fix the terms and conditions in the appointment of Mr. A. Balan, Whole Time Director (Joint Managing Director) of the Company for the period from 1.4.2023 to 02.10.2025
- Approval for giving loan or guarantee or providing security under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013
- Sale / Lease / Disposal of the Solar Photovoltaics Module Manufacturing Plant (undertaking) as a whole or in parts located at Dabaspet, Bengaluru, Karnataka.

iii) Whether any special resolution was passed last year through postal ballot:

During the financial year 2022-2023, the shareholders have passed a special resolution through postal ballot for appointment of Dr. M. Ravi as an independent director of the company for the first term of 5 (five) consecutive years with effect from 11th February 2023.

% of Votes No. of No. of No. of % of votes in No. of votes % of Votes against polled on shares votes – in votes favour on votes Category Mode of voting polled outstanding on votes polled held favour against polled shares (7)=[(5)/(2)]*100 (3)=[(2)/(1)]*100 (6)=[(4)/(2)]*100 (1) (2) (4) (5) 8504318 99.5319 8504318 100.0000 E-Voting Promoter and 8544318 Postal Ballot Promoter (Physical) Group 8504318 8504318 100.0000 8544318 99.5319 Total E-Voting Public-Postal Ballot -Institutions (Physical) Total E-Voting 880823 13.3167 879091 1732 99.8034 0.1966 Public-Postal Ballot 6614442 Non (Physical) Institutions Total 6614442 880823 13.3167 879091 1732 99.8034 0.1966 Grand Total 15158760 9385141 61.9123 9383409 1732 99.9815 0.0185 Whether promoter/promoter group are interested in No the resolution?

iv) Details of voting pattern of the above Postal Ballot

v) Procedure for postal ballot:

The postal ballot was carried out as per the provisions of Sections 108 and 110 and other applicable provisions of the Act, read with the Rules framed thereunder and applicable circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time.



vi) Person who conducted the postal ballot exercise

Mr. R. Kannan, Sr. Partner, M No: F6718 / CP. No: 3363 KRA & Associates, Company Secretaries, Chennai

vii) Whether any special resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot: No

8) MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

- i) The Quarterly Unaudited financial results and the Annual Audited financial results are reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors. These results are filed with the Stock Exchanges under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the Quarterly and the Annual Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange websites : www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and on the Company's website www.swelectes.com.
- ii) The extract of the above results are normally published in the newspapers viz.one national daily and vernacular newspaper namely "Business Line" and "The Hindu (Tamil)" respectively.

The Company's website www.swelectes.com contains a separate dedicated section 'Investors', wherein all data related to quarterly financial results, shareholding pattern, Board of directors, Code of conduct for all Board members and senior management of the company, Compliance report on Corporate Governance, Annual Report and other mandatory information required under the listing regulations are available.

The official news releases if any, will be placed on the Company's website.

During the year the Company has not made any presentations to institutional investors or to the analysts.

E-mail ID of the Compliance Officer of the Company	:	company.secy@swelectes.com
Telephone Number	:	044-24993266
Fax Number	:	044-24995179
E-mail ID for the purpose of registering complaints by investors	:	cg.ird@swelectes.com

9) GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' INFORMATION

i)	Annual General Meeting	:	TWENTY EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
ii)	Day, Date and time	:	Wednesday the 26 th July 2023 at 3.30 P.M. (IST)
iii)	Venue	:	Through Video Conferencing / Other Audio-Visual Means
iv)	Financial year	:	01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023
V)	Date of Book closure	:	From Thursday, 20th July 2023
			To Wednesday, 26 th July 2023 [Both days inclusive]
vi)	Dividend Payment Date	:	Thursday, 10 th August 2023.

vii) The Company's equity shares are listed on the following Stock Exchanges:

BSE Limited	National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Floor 25, P. J. Towers, Dalal Street,	"Exchange Plaza", C1 Block G,
Mumbai - 400 001.	Bandra–Kurla Complex,
Stock Code: 532051.	Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051.
	Stock Code: SWELECTES

viii) Details of Annual Listing Fees paid for the year 2023-2024

Name of Stock Exchange	Date of Payment
BSE Limited	26.04.2023
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	15.04.2023



Month	BSE Limited		National Stock Exchange of India Limited		
	High	Low	High	Low	
Apr-22	468.85	370.00	468.00	374.00	
May-22	432.00	309.30	439.90	308.15	
Jun-22	387.00	285.80	390.95	286.10	
Jul-22	338.45	286.80	340.00	290.10	
Aug-22	385.45	289.05	387.00	301.25	
Sep-22	373.35	304.20	372.30	306.15	
Oct-22	349.65	297.75	351.60	299.05	
Nov-22	367.80	309.00	369.90	306.35	
Dec-22	352.15	301.85	355.40	302.20	
Jan-23	359.00	306.50	359.55	313.05	
Feb-23	360.00	278.40	359.70	280.00	
Mar-23	299.00	262.90	295.00	263.45	

ix) Market Price Data: High, Low during each month in the last financial year 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023 Nominal value of Share ₹ 10/- each (Market Share Price in ₹)

x) Performance in comparison to BSE Sensex and NSE Nifty:

	BSE Limited		National Stock Exch	ange of India Limited
Date	Company's Market Price (Close) per share ₹	Sensex points (Close)	Company's Market Price (Close) per share ₹	Nifty points (Close)
Apr-22	405.90	57,060.87	406.50	17,102.55
May-22	376.65	55,566.41	378.00	16,584.55
Jun-22	301.80	53,018.94	299.50	15,780.25
Jul-22	317.70	57,570.25	318.05	17,158.25
Aug-22	311.95	59,537.07	311.05	17,759.30
Sep-22	317.55	57,426.92	320.60	17,094.35
Oct-22	315.00	60,746.59	312.80	18,012.20
Nov-22	347.40	63,099.65	346.15	18,758.35
Dec-22	329.95	60,840.74	335.95	18,105.30
Jan-23	333.65	59,549.90	335.50	17,662.15
Feb-23	282.60	58,962.12	282.40	17,303.95
Mar-23	285.30	58,991.52	285.25	17,359.75









xi) The Shares of the Company are not suspended by the Stock Exchanges from trading.

xii) Registrar to an issue and share transfer agents

M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Limited "Subramanian Building", No.1, Club House Road, Chennai – 600 002. Email: investor@cameoindia.com Tel: 044-28460390

xiii) Share transfer system

Effective April 1, 2019, SEBI has amended Regulation 40 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, which deals with transfer or transmission or transposition of securities. According to this amendment, the requests for effecting the transfer of listed securities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in dematerialised form with a Depository.

Transfers of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories with no involvement of the Company. In view of the aforesaid amendment, members who are holding shares in physical form are hereby requested to dematerialise their holdings.

xiv) Other Committees of Board

a) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of the following Members:

Name of Members and Chairperson	Category
Mr. S. Annadurai	Chairperson, Non-Executive, Independent
Mr. R. Chellappan Member, Executive, Non-Independent	
Mr. V. C. Raghunath	Member, Executive, Non-Independent

The Committee has been entrusted with the responsibility of formulating and recommending to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company, monitoring the implementation of the framework of the CSR Policy and recommending the amount to be spent on CSR activities. The Policy of the CSR is available on Company's website www.swelectes.com.

Date of the Meetings held during the year: 25.05.2022, 28.06.2022 and 11.08.2022

b) Risk Management Committee

The Company is not falling under the category as specified in Regulation 21(5) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. However, the Company constituted the Risk Management Committee to continuously monitor business and operations risk through an efficient risk management system.

The Risk management Committee comprises of the following members:

- 1) Mr. R. Chellappan Chairperson
- 2) Mr. V.C Raghunath Member
- 3) Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan Member

This Risk Management Committee will go into the various matters involving transactions of the company in assessing the various issues and recommend in devolving procedure and frame work.

It is an ongoing process within the organization. The management identifies and monitors the risk and takes proper action to minimize the risk. The Committee will meet as and when situation arises.

This Committee may also invite professionals in the respective area of specialization for consultation.

c) Forex Management Committee

The Forex Management Committee comprises of the following Members.

- 1) Mr. G. S. Samuel Chairperson
- 2) Mr. R. Chellappan Member
- 3) Mr. V.C. Raghunath Member
- 4) Ms. V. C. Mirunalini Member
- 5) Ms. R. Nikhila Member

The Forex Management committee is reviewing the day to day forex movements and taking the necessary steps to protect the interest of the Company.



d) Investment Committee

The Investment Committee comprises of the following members to ensure the effective investments of the Company's funds.

1) Mr. R. Chellappan	-	Chairperson
2) Mr. S. Annadurai	-	Member
3) Mr. V. C. Raghunath	-	Member

e) Borrowing Committee

The Borrowing Committee comprises of the following members with a power to borrow monies by way of loan from Banks and perform other functions as delegated by the Board.

1) Mr. R. Chellappan	-	Chairperson
2) Mr. V. C. Raghunath	-	Member
3) Mr. A. Balan	-	Member

Date of the meetings held during the year: 18.06.2022, 16.08.2022, 25.08.2022, 14.11.2022, 23.11.2022, 13.02.2023, 28.02.2023, 01.03.2023, 10.03.2023 and 20.03.2023.

xv) Distribution of Shareholding as on 31.03.2023

Shareholding of Nominal Value	Shareholders		Share A	Share Amount	
₹	Number	% of total	₹	% of total	
10-5000	13535	92.03	11130650	7.34	
5001-10000	593	4.03	4495450	2.97	
10001-20000	279	1.90	4071230	2.69	
20001-30000	113	0.77	2934550	1.94	
30001- 40000	37	0.25	1311850	0.86	
40001-50000	25	0.17	1171550	0.77	
50001-100000	46	0.31	3323160	2.19	
100001- and above	79	0.54	123149160	81.24	
Total	14707	100	151587600	100.00	

xvi) Shareholding pattern as on 31.03.2023

Α	Statement showing shareholding pattern of the Promoter and Promoter Group					
	Category of the Shareholders	No. of shareholder	No. of fully paid up equity shares held	0/	Equity shares held in dematerialized form	0/
1)	Indian					
а	Individuals/Hindu undivided Family	11	8367873	55.20	8367873	55.20
b	Central Government/ State Government(s)	0	0	0.00	0	0.00
С	Financial Institutions/ Banks	0	0	0.00	0	0.00
d	Bodies Corporate	1	45	0.00	45	0.00
е	Trusts	1	176400	1.16	176400	1.16
	Sub-Total (A)(1)	13	8544318	56.36	8544318	56.36



Α	Statement showing shareholding pattern of the Promoter and Promoter Group							
	Category of the Shareholders	No. of shareholder	No. of fully paid up equity shares held	0/	Equity shares held in dematerialized form	Shareholding %		
2)	Foreign							
а	Individuals(Non-Resident Individuals/ Foreign Individuals)	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
b	Government	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
С	Institutions	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
d	Foreign Portfolio Investor	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
е	Any Other (specify)	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
	Sub-Total (A)(2)	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
	Total Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group (A)= (A)(1)+(A)(2)	13	8544318	56.37	8544318	56.37		
в	Statement showing shareholding	pattern of the	Public Share	nolder				
		No. of	No. of		Equity			
	Category of the Shareholders	shareholder	fully paid up equity shares held	Shareholding %	shares held in dematerialized form			
1)	Institutions							
a	Mutual Funds/	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
b	Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
с	Alternate Investment Funds	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
d	Foreign Venture Capital Investors	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
е	Foreign Portfolio Investors Category I	1	21	0.00	21	0.00		
f	Financial Institutions/ Banks	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
g	Insurance Companies	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
h	Provident Funds/ Pension Funds	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
i	Any Other (specify)	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
	Sub-Total (B)(1)	1	21	0.00	21	0.00		
2)	Central Government/ State Government(s)/ President of India	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
	Sub-Total (B)(2)	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		
3)	Non-institutions			1				
а	Individuals							
i	Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital up to ₹ 2 lakhs.	13854	2802896	18.49	2738305	18.06		
ii	Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of ₹ 2 lakhs.	28	2387258	15.75	2387258	15.75		
b	NBFCs registered with RBI	0	0	0.00	0	0.00		



B Statement showing shareholding pattern of the Public Shareholder						
	Category of the Shareholders	No. of shareholder	No. of fully paid up equity shares held	Shareholding %	Equity shares held in dematerialized form	
с	Employee Trusts	0	0	0.00	0	0.00
d	Any other:					
	Overseas Depositories (holding DRs) (balancing figure)	0	0	0.00	0	0.00
	Bodies Corporate	78	405628	2.68	404578	2.67
	Clearing Members	8	1529	0.01	1529	0.01
	Director or Director's Relatives	6	501	0.00	501	0.00
	HUF	393	218870	1.44	218870	1.44
	IEPF	1	22848	0.15	22848	0.15
	Non-Resident Indian (NRI)	323	770179	5.08	770179	5.08
	Trusts	1	237	0.00	237	0.00
	Unclaimed or Suspense or	1	4475	0.03	4475	0.03
	Escrow Account					
	Sub-Total (B)(3)	14693	6614421	43.63	6548780	43.20
	Total Public Shareholding (B)= (B)(1)+(B)(2)+(B)(3)	14694	6614442	43.63	6548801	43.20
	Total (A+B)	14707	15158760	100.00	15093119	99.56

xvii) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity:

The Company is having connectivity with the depositories, namely, National Securities Depository Limited, Mumbai and Central Depository Services (India) Limited, Mumbai to provide facility of holding and trading shares in dematerialized form. International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the equity shares of the Company is INE409B01013. As on March 31, 2023, 1,50,93,119 equity shares of the company, constituting 99.56% were in dematerialized form and the shareholders have to trade the securities in the market electronically.

xviii) Outstanding Global Depository Receipts or American Depository Receipts or warrants or any Convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity: NIL

xix) Commodity Price Risk:

Risk of price fluctuation on basic raw materials as well as finished goods used in the process will be dealt by the Company through mutual business relationship with vendor and suppliers.

xx) Foreign Exchange Risk:

The Forex Management Committee of the Company continuously monitors foreign exchange risk through an effective system.

In order to minimise the risk associated with forex trading for import of raw materials, the Company executed necessary agreements with the Banks to provide an advise to the Company from time to time.

xxi) Hedging activities:

During the year the Company has not dealt with any hedging activities.



xxii) Plant Locations:

	LOCATION OF MANUFACTURING PLANT					
No.	Details of Plant	Location				
1	Manufacturing facility & Research and Development	58/3(14D, D/1) Salem Main Road, Veerappampalayam PO, Idappadi - 637105, Salem District, Tamil Nadu.				
	•	DNS OF WIND AND SOLAR POWER PLANTS				
1	1.1 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 166 &169, Sembagoundan Pudur, No. 51, Kuppepalayam Village,				
		Coimbatore - 641107, Tamil Nadu.				
2	0.5 MW Wind Mill Power Unit - 3 Nos	296,224/1 & 294, Naranapuram Village, Ponnapuram, Dharapuram Taluk, Tiruppur District - 638657, Tamil Nadu.				
3	10 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 369/4, 413/3A, 129/6, 413/2, 407/2, 408/1, 408/2, 408/3, 413/1A, 414/1, 414/2, 584/1B, 584/2, 395/2, 396/1, 396/2, 396/3A, 396/3B, 407/1B, 407/1C1, 129/7 & 414/4A Kolakudi Village,Thottiyam Taluk, Musiri, Trichy - 621208, Tamil Nadu.				
4	12 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 894/B1, 894/B2, 894/B3, 895/1, 895/2, 895/3, 895/4, 895/5, 895/6, 895/7, 914/1,914/2, 914/3, 914/4, 913/1, 913/2, 913/3,913/4, 913/5,913/6,902/ 1,902/2,915,916,929/B2, Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639206, Tamil Nadu.				
5	3 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 902/1 & 899/3 Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639 206, Tamil Nadu.				
6	2 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 895/1(P),895/2(P),895/4(P),896/2(P),899/2(P), 899/3(P),899/4(P),899/5(P) and 899/6(P) Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639206, Tamil Nadu.				
7	5 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 1107,1108,1116 and 1091 Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639 206, Tamil Nadu.				
8	10 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 1989, 2101/B1 to B3, 2107/1 to 4, 2101/A1 & 2108/2, Senthamangalam (West) Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District, Tamil Nadu.				
9	2 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 2107/1,2107/2, 2107/3, 2107/4 and 2108/2, Senthamangalam (West) Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District, Tamil Nadu.				
10	1 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 30/5 and 78/9 at Manparai Village Musiri Taluk Trichy District Tamil Nadu – 621006.				

	Manufacturing Plants Locations of Wholly owned Subsidiaries				
No.	Details of Plant	Location			
1	Amex Alloys Private Limited – Manufacturing of Iron, Alloy and Investment Casting	SF. No. 289/2, Kunnathur Pudur (PO), Sathy Road, Coimbatore - 641107, Tamil Nadu.			
2		SF. NO. 166,169 Sembagounden Pudur, No. 51 Kuppepalayam Village, Coimbatore Dist. Sarcarsamakulam, Tamil Nadu - 641 107.			
	Solar Pla	ant Locations of Wholly owned Subsidiaries			
1	Amex Alloys Private Limited - 2 MW Solar Plant	SF. No. 890/A, 891/A and 891/B Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639206, Tamil Nadu.			
2	NOEL Media & Advertising Private Limited - 1 MW Solar Plant	SF. No. 191/15, 191/17, 191/18, 191/29, 191/20, 191/22, 191/25,191/26, 191/27, 191/28, 191/30 Thachanendal Village, Illayankudi Taluk, Sivagangai District - 630561, Tamil Nadu.			
3	SWELECT Green Energy Solutions Private Limited- 10 MW Solar Plant	SF. No. 889, 890A, 887, 892, 891A & 891B, Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639206, Tamil Nadu.			
4	4 SWELECT Green Energy Solutions SF. No.929/A (P) & 930(P) Monjanur Village,				
	Private Limited- 1 MW Solar Plant	Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639206, Tamil Nadu.			



5	SWELECT Green Energy Solutions Private Limited- 1 MW Solar Plant	SF. No.929/A(P) & 929/B1(P) Monjanur Village, Aravakurichi Taluk, Karur District - 639206, Tamil Nadu.
6	K J Solar Systems Private Limited - 2 MW Solar Plant	SF. No. 594/A, 598, 786 & 787 Komarapalayam Village, Dharapuram Taluk, Tiruppur District - 38106, Tamil Nadu.
7	SWELECT Power Systems Private Limited -10 MW Solar Power Plant	Huralagere, Thuraganoor and Byaderahalli villages of Kunigal Taluk, Tumkur District - 572130, Karnataka.
8	SWELECT Sun Energy Private Limited - 6 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 49/3, 76/3,49/4, 49/7A, 49/7B, 77/5A, 77/3,76/4,76/5, 50/3A, 50/3B, 50/4, 50/5, 50/6, 54/2, 54/3, 75/4A, 77/4, 75/1, 77/5C of Manparai Village, Musiri Taluk, Trichy District-621006.
9	SWELECT Sun Energy Private Limited - 10 MW Solar Power Plant	SF.Nos.44/2, 44/3, 44/7, 44/8, 45/1B, 45/1C, 45/5, 45/6A, 45/6B, 45/7, 45/8, 49/6, 44/6, 76/1A, 76/1B, 76/2, 48/11, 48/13A, 48/13B,48/14, 48/15A, 49/1A, 49/1D, 49/5, 50/1A, 50/1C, 50/1D, 44/4B, 49/1B, 49/1C, 49/7C, 48/15B, 77/1, 77/2, 49/2, 48/9, 47/4, 44/1B, 49/3, 76/3, 49/4, 49/7A, 49/7B, 77/5A, 77/3 of Manparai Village, Musiri Taluk, Trichy District - 621006, Tamil Nadu
10	SWELECT Renewable Energy Private Limited - 11 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. Nos. 55/9B, 54/8, 54/9, 54/7, 55/6, 55/2, 55/3, 75/2, 55/1, 75/1, 51/11, 51/8, 8/15A, 50/1A, 51/10A, 51/7A, 53/5C, 53/5E, 53/6A, 53/6B, 54/2, 54/3, 54/6B, 75/4A, 75/4B, 54/5, 54/6A2, 55/5, 76/5, 54/6A1 of Manparai Village, Musiri Taluk, Trichy District - 621006, Tamil Nadu.
11	Swelect RE Power Private Limited - 4 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 43/1, 43/2A, 43/2B, 44/1A, 45/2, 45/3, 78/4, 78/5, 78/6, 78/7 and 79/3 at Manparai Village, Musiri Taluk, Trichy District - 621006.
12	Swelect Taiyo Energy Private Limited - 7 MW Solar Power Plant	SF. No. 225/1, 225/2, 225/3, 225/4, 225/5, 225/6, 226/1, 226/2, 226/3, 226/4, 236/1, 236/2, 234/2, 235, 234/3, 234/1B, 233/4B, 163/9B, 163/8B2, 161/2(P) and 237(P) at Singalandhapuram & Vadakkuveli Village, Thuraiyur Taluk, Trichy District – 621010.

xxiii) Address for correspondence:

SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Registered Office: 'SWELECT House', No.5, Sir P.S. Sivasamy Salai, Mylapore, Chennai - 600 004,Tamil Nadu. Tel: 044 - 24993266, Fax: 044 - 24995179, Email: cg.ird @swelectes.com, info@swelectes.com

website: www.swelectes.com.

xxiv) List of all credit ratings obtained by the company along with any revisions thereto during the financial year, for all debt instruments of the company or any fixed deposit programme or any scheme or proposal of the company involving mobilization of funds, whether in India or abroad:

The Company has not issued any debt instruments and neither accepted any fixed deposit nor involved in any scheme for mobilization of funds.

xxv) Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A):

The Company has not raised any funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement and hence providing the details of utilization of such funds are not applicable.

xxvi) Certificate issued by Practising Company Secretary on Directors' Qualification:

A certificate has been issued by Mr. R. Kannan, Partner of KRA & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, confirming that none of the directors on the board of the company was debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any statutory authority.



xxvii) Details of any recommendation of any committee of the board which is mandatorily required and the same has not been accepted by the Board during the financial year:

The Board has accepted all recommendations of the Committees of the Board during the financial year 2022-23.

xxviii) Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 117366W/W-100018) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary company namely, AMEX Alloys Private Limited. The particulars of payment of Statutory Auditors fees, on consolidated basis during the financial year 2022-2023, is given below:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Amount paid by the Company	Amount paid by Amex Alloys Private Limited
Services as statutory auditors	43.07	9.50
Tax audit	2.95	0
Reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses	0.40	0
Certification fees	4.13	0
Total	50.55	9.50

The above fee is inclusive of input credit for GST wherever applicable.

10) OTHER DISCLOSURES

Materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large: Nil

Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties and strictures imposed on the Company by stock exchange(s) or the board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years: Nil

Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy:

Pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has established a Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy to enable stakeholders (including Directors and employees) to report unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The Policy provides adequate safeguards against victimisation of Director(s) / employee(s) and direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. The Audit Committee looks into the complaints, if any, raised by the complainant and provides reports to the Board.

The Company hereby affirms that no Director / employee have been denied access to the Audit Committee and that no complaints were received during the year.

The Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy has been disclosed on the Company's website www.swelectes.com.

11) SEPARATE MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Independent Directors had a separate meeting on 10.02.2023 to review the performance and evaluation of the Executive and non-Executive Directors, Chairperson of the Board and the Board as a whole.

12) DETAILS OF COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS OF SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS, 2015

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements laid down under the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

13) ADOPTION OF THE NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS OF SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS, 2015

SEBI listing regulations states that the non-mandatory requirements may be implemented as per the discretion of the Company. Details of compliance of non-mandatory requirements:

Reporting of Internal Auditor

The Internal auditor is reporting directly to the Audit Committee.

14) COMPLIANCE OF REGULATION 17 TO 27 AND CLAUSES (B) TO (I) OF SUB-REGULATION (2) OF REGULATION 46 OF SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS

The Company has complied with regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to the extent applicable to the Company.



15) THE WEB LINK WHERE POLICY FOR DETERMINING 'MATERIAL' SUBSIDIARIES IS DISCLOSED https://swelectes.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/01/policyonmaterialsubsidiaries.pdf

16) THE WEB LINK WHERE POLICY ON DEALING WITH RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS IS DISCLOSED https://swelectes.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/RPT-Policy.pdf

17) COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company has complied with all the compliance requirement of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the regulations of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended).

18) CERTIFICATE FROM CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (CEO) / CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO)

The CEO/CFO certification on the financial statements for the Financial Year has been submitted to the Board of Directors, in its meeting held on May 29, 2023, as required under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

19) DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO DEMAT SUSPENSE ACCOUNT

In terms of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, a suspense account has been opened and all the unclaimed shares have been transferred.

Disclosure in respect of equity shares transferred in the Company's unclaimed suspense account pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Part of SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015, the following table provides details in respect of the equity shares lying in the suspense account:

Details	Number of Members	Number of equity shares
Aggregate number of the Members and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying as on $1^{\rm st}\mbox{April 2022}$	19	4475
Number of Members and aggregate number of shares transferred to the unclaimed suspense account during the year	0	0
Number of Members who approached the company for transfer of shares and shares transferred from suspense account during the year	0	0
Unclaimed Shares Transfer to IEPF Authority during the year	0	0
Aggregate number of the Members and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying as on 31 st March 2023	19	4475

• The Company has already sent three reminders to the Members for claiming those shares at their latest available address(es) with the Company or Depository, as the case may be.

- All the corporate benefits in terms of securities accruing on those shares like bonus shares, split etc., would also be credited to unclaimed suspense account of the Company.
- The voting rights on shares lying in unclaimed suspense account shall remain frozen till the rightful owner claims the shares

20) DISCLOSURES IN RELATION TO THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The details have been disclosed in the Board's Report.

21) UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND

Pursuant to Sections 124 and 125 of the Companies Act, 2013, all dividends which remain unclaimed and unpaid for a period of seven years from the date they became due for payment were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund established by the Central Government.

In terms of the IEPF Rules, the Company has transferred the following unclaimed dividend amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

Date of transfer to IEPF	Dividend for the Financial Year	Nature of Dividend	Amount transferred (₹)	
27 th September 2022	2014-2015	Final	73,348/-	
27 th April 2023	2015-2016	Interim	93,420/-	



(₹ in lakhs)

Pursuant to Rule 5 of (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules 2016, the Company has also uploaded the information in respect of unclaimed dividends as on the date of the financial year ended 31.03.2022, on the website of IEPF viz. www. iepf.gov.in and under the "Investors" section on the website of the Company.

As per the provisions of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more are also required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority.

The Company has sent out individual communication to the shareholders whose dividend remains unclaimed for seven consecutive years and published an advertisement in the newspapers, inviting such shareholders to claim their dividend. Since there were no communication received from the Shareholders, the Company had transferred 702 Equity Shares to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority vide Corporate Action on 04.10.2022 pertaining to dividend declared for the financial years 2014-15. The Company had also transferred 1100 Equity Shares to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority vide Corporate Action on 17.05.2023 pertaining to Interim dividend declared for the financial years 2015-16.

The Shareholders may approach the Nodal Officer of the Company to claim the unclaimed Dividend amount and Shares which were transferred to IEPF Authority during previous years. The Contact details of the Nodal officer are furnished in the website of the Company under the Investors page.

The Members who have not claimed their Final dividend so far for the financial year ended 2015-2016 or any subsequent financial years are requested to lodge their claims with the Company. The due date for transfer of the unclaimed Final dividend for the financial year 2015-16 is 2nd September 2023. Members who have not claimed their dividend are requested to write to the company and claim their dividend, before the due date.

22) LOANS AND ADVANCES IN THE NATURE OF LOANS TO FIRMS/COMPANIES IN WHICH DIRECTORS ARE INTERESTED

The details of the loans and advances by the company in the nature of loans to companies in which directors are interested are given in Notes to standalone financial statements.

The following are the details of loan given by subsidiaries to its fellow subsidiary:

S.No	Name of the lending company	Name of the borrowing company	Amount
1.	SWELECT Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	SWELECT Power Systems Private Limited	1000
2.	SWELECT Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	K J Solar Systems Private Limited	1000

23) DETAILS OF MATERIAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE LISTED ENTITY

S.No	Name of the Company	Date of Incorporation	Place of Incorporation	Name and date of appointment of the Statutory auditors
1.	Amex Alloys Private Limited	23.12.2003	Coimbatore	M/s.Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP was appointed as statutory auditors on 29.09.2018 till the conclusion of the 20 th Annual General Meeting and will be reappointed at the ensuing AGM of the material subsidiary.
2.	SWELECT Energy Systems Pte.Limited	04.03.2004	Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore	Wu Chiaw Ching & Company was appointed as statutory auditors on 29.06.2022 for a period of one year for conducting audit for the financial year 2022-2023.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director Sd/-A. BALAN Joint Managing Director

Place: Chennai Date: 29th May 2023



DECLARATION – CODE OF CONDUCT

I, R. Chellappan, Managing Director of SWELECT Energy Systems Limited, declare that the members of Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct of Board of Directors and Senior Management, as required under Regulation 26(3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Place: Chennai Date: 29.05.2023 Sd/-R.Chellappan Managing Director

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CERTIFICATE

To The Members, SWELECT Energy Systems Limited "SWELECT House", No.5, Sir P.S. Sivasamy salai, Mylapore, Chennai- 600004.

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED, for the year ended on 31st March 2023, as stipulated in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance as stipulated in the said Regulations. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the representations made by the Directors and the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2015.

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

FOR KRA & ASSOCIATES Practising Company Secretaries

Sd/-R.Kannan Partner FCS No.6718 C P No.3363 UDIN: F006718E000407063 PR 1847/2022

Place: Chennai Date: 29/05/2023



CERTIFICATION BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

(Pursuant to regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

The Board of Directors

SWELECT Energy Systems Limited "SWELECT House", No.5, Sir P. S. Sivasamy Salai, Mylapore, Chennai – 600 004.

- A. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2023 and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we hereby certify that:
 - 1. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading.
 - 2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year April 2022 - March 2023 which are fraudulent, illegal or in violation of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls and we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company. Based on our most recent evaluation, no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls were noted.
- D. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee that:
 - 1 There are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year.
 - 2. There are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year.
 - 3. There have been no instances of fraud.

Sd/-R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director Sd/-R. NIKHILA Chief Financial Officer

Place: Chennai Date: 29.05.2023

Place: Chennai Date: 29.05.2023


CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To The Members, SWELECT Energy Systems Limited "SWELECT House", No.5, Sir P.S. Sivasamy Salai, Mylapore, Chennai- 600004.

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED** having **CIN L93090TN1994PLC028578** and having registered office at "SWELECT House", No.5, Sir P.S. Sivasamy salai, Mylapore, Chennai- 600004 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2023 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority :

Sr. No	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1	CHELLAPPAN GOUNDER RAMASAMY	00016958	12/09/1994
2	BALAN ARTHANARI	00017091	03/10/2015
3	NACHIAPPAN KONGANAPURAM VENKATESAN	00017182	20/04/2018
4	SUNDARAM ANNADURAI	00137561	28/06/2017
5	RAGHUNATH VENKATAGIRI CHELLAPPAN	00703922	11/11/2013
6	JAYASHREE NACHIAPPAN	03173327	13/08/2012
7	GNANASEKAR SUKUMAR SAMUEL	05284689	03/10/2015
8	KRISHNAN SUDARSANAM	07163629	23/07/2018
9	MIRUNALINI VENKATAGIRI CHELLAPPAN	07860175	28/06/2017
10	INIYAN SELVARAJAN	08355447	01/04/2019
11	RAVI MUTHUSAMY	08066520	11/02/2023

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

FOR KRA & ASSOCIATES Practising Company Secretaries

Sd/-
R.Kannan
Partner
FCS No.6718
C P No.3363
UDIN: F006718E000406997
PR 1847/2022

Place: Chennai Date: 29.05.2023



FORM NO. AOC - 2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

- 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis Not Applicable
 - (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship
 - (b) Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions
 - (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions
 - (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any
 - (e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions
 - (f) Date of approval by the Board
 - (g) Amount paid as advances, if any:
 - (h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188
- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arms length basis
 - (a) Name(s) of the related party: SWELECT Taiyo Energy Private Limited

Nature of relationship: Subsidiary Company

(b) Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions:

Sale of goods, Management fees and leasing of properties

- (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions: Financial year 2022-2023
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:

The above subsidiary places a purchase order on the Company as and when there is a requirement of materials for construction of module manufacturing plant and avails services such as Accounts, legal, admin and other support to run the solar plant. The above company also pays lease rentals for the premises leased out by SWELECT Energy Systems Limited.

Aggregate Transactions value up to a maximum of ₹ 33.92 Crores

- (e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any: 11.11.2022 and 29.05.2023
- (f) Amount paid as advances, if any: NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director Sd/-A.BALAN Joint Managing Director

Place: Chennai Date: 29th May 2023



ANNEXURES TO THE BOARD'S REPORT

ANNEXURE - 1

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED "SWELECT House", No.5, Sir P.S. Sivasamy Salai, Mylapore, Chennai-600004.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED** (hereinafter called the company). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed thereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Company for the financial year ended on 31/03/2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

The other laws applicable specifically to the company:

- (a) Electricity Act, 2003
- (b) National Tariff Act Policy

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:



UNDER ELECTRICITY ACT, 2003:

• The company has received show cause notice from TANGEDCO during the year and have settled the same.

We further report that -

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period the company has

- Filed the petition to the Honourable National Company Law Tribunal, Chennai Bench for SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION UNDER SECTION 230 TO 232 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 of SWELECT SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED -Transferor Company No. 1 AND K J SOLAR SYSTEMS PRIVATE LIMITED - Transferor Company No. 2 WITH SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED - Transferee Company AND THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS of which the proceedings are in progress.
- Passed a special resolution in the Annual General Meeting for Sale / Lease / Disposal of the Solar Photovoltaics Module Manufacturing Plant (undertaking) as a whole or in parts located at Dabaspet, Bengaluru, Karnataka.

FOR KRA & ASSOCIATES Practising Company Secretaries

Place: Chennai Date: 29/05/2023 Sd/-R.Kannan Partner FCS NO. 6718 / CP NO. 3363 UDIN: F006718E000312122 PR 1847/2022

Annexure-A

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in the Secretarial records.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Book of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of the corporate laws and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

FOR KRA & ASSOCIATES

Practising Company Secretaries

Sd/-R.Kannan Partner FCS NO. 6718 / CP NO. 3363 UDIN: F006718E000312122 PR 1847/2022

Place: Chennai Date: 29/05/2023



ANNEXURE-2

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

[Pursuant to section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

(A) Conservation of energy-

- (i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:
 - a. The Company continues to take steps towards optimization of energy consumption and achieving better energy efficiency across its locations in India as well as its manufacturing facilities in Coimbatore and Salem.
 - b. Steps have been taken to further process and resource optimization in all the manufacturing facilities to ensure highest operational efficiency and minimal wastage.
 - c. All the company owned solar projects and installations are monitored continuously to ensure maximum performance and energy generation and utilization.
 - d. Other steps towards energy efficiency include usage of energy efficient LED lights, load balancing of transformers and the UPS, judicious usage of air conditioning etc.,
- (ii) The steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy;
 - a. The company continues to meet its energy requirements from Alternate renewable energy sources such as wind and solar especially for its manufacturing units.
 - b. Steps are taken to increase the bandwidth of the energy consumed from alternate resources by addition or conversion of the existing power demand to solar and wind.
 - c. AMEX (WOS) continues to be the first and one of the very few foundries in India to utilize > 85% of its power needs from Renewable sources.
- (iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment:
 - a. Investment into energy efficient HVAC system for the Corporate office.
 - b. Investment into systems that reverse the Potential Induced Degradation effect in solar panels.

(B) Technology absorption-

- (i) The efforts made towards technology absorption & the benefits derived, like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:
 - a. Air cooled servo stabilizers (SWEES HPS 1 to 10 KVA 1 Phase; HVPS 10 to 125 KVA 3 Phase) with advanced microcontroller based controller system are in our product range. Now with continuous development and upgradation of the product, our U3S factory has developed Oil cooled Servo Stabilizers to cater the needs of the customers with wide range operation of input voltage for both standard range and customized product to suit various industrial applications. Products tested under several conditions, are functional in our inhouse operations for evaluation and found suitable to Market requirement.
 - b. Wind Solar Hybrid with BESS (Battery Energy Storage System) has been studied for RTC (Round the Clock) Power/Energy demand. Proposal for 500kW Wind solar with BEES pilot project has been submitted for TANGEDCO approval. The project implementation will start as soon as Approval is received.
 - c. C&I range 100kW & Utility Range 250kW String inverter has been validated at site and selected Energy Efficient Inverters for our project business.
- (ii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year): Nil.
- (iii) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development during the year is ₹ 41.00 lakhs and previous year it was ₹135.20 lakhs

(C) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo-

The foreign exchange earnings and outgo of the Company for the period under review were ₹ 370.33 Lakhs and ₹ 19,201.20 Lakhs respectively.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director Sd/-A. BALAN Joint Managing Director



ANNEXURE-3

THE ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

The Company seeks to be a good corporate citizen wherever it does business and respects local concerns, customs and traditions. The Company gives more importance to education sector as it believes that Education is the most powerful weapon, which can be used to change the world. The Company through its CSR policy intends to take responsibility for the Company's actions and encourage a positive impact through its activities.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Mr. S. Annadurai	Chairperson, Non-Executive, Independent	3	3
2.	Mr. R.Chellappan	Member, Executive, Non-Independent	3	3
3.	Mr.V.C.Raghunath	Member, Executive, Non-Independent	3	3

3. The web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.

CSR Committee: https://swelectes.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/COMPOSITION-OF-COMMITTEE-OF-BOARD1.pdf

CSR Policy: https://swelectes.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/CSR-Policy.pdf

CSR projects : https://swelectes.com/csr-projects/

4. The Executive summary of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies along with the web-links (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable.

There are no projects undertaken for which the impact assessment report is applicable in FY 2022-2023.

- 5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): ₹ 2269.13 Lakhs
 - (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): ₹ 45.38274 Lakhs
 - (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years. NIL
 - (d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: ₹ 0.00190 Lakhs
 - (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]: ₹ 45.38083 Lakhs
- 6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project): ₹45.38427 Lakhs
 - (b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NII
 - (c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable : NIL
 - (d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]. ₹ 45.38427 Lakhs

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

		Amo	ount Unspent (in ₹)		
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (₹ In Lakhs)		ransferred to Unspent as per section 135(6).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount. Date of transfer		Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer
45.38	NIL	-	-	NIL	-



(f) Excess amount for set off, if any

SI. No.	Particulars	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	45.38274
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	45.38427
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	0.00153
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	0.00190
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	0.00344

7. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years

SI.	Preceding Financial	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account	Amount spent in the reporting Financial	specified		d to any fund edule VII as per i), if any.	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial	
No.	Year.	under section 135 (6) (₹ in Lakhs)	Year (₹ in Lakhs)	Name of the Fund	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of transfer.	years. (₹ in Lakhs)	
1.	2021-22	Not Applicable	-	-	NA	-	NA	
2.	2020-21	Not Applicable	-	-	NA	-	NA	
3.	2019-20	Not Applicable	-	-	NA	-	NA	
	Total		-	-	NA	-	NA	

- 8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No
- 9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per section

135(5): Not Applicable

Sd/-R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director

Place: Chennai Date: : 29th May 2023 Sd/-S. ANNADURAI Chairperson, CSR Committee



ANNEXURE-4

REMUNERATION POLICY

(Pursuant to Section 178 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013)

PREAMBLE

Pursuant to Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board of Directors of every listed Company shall constitute the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee consisting of three or more non-executive Directors and out of which not less than one-half shall be independent Directors and the Chairperson of the Company (whether executive or non-executive) may be appointed as a Member of the Nomination and remuneration Committee but shall not chair such Committee.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and its Policy is formulated in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read along with the applicable rules thereto.

OBJECTIVE

The key objectives of the Committee would be:

- a) To identify persons who are qualified to become directors and guide the Board in relation to the appointment and removal of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.
- b) To evaluate the performance of the members of the Board and provide necessary report to the Board for further evaluation.
- c) To recommend to the Board on Remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.

DEFINITIONS

"Board" means Board of Directors of the Company.

"Company" means "SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LTD".

"Independent Director" means a director referred to in Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

"Key Managerial Personnel" (KMP) means

- a) Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director
- b) Company Secretary,
- c) Whole-time Director,
- d) Chief Financial Officer and
- e) Senior management person.

"Nomination and Remuneration Committee" shall mean a Committee of Board of Directors of the Company, constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013.

"Policy or This Policy" means, "Nomination and Remuneration Policy." "Remuneration" means any money or its equivalent given or passed to any person for services rendered by him and includes perquisites as defined under the Income-tax Act, 1961.

"Senior Management" shall mean officers/personnel of the Company who are members of its core management team excluding board of directors and normally this shall comprise all members of management one level below the "Chief Executive Officer/ Managing Director/Whole Time Director/Manager (including Chief Executive Officer/Manager, in case they are not part of the board) and shall specifically include Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer.

INTERPRETATION :

Terms that have not been defined in this Policy shall have the same meaning assigned to them in the Companies Act, 2013, Listing Agreement and/or any other SEBI Regulation(s) as amended from time to time.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

The Policy ensures that

a) The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully.



- b) Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks and
- c) Remuneration to Directors, key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

ROLE OF THE COMMITTEE

The role of the Committee inter alia will be the following:

- a) To formulate a criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.
- b) Formulate criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors.
- c) Identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy.
- d) To carry out evaluation of every Director's performance.
- e) To recommend to the Board the appointment and removal of Directors and Senior Management.
- f) To recommend to the Board policy relating to remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.
- g) Ensure that level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient, relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.
- h) To carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board from time to time and/or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification, as may be applicable.
- i) To perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate for the performance of its duties.
- j) The performance evaluation of independent directors shall be done by the entire Board of Directors, excluding the director being evaluated.
- k) On the basis of the report of performance evaluation, it shall be determined whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director.
- I) Devising a policy on Board Policy

MEMBERSHIP

- a) The Committee shall comprise at least three (3) Directors, all of whom shall be non-executive Directors and at least half shall be independent.
- b) The Board shall reconstitute the Committee as and when required to comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable statutory requirement.
- c) Minimum two (2) members shall constitute a quorum for the Committee meeting.
- d) Membership of the Committee shall be disclosed in the Annual Report.
- e) Term of the Committee shall be continued unless terminated by the Board of Directors.

CHAIRMAN

- a) Chairman of the Committee shall be an Independent Director.
- b) Chairperson of the Company may be appointed as a member of the Committee but shall not Chair the Committee.
- c) In the absence of the Chairman, the members of the Committee present at the meeting shall choose one amongst them to act as Chairman.
- d) Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee could be present at the Annual General Meeting or may nominate some other member to answer the shareholders' queries.

FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

The Committee shall meet at least once in a year and such regular intervals as may be required.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS' INTERESTS

- a) A member of the Committee is not entitled to be present when his or her own remuneration is discussed at a meeting or when his or her performance is being evaluated.
- b) The Committee may invite such executives, as it considers appropriate, to be present at the meetings of the Committee.



VOTING

- a) Matters arising for determination at Committee meetings shall be decided by a majority of votes of Members present and voting and any such decision shall for all purposes be deemed a decision of the Committee.
- b) In the case of equality of votes, the Chairperson of the meeting will have a casting vote.

APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTOR, KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Appointment criteria and qualifications:

- a) The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or at Senior Management level and recommend to the Board his / her appointment.
- b) A person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he / she is considered for appointment. The Committee has discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person are sufficient / satisfactory for the concerned position.
- c) The Company shall not appoint or continue the employment of any person as Managing Director/Whole-time Director/ Manager who has attained the age of seventy years. Provided that the term of the person holding this position may be extended beyond the age of seventy years with the approval of shareholders by passing a special resolution based on the explanatory statement annexed to the notice for such motion indicating the justification for extension of appointment beyond seventy years.

Term / Tenure:

Independent Director:

- An Independent Director shall hold office for a term up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and will be eligible for reappointment on passing of a special resolution by the Company and disclosure of such appointment in the Board's report.
- No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms, but such Independent Director shall be eligible for appointment after expiry of three years of ceasing to become an Independent Director. Provided that an Independent Director shall not, during the said period of three years, be appointed in or be associated with the Company in any other capacity, either directly or indirectly. However, if a person who has already served as an Independent Director for 5 years or more in the Company as on 1st October, 2014 or such other date as may be determined by the Committee as per regulatory requirement, he /she shall be eligible for appointment for one more term of 5 years only.
- At the time of appointment of Independent Director it should be ensured that number of Boards on which such Independent Director serves is restricted to seven listed companies as an Independent Director and three listed companies as an Independent Director in Cases such persons serving as a whole–time Director of a listed Company.

Evaluation:

The Committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of every Director, KMP and Senior Management at regular interval (yearly).

Removal:

Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013, rules made there under or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations, the Committee may recommend, to the Board with reasons recorded in writing, removal of a Director, KMP or Senior Management subject to the provisions and compliance of the said Act, rules and regulations.

Retirement:

The Director, KMP and Senior Management shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the prevailing policy of the Company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Director, KMP, Senior Management in the same position, remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REMUNERATION OF KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

General:

- 1. The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. to KMP and Senior Management Personnel will be determined by the Committee and recommended to the Board for approval. The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. shall be subject to the prior/post approval of the shareholders of the Company and Central Government, wherever required.
- 2. The remuneration and commission to be paid to Key Managerial Personnel shall be as per the statutory provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder for the time being in force.
- 3. Increments to the existing remuneration/compensation structure may be recommended by the Committee to the Board.



Fixed pay:

KMP and Senior Management shall be eligible for a monthly remuneration as may be approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee in accordance with the statutory provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder for the time being in force.

The break-up of the pay scale and quantum of perquisites including, employer's contribution to P.F, pension scheme, medical expenses, club fees etc. shall be decided and approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee and approved by the Shareholders of the Company and Central Government, wherever required.

Remuneration to Non-Executive / Independent Director:

1. Remuneration /Commission:

The remuneration / commission shall be in accordance with the statutory provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder for the time being in force.

2. Sitting Fees:

The Non- Executive / Independent Director may receive remuneration by way of sitting fees for attending meetings of Board or Committee thereof. The sitting fess shall be decided by the Board from time to time after due deliberations. However the amount of such fees shall not exceed the maximum amount as provided in the Companies Act, 2013 or such amount as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time.

3. Commission:

Commission may be paid within the monetary limit approved by shareholders, subject to the limit not exceeding 1% of the net profits of the Company computed as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The Board may however decide from time to time to pay any amount within the ceiling prescribed under the Act.

MINUTES OF COMMITTEE MEETING

Proceedings of all meetings must be recorded and signed by the Chairman of the said meeting or the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting. Minutes of the Committee meeting will be tabled at the subsequent Board and Committee meeting.

AMENDMENT TO THE POLICY

The Board on its own and/or as per the recommendations of the respective Committee can amend this policy, as and when it deems fit

In case of any amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s), etc. issued by the relevant authorities not being consistent with the provisions laid down under this policy, then such amendments, clarifications, circulars etc., shall prevail upon the provisions hereunder and this policy shall stand amended accordingly from the effective date as laid down under such amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s), etc.

DEVIATIONS FROM THIS POLICY

Deviations on elements of this policy in extraordinary circumstances, when deemed necessary in the interests of the Company, will be made if there are specific reasons to do so in an individual case.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director Sd/-A. BALAN Joint Managing Director

Place: Chennai Date: 29th May 2023



ANNEXURE-5

Particulars of Employees pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016.

(i)	The ratio of the remuneration of each director	1. Mr. R. Chellappan : 10:1		
	to the median remuneration of the employees	2. Mr. A. Balan : 15:1		
	of the company for the financial year;	3. Mr. K. V. Nachiappan : 12:1		
		4. Mr. V.C. Raghunath : 5:1		
		5. Ms. V. C. Mirunalini : 4:1		
		6. Mr. G.S.Samuel		
		7. Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan		
		8. Mr. S. Annadurai No remuneration was paid for the		
		9. Mr. S. Krishnan financial year 2022-2023 except sitting fees.		
		10. Dr. S. Iniyan		
		11. Dr. M. Ravi		
(ii) (iii)	The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year; The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year	1. Mr. R. Chellappan, MD : - 58.03 %# 2. Mr. A. Balan, JMD : - 16.00 % 3. Mr. K.V. Nachiappan, WTD : - 17.59 % 4. Mr. V.C. Raghunath, WTD : 10.13 % 5. Ms. V.C. Mirunalini ,WTD : 14.82 % 6. Ms. R. Nikhila, CFO : 20.00 % 7. Mr. R. Sathishkumar, CS : 13.94 %		
(iv)	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company;	268		
(v)	Average percentage increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial	Average percentage increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel : -3.20 %		
	year and its comparison with the percentage increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration;	Percentage increase in the managerial remuneration: -28.77 %*		
• •	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.	It is affirmed that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.		

During the financial year, the managing director has proposed for waiver of remuneration in terms of monthly salary for the six months period starting from 1st October 2022 and the same has been accepted by the NRC and the Board.

* The Company has during the year discontinued its manufacturing facility in Dabaspet, Karnataka and pursuant to the same, all employees of the above facility have exited leading to a reduction in the number of employees from the earlier year.

Particulars of Employees pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(2) the Companies (appointment and remuneration of managerial personnel) amendment rules, 2016:

a)	Employed throughout the financial year, was in receipt of remuneration for that year which, in the aggregate, was not less than one crore and two lakh rupees.	Nil
b)	Employed for a part of the financial year, was in receipt of remuneration for any part of that year, at a rate which, in the aggregate, was not less than eight lakh and fifty thousand rupees per month.	Nil
c)	Employed throughout the financial year or part thereof, was in receipt of remuneration in that year which, in the	

or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate, is in excess of that drawn by the managing director or whole-time director or manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the company: NIL

d) Top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the financial year 2022-2023

s, S	Employee Name & Designation	Remuneration received (₹ In lakhs)	Nature of employment, whether contractual or otherwise	Qualifications and experience of the employee	Date of commencement Age of employment		The last employment held by such employee before joining the company	The percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2)	Whether any such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager
-	Mr. A Balan Joint Managing Director	41.66	Service Contract	B.E (EEE), 52 Years	03-10-2015	20 20	Novateur Electrical & Digital Systems Private Limited	3.21%	ON
2	Mr. K V Nachiappan Whole Time Director	34.44	Service Contract	B.E (EEE), 35 yrs	20-04-2018	57 P	Novateur Electrical & Digital Systems Private Limited	1	Husband of Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan, Non-Executive Director
κ	Mr. R Chellappan Managing Director	28.59	Service Contract	BE (EEE), 51 yrs	12-09-1994	202 m # 200	Worked in Ashok Leyland Limited as a Senior Executive until March 1984 & founded Numeric Engineers in Nov 1984. Numeric Engineers became Public Company in 1994 as Numeric Power Systems Limited and changed its name as SWELECT Energy Systems Limited.	49.61%	Father of Mr. V.C. Raghunath & Ms. V. C. Mirunalini Whole Time Directors
4	Mr. S Nataraj Senior Assistant Vice President (Renewable Energy Products)	28.36	Regular	M.Tech (Chemical Engg) 16 Years & 6 months	22-12-2014	41 E	Ernst & Young, Chartered Accountants	1	о Х
5	Mr. Y Venkataramana Rao Senior Vice President	25.00	Regular	B.E (ECE), MBA, 35 Years & 10 months	27-08-2021	53 P	Novateur Electrical & Digital Systems Private Limited	I	No
9	Mr. Prakash Das Senior Assistant Vice President (Projects)	22.97	Regular	B.E, PGDASD, ME, 19 years 6 months	01-11-2011	46 L	Leonics Company Ltd	,	No
~	Mr. V Venkatesh Vice President (Operational and Special Projects)	19.27	Regular	B.E, 32 years 2 months	25-12-2014	23 23	Novateur Electrical & Digital Systems Private Limited	1	N







Whether any such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager	No	No	Son of Mr. R. Chellappan and Brother of Ms. V. C. Mirunalini
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Mr. F anc Ms. V.
The percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2)			
The last employment held by such employee before joining the company	46 Novateur Electrical & Digital Systems Private Limited	CreditMantri Finserve Private Limited	NA
Age	46	29	41
Date of commencement Age of employment	22-05-2020	3-08-2020	01.06.2006
Qualifications and experience of the employee	Diploma (Civil Engg), 27 years 11 months	ACA, CPA (Australia) 7 years	B.E, M.S, 16 yrs 11 months
Nature of employment, whether contractual or otherwise	Regular	Regular	Regular
Remuneration received (₹ In lakhs)	19.13	16.50	14.03
Employee Name & Designation	Mr. V.Srinivasan Senior Assistant Vice President	Ms. R. Nikhila Chief Financial Officer	10 Mr. V. C. Raghunath Whole Time Director
ο, S	ø	6	10

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

R. CHELLAPPAN Managing Director

Sd/-

A. BALAN Joint Managing Director Sd/-

Place: Chennai Date: 29th May 2023



ANNEXURE-6

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT OF MATERIAL SUBSIDIARY

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Pursuant to Regulation 24A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018]

To, The Members, AMEX ALLOYS PRIVATE LIMITED [CIN: U27310TZ2003PTC010905] Registered Office: SF No.289/2, Kunnathur Pudur (Po), Sathy Road, Coimbatore – 641 107, Tamilnadu, India.

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Amex Alloys Private Limited (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31st March 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

Secretarial Audit was conducted as required under Regulation 24A Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the period ended 31st March 2023 according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;

I further report that, there were no events/ actions in pursuance of the following requiring compliance by the company during the audit period:

- a. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- b. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- c. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share based Employee benefits) Regulations 2014;
- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 ;
- i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client ;
- j. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
- k. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998 ;
- I. Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 .

I have relied on the representation made by the Company and its officers, relating to systems and mechanisms framed by the Company, for ensuring compliance with the Laws as applicable to the Company.



I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Guidelines, Standards etc mentioned above.

I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with one independent director of the listed holding company into the Board of Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

I am informed that there were no dissenting members, on any of the matters, discussed at the Board Meetings during the financial year under review, whose views were required to be captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that based on the information provided by the Company, its officers and authorized representatives during the conduct of the audit, I am of the opinion that there are adequate systems and processes in place in the Company which is commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the period covered under the Audit, the Company has not made any specific events / actions having a major bearing on the company's affairs in pursuance of laws, rules, regulations and guidelines referred to above.

P. ESWARAMOORTHY AND COMPANY

Company Secretaries

Place: Coimbatore Date: 25.05.2023 UDIN: F006510E000372535 Peer review Cert. No.933/2020 P. Eswaramoorthy Proprietor FCS No.: 6510, CP No.: 7069

Note:

Secretarial Audit is applicable as the Company is a Material Unlisted Subsidiary of SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED (a Company listed on BSE Limited & National Stock Exchange of India Limited) and a Secretarial Audit was conducted as required under Regulation 24A of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018.

Please refer Annexure to Secretarial Audit Report of even date issued which forms part of this Audit Report.



ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT OF EVEN DATE ISSUED BY COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE

To, The Members, AMEX ALLOYS PRIVATE LIMITED [CIN: U27310TZ2003PTC010905] Registered Office: SF No.289/2, Kunnathur Pudur (Po), Sathy Road, Coimbatore – 641 107, Tamilnadu, India.

My Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial Records, devising proper system to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and regulations and ensuring that systems are adequate and operate effectively, are the responsibilities of the Management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial Records based on Audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness and contents of the Secretarial Records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial Records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of Management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on a test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

P. ESWARAMOORTHY AND COMPANY

Company Secretaries

P. Eswaramoorthy Proprietor FCS No.: 6510, CP No.: 7069

Place: Coimbatore Date: 25.05.2023 UDIN: F006510E000372535 Peer review Cert. No.933/2020



To the Members of SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information,

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2023, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date..

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
Evaluation of impairment of investments and	Principal audit procedures performed:
loans given to two operating subsidiaries of the Company which has accumulated losses.	Our procedures relating to the impairment of investments and loans included the following, among others:
Investments (net) aggregating ₹ 11,186.18 lakhs [Refer Note 6 to the standalone financial statements] in the two operating subsidiaries and Loans given aggregating ₹ 1,149.06 lakhs [Refer Note 7C to the standalone financial statements] to both of the operating subsidiaries of the Company, which has accumulated losses, is considered good and recoverable based on Management's judgment. The Management's judgment includes the valuation methodology, estimating the forecasted revenues,	 a. We tested the effectiveness of internal controls over the Company's forecasting process and investment impairment review including controls relating to the valuation methodology used, the completeness and accuracy of the input data considered, including the reasonableness of key assumptions considered in determining the future projections and the impairment calculations. b. We obtained the investment valuation (prepared by the external valuation specialist or as prepared by the management, as applicable) and we performed the following procedures:
discount rate, cash flows and the growth rate used in the projection period. Any adverse changes to these assumptions could result into reduction in the fair value determined, resulting in a potential impairment to be recognized.	 We evaluated appropriateness of the valuation methodology used and the reasonableness of the key assumptions considered by the management, such as discount rate and growth rate, in consultation with internal fair valuation



specialist, duly considering the historical accuracy of the Company's estimates in the prior periods.

ii. Compared the actual revenues and cash flows generated by these subsidiaries during the year as to the projections and estimates considered in the previous year.

We also assessed the sensitivity of the valuation to key changes in assumptions and tested the mathematical accuracy of the impairment model.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board's
 report including the annexures to the Board Report, Management Discussion and Analysis and Corporate Governance
 report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report
 thereon.
- Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
 evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the
 Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
 attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are
 inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
 report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.



- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statement Refer Note 35 to the financial statement.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person(s)or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

As stated in Note 15 to the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

> C Manish Muralidhar Partner (Membership No.213649) (UDIN: 23213649BGVBYY8562)

Place: Chennai Date: 29 May 2023



ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED** ("the Company") as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date..

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the respective Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

C Manish Muralidhar Partner (Membership No.213649) (UDIN: 23213649BGVBYY8562)

Place: Chennai Date: 29 May 2023





ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- (i) In respect of Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - (a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment, Capital work- in-progress, Investment properties and relevant details of Right-of-use assets.
 - B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment, Capital work-in-progress, Investment properties and Right-of-use assets were physically verified during the year by the Management which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) Based on our examination of the registered sale deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of all the immovable properties of land and building, other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the Company disclosed in the financial statements included in property, plant and equipment and investment property and are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. Immovable properties of land and buildings whose title deeds have been pledged as security for borrowings, are held in the name of the Company based on the confirmations directly received by us from lenders.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31 March 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventories were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the Management is appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventories were noticed on such physical verification of inventories when compared with books of account.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crores, in aggregate, at points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the quarterly returns or statements comprising stock statements, book debt statement, and other stipulated financial information filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company of the respective quarters and no material discrepancies have been observed.
- (iii) The Company has made investments in, provided guarantee or security and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies during the year, in respect of which:
 - a) The Company has provided loans or advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee, or provided security during the year and details of which are given below:

	Loans	Advances in nature of loans	Guarantees	Security
A. Aggregate amount granted / provided during the year:				
- Subsidiaries	15,492	6,715	132	454
B. Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases:				
- Subsidiaries	12,891	13,416	3,989	3,857

Amount in ₹(Lakhs



- (b) The investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all the abovementioned loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided, during the year are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In respect of loans granted or advances in the nature of loans provided by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular as per stipulation.
- (d) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, in respect of loans granted and advances in the nature of loans provided by the Company, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- (e) None of the loans or advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company have fallen due during the year.
- (f) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause (iii)(f) is not applicable.
- (iv) The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause (v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended, prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained by the Company. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues:
- (a) Undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Incometax, duty of Custom, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to the Company have been regularly deposited by it with the appropriate authorities in all cases during the year except certain delays in respect of provident fund.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, duty of Custom, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) Details of dues of Income-tax, Sales tax, Value Added Tax and Central Excise Act which have not been deposited as on 31 March 2023 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (in ₹ lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Commercial Taxes Delhi Vat Act,2004	Disputed turnover	5	2006-2007	Commissioner, Appeals
The Central Tax (Assam), Rules 1957	Non submission of F-Forms & C-Forms to the Department	14	2011-2012 & 2012-2013	Asst. Commissioner, Appeals
Central Excise Act	Levy of CVD and SAD on imports	606	2009-2015	2009-2012 – The Excise Appellate Tribunal 2012-2013 – Commissioner of Central
Income Taxes	Disallowances of items	2,672	2009-2010 2012-2013 2013-2014 2015-2016 2016-2017	Commissioner of Income Tax (CIT) Appeals



- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- (ix) (a) In our opinion, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) To the best of our knowledge and belief, in our opinion, term loans availed by the Company were, applied by the Company during the year for the purposes for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - (f) The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries companies and hence reporting on clause (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company has not issued any of its securities (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause (x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xv) In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with any of its directors or directors of its subsidiary company, associate company or persons connected with such directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

The Company does not have any CIC as part of the group and accordingly reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.



- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, (Asset Liability Maturity (ALM) pattern) other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The Company has fully spent the required amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and there are no unspent CSR amount for the year requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act or special account in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

> C Manish Muralidhar Partner (Membership No.213649) (UDIN: 23213649BGVBYY8562)

Place: Chennai Date: 29 May 2023



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	Note No.	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(A) ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	17,259.98	18,674.75
(b) Capital Work-In-Progress	3	246.10	79.08
(c) Right of Use Assets	3A	110.21	92.81
(d) Investment Property	4	2,117.00	1,832.56
(e) Other Intangible Assets	5	5,518.71	5,904.77
(f) Financial Assets			
(i) Investment in Subsidiaries	6	24,091.86	18,561.32
(ii) Other Non Current Investments	7(a)	530.35	530.35
(iii) Trade Receivables	10	-	480.00
(iv) Loans	7(c)	13,572.08	11,006.74
(v) Other Financial Assets	7(d)	3,322.82	5,977.00
(g) Income Tax Asset (Net)	18(c)	809.17	597.51
(h) Other Non-Current Assets	8	203.12	188.60
Total Non-Current Assets		67,781.40	63,925.49
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	9	5,894.52	13,810.15
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	7(b)	27,655.22	28,289.44
(ii) Trade Receivables	10	7,169.98	5,898.35
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	11	183.04	3,418.39
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	7(e)	5.74	54.68
(v) Loans	7(c)	138.31	135.51
(vi) Other Financial Assets	7(d)	9,987.66	3,184.10
(c) Other Current Assets	12	1,092.96	753.28
Total Current assets		52,127.43	55,543.90
TOTAL ASSETS		1,19,908.83	1,19,469.39



PARTICULARS	Note No.	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(B) EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	13	1,515.88	1,515.88
(b) Other Equity	14	72,023.25	69,526.53
Total Equity		73,539.13	71,042.41
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16	10,752.89	11,436.53
(ia) Lease liabilities	3(b)	112.08	8.11
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	17	108.51	100.89
(b) Provisions	19	446.41	489.24
(c) Other Non-Current Liabilities	17(a)	18.19	115.12
Total Non-current liabilities		11,438.08	12,149.89
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16	25,730.11	17,452.98
(ia) Lease liabilities	3(b)	2.93	92.76
(ii) Trade Payables	20		
(A) Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		276.18	351.59
(B) Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		3,082.27	17,239.21
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	17	179.71	198.88
(b) Other Current Liabilities	21	5,540.30	813.37
(c) Provisions	19	120.12	128.30
Total Current liabilities		34,931.62	36,277.09
Total Liabilities		46,369.70	48,426.98
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,19,908.83	1,19,469.39

See accompanying notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

In terms of our report attached For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Sd/-**C Manish Muralidhar** Partner Membership no: 213649

Place : Chennai Date : 29 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Swelect Energy Systems Limited

Sd/-**R. Chellappan** Managing Director DIN:00016958

Sd/-**R. Sathishkumar** Company Secretary Sd/-A. Balan Joint Managing Director DIN:00017091

Sd/-**Nikhila R** Chief Financial Officer



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	Note No.	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
(I) INCOME			
Revenue from operations	22	22,891.46	22,456.33
Other income	23	3,211.47	3,051.75
Total Income		26,102.93	25,508.08
(II) EXPENSES			
Cost of raw materials and components consumed	24	3,088.28	8,092.63
Purchase of traded goods	24A	4,255.49	11,275.53
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories of work-in-progress, traded goods and finished goods	25	6,204.50	(6,935.82)
Employee benefits expense	26	1,319.79	1,185.40
Finance costs	27	2,532.00	1,852.59
Depreciation and amortisation expense	28	1,386.93	1,353.16
Other expenses	29	4,012.02	3,730.05
Total Expenses		22,799.01	20,553.54
(III) Profit before Tax from continuing operations (I-II)		3,303.92	4,954.54
(IV) Tax Expense			
Current tax	18	38.77	-
Deferred Tax (Net)	18	-	-
Income tax expense		38.77	-
(V) Profit after tax from continuing operations (III-IV)		3,265.15	4,954.53
(VI) Loss from discontinued operations	40	(2,330.73)	(1,575.47)
(VII) Net Profit for the year from continuing and discontinued operations (V+VI)		934.42	3,379.06



	PARTICULARS	Note No.	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
(VIII)	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
	Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods			
	Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans	31	18.07	22.11
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		18.07	22.11
(IX)	Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII)		952.49	3,401.17
	Earnings per share (Face Value of ₹ 10/- each) from continuing operations			
	1. Basic (in ₹)		21.54	32.68
	2. Diluted (in ₹)		21.54	32.68
	Earnings per share (Face Value of ₹ 10/- each) from discontinued operations			
	1. Basic (in ₹)		(15.38)	(10.39)
	2. Diluted (in ₹)		(15.38)	(10.39)
	Earnings per share (Face Value of ₹ 10/- each) from continuing and discontinued operations			
	1. Basic (in ₹)	30	6.16	22.29
	2. Diluted (in ₹)	30	6.16	22.29

See accompanying notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

In terms of our report attached For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018) Sd/-**C Manish Muralidhar** Partner

Place : Chennai

Membership no: 213649

Date : 29 May 2023

For and on behalf of **the Board of Directors** Swelect Energy Systems Limited

Sd/- **R. Chellappan** Managing Director DIN:00016958 Sd/- **R. Sathishkumar** Company Secretary Sd/- **A. Balan** Joint Managing Director DIN:00017091 Sd/- **Nikhila R** Chief Financial Officer



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Profit after taxation	934.42	3,379.07
Adjustments for:		
Tax expense	38.77	-
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense (Continuing and Discontinued operation)	2,371.02	1,691.44
(Gain) on investments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss	(672.40)	(941.37)
Net gain from the sale of current investment	(546.74)	(342.39)
Provision for bad and doubtful debts and Bad debts written off	-	459.26
Provision for warranties	17.97	21.51
Provision for assets no longer in use	984.09	-
Interest expense including interest on lease liabilities (Continuing and Discontinued operation)	2,538.06	2,063.49
Interest income	(1,465.80)	(466.36)
(Gain) on sale of Property, plant and equipment from continuing operations	(3.08)	(1.85)
Exchange Differences (net)	583.81	(761.46)
Operating profit before working capital changes	4,780.13	5,101.34
Movement in working capital :		
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	(791.63)	1,602.68
(Increase) / Decrease in current and non-current assets	(354.20)	(331.48)
(Increase) / Decrease in current and non-current Financial assets	(123.34)	1,323.12
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	7,915.63	(8,949.48)
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables, other current and long- term liabilities	(10,197.71)	10,106.56
(Decrease)/ Increase in provisions	(50.91)	9.24
Cash flow generated from operations	1,177.96	8,861.98
Income Tax paid, net of refunds	(250.43)	(282.64)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities (A)	927.53	8,579.34



PARTICULARS	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
B. Cash flow from investing activities:		
Acquisition of Property, plant and equipment, Investment Property and Intangible Assets	(2,046.94)	(765.64)
Net Investment in Mutual funds and deposits	(2,271.29)	166.08
Proceeds from sale of Property, plant & equipment	44.27	43.16
Investment in Subsidiary	(3,531.54)	(1,333.14)
Net Loan given to Subsidiaries	(2,469.53)	(3,304.39)
Changes in other bank balances	48.94	232.30
Interest received	1,465.80	466.36
Net cash flow used in investing activities (B)	(8,760.28)	(4,495.27)
C. Cash flow from financing activities:		
Borrowings availed /(repaid)	1,865.54	5,577.72
Payment of lease liabilities	(51.30)	(98.07)
Unpaid dividend transfer	(0.21)	2.04
Interest paid	(2,490.02)	(2,040.73)
Dividend Paid	(454.76)	(454.76)
Net cash flow generated from / (used in) financing activities (C)	(1,130.75)	2,986.20
Net changes in Cash and Cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(8,963.50)	7,070.27
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(2,819.96)	(9,890.23)
Closing cash and cash equivalents	(11,783.46)	(2,819.96)
Cash and Cash equivalents (Refer Note 11(a))	(11,783.46)	(2,819.96)

See accompanying notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP	For and on behalf of the B	oard of Directors
Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)	Swelect Energy Systems	Limited
Sd/- C Manish Muralidhar Partner Membership no: 213649	Sd/- R. Chellappan Managing Director DIN:00016958	Sd/- A. Balan Joint Managing Director DIN:00017091
	Sd/-	Sd/-

Place : Chennai Date : 29 May 2023 R. SathishkumarNikhila RCompany SecretaryChief Financial Officer

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated) SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED

Equity Share Capital а.

Balance as at 31 March 2023	1,515.88
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year (Refer Note 13)	•
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1,515.88
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year (Refer Note 13)	•
As at 1 April 2021	1,515.88

Other Equity ġ.

		Reserves & Surplus	k Surplus		Total Other
Farticulars	Capital Reserve	Securities premium	Retained earnings	General Reserve	Equity
Balance as at 1 April 2021	152.64	4,291.19	44,034.13	18,102.14	66,580.10
Profit for the year			3,379.07	•	3,379.07
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)	•	•	22.11	·	22.11
Total comprehensive income	•	•	3,401.18	•	3,401.18
Final Dividend for the year 2020-21			(454.76)	ı	(454.76)
Balance at 31 March 2022	152.64	4,291.19	46,980.55	18,102.14	69,526.52
Profit for the year	1		934.42	I	934.42
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)	I		18.07	I	18.07
Total comprehensive income	•	•	952.49	•	952.49
Profit on sale of shares of a subsidiary	1,999.00		ı	I	1,999.00
Final Dividend for the year 2021-22	1		(454.76)	I	(454.76)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	2,151.64	4,291.19	47,478.28	18,102.14	72,023.25

See accompanying notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP In terms of our report attached

(Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018) Chartered Accountants Sd/-

C Manis Partner Member

Place : Chennai Date: 29 May 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Swelect Energy Systems Limited

Kegistration No. 11/300////-100010)				
	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-
iish Muralidhar	R. Chellappan	A. Balan	R. Sathishkumar	Nikhila R
	Managing Director	Joint Managing Director	Company Secretary	Chief Financial
ership no: 213649	DIN:00016958	DIN:00017091		







SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. Corporate information

SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') was incorporated as a Public Limited Company on 12 September 1994. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of Solar power projects, off-grid solar photovoltaic modules, based on crystalline silicon technology (c-Si), solar and wind power generation, contract manufacturing services, installation and maintenance services, sale of Solar Photovoltaic inverters and energy efficient lighting systems. The Company is domiciled in India and its shares are listed on BSE and NSE. The registered office of the Company is located at Chennai.

2 Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

(b) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR / ₹), which is the Company's functional currency. All the financial information have been presented in Indian Rupees Lakhs except for share data and as otherwise stated.

(c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these financial statements, the Management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Judgements

Note 5 - Revenue from Service Concession Arrangements

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ending 31 March 2023 is included in the following notes:

Note 3 - Useful life of Property, plant and equipment

Note 37 - Fair valuation of Financial Assets/Liabilities

Notes 7 & 10 - Impairment of financial assets and other assets

Note 9 - Allowance for Non- moving, Slow moving inventories

Note 19 - Provision for Warranty and the underlying projections / assumptions / judgements etc.

Note 31 - Measurement of Defined Benefit Obligations: Key actuarial assumptions

(e) Measurement of fair values

A number of Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values whereby the valuation is obtained from an external independent valuer, where feasible, which is then reviewed by the Chief Financial Officer for the underlying assumptions used in the valuation.

The Chief Financial Officer regularly reviews the significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used by the valuer to measure fair values, then the Chief Financial Officer assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.


Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

Note 4 – Investment Property and

Note 38 – Financial Instruments

2(A) Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/ non-current classification which is determined based on the operating cycle.

An asset is treated as current when it is :

- · Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months
 after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other assets as non-current.

A liability is treated as current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- · It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- .. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

(b) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes and duties collected on behalf of the Government. The Company has concluded that it is the principal in all of its revenue arrangements since it is the primary obligor in all the revenue arrangements as it has pricing latitude and is also exposed to inventory and credit risks.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised: Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods, its accessories and other traded/manufactured goods are recognised when control of ownership is passed to the buyer, which generally coincides with dispatch of goods. Revenues under composite contracts comprising supply, installation and commissioning are recognised on commissioning of the contract.

Sales Tax/Value Added Tax (VAT), Goods and Service Tax is not received by the Company on its own account. Rather, it is tax collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the Government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

Sale of power

Revenue from sale of power from renewable energy sources is recognised in accordance with the price agreed under the provisions of the Power Purchase Agreement entered into with Tamilnadu Generation and Distribution Corporation Limited (TANGEDCO) and other customers. Such revenue is recognised on the basis of actual units generated and transmitted.

Revenue from power distribution business is accounted on the basis of billings to the customers and includes unbilled revenues accrued up to the end of accounting year.

Renewable Energy Certificate (REC) Income:

Income arising from REC is recognised on sale of such RECs at the Power Exchange and are accounted for as and when such sale happens.

Income from service

Revenue from maintenance contracts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a periodic basis over the period of the contract according to the terms and conditions of the agreements. Income from installation contracts is recognised when the certificate of installation is received from the customer.

Interest income

Revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable. Interest income is included in 'Other Income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss. For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividend

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right as a shareholder/unit holder to receive payment is established by the reporting date.

Rental Income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in Revenue from Operations in the Statement of Profit or Loss due to its operating nature.

(c) Service Concession Agreement

The Company constructs Infrastructure used to provide a public service, operates and maintains that Infrastructure (operation services) for a specified period of time.

These arrangements may include Infrastructure used in a Public-to-Private service concession arrangement for its entire useful life.

Under Appendix C to Ind AS 115 - Service Concession Arrangements, these arrangements are accounted for based on the nature of the consideration. The Intangible asset model is used to the extent that the Company receives a right (i.e. a franchisee) to charge users of the public service. The financial asset model is used when the Company has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from or at the direction of the grantor



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

for the construction services. When the unconditional right to receive cash covers only part of the service, the two models are combined to account separately for each component. If the Company performs more than one service (i.e., construction or upgrade services and operation services) under a single contract or arrangement, consideration received or receivable is allocated with reference to the relative fair values of the services delivered, when the amounts are separately identifiable.

The Company manages concession arrangements which include constructing Solar power distribution assets for distribution of electricity. The Company maintains and services the Infrastructure during the concession period. These concession arrangements set out rights and obligations related to the Infrastructure and the services to be provided.

The right to consideration gives rise to an Intangible asset and financial receivable and accordingly, both the Intangible asset and financial receivable models are applied. Income from the concession arrangements earned under the Intangible asset model consists of the value of contract revenue, which is deemed to be fair value of consideration transferred to acquire the asset; and payments actually received from the users. The Intangible asset is amortised over its expected useful life in a way that reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the Company, starting from the date when the right to operate starts to be used. Based on these principles, the Intangible asset is amortised in line with the actual usage of the specific public facility or the agreement period, whichever is less.

Financial receivable is recorded at fair value of guaranteed residual value to be received at the end of the concession period. This receivable is subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Any asset carried under concession arrangements is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its future use or disposal or when the contractual rights to the financial asset expires.

(d) Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, stores and spares	Lower of cost and net realisable value.
Work-in-progress, Finished goods	Lower of cost and net realisable value.
Traded goods	Lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and costs to make the sale.

(e) Taxes

Current income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred taxes. Income tax expense is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised directly in Equity, in which case it is recognised in Equity.

Current Tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year and is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in Other Comprehensive Income or in Equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in Equity.

With the introduction of the new Income tax provisions, the Company has adopted lower rate of tax under Section 115BAA.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and written off to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the Statement of Profit and Loss is recognised outside Statement of Profit and Loss (either in Other Comprehensive Income or in Equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in Equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

In the situations where the Company is entitled to a tax holiday under the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India or tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where it operates, no deferred tax (asset or liability) is recognised in respect of timing differences which reverse during the tax holiday period, to the extent the Company's gross total income is subject to the deduction during the tax holiday period. Deferred tax in respect of timing differences which reverse after the tax holiday period is recognised in the year in which the timing differences originate.

(f) Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plan

Provident Fund

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognises contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the Balance Sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the Balance Sheet date, then excess is recognised as an asset to the extent of the pre-payment.

Employee State Insurance

Contributions to Employees State Insurance Scheme are recognised as expense in the year in which the services are rendered.

Defined Benefit Plan

Gratuity

The Company makes annual contribution to a Gratuity Fund administered by trustees and managed by LIC. The Company accounts its liability for future gratuity benefits based on actuarial valuation, as at the Balance Sheet date, determined every year using the Projected Unit Credit method. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately recognised in Retained Earnings through Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not re-classified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. The defined benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation less the Fair Value of Plan Assets out of which the obligations are expected to be settled.

Long Term Compensated Absences

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the Statement of Profit and Loss and are not deferred. The Company presents the leave as a current liability in the Balance Sheet, to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date.

Short Term Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits includes short term compensated absences which is recognised based on the eligible leave at credit on the Balance Sheet date and the estimated cost is based on the terms of the employment contract.

Code on Social Security, 2020

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has published in the Gazette of India. However, the date of which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(g) Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

The Company's financial statements are presented in ₹, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Initial Recognition

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at the average rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Nonmonetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Treatment of Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year or reported in previous financial statements are recognised as income or as expense in the year in which they arise.

Forward exchange contracts entered into to hedge foreign currency risk of an existing Asset/Liability

In the event of the Company entering into hedging transactions, the premium or discount arising at the inception of forward exchange contracts is amortised as expense or income over the life of the contract. Exchange differences on such contracts are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the exchange rates change. Any profit or loss arising on cancellation or renewal of forward exchange contract is recognised as income or as expense for the year.

(h) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / loss after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / loss after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

(i) Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and Other Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credit availed, less accumulated depreciation/amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Other Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, Other Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Property, plant and equipment is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing Property, plant and equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss for the year during which such expenses are incurred.

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property, the property is reclassified as investment property at its carrying amount on the date of classification. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of Property, plant and equipment and Other Intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

proceeds and the carrying amount of the Property,Plant & Equipment is recognised in the Statement of the Profit and Loss, when the Property, plant and equipment is derecognised.

The Company identifies and determines cost of each component/part of the Property, plant and equipment separately, if the component/part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of the Property, plant and equipment and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining Property, plant and equipment.

Capital Work-in-Progress: Projects under which Property, plant and equipment are not ready for their intended use and capital work-in-progress are carried at cost, comprising direct cost and attributable interest. Once it has becomes available for use, their cost is re-classified to appropriate caption and subjected to depreciation.

(j) Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method as per the useful lives of the Property, plant and equipment estimated by the Management as follows:

Buildings	30 years
Plant and Machinery (other than Windmills & Solar Plant)	15 years
- Windmills (included under Plant and Machinery)	22 years
- Solar Plant	25 years
Office Equipment	5 years
- Electrical Equipment	10 years
Computers	3 years
Furniture and Fittings	10 years
Vehicles (Motor cars/Motor Vehicles)	8 years / 10 years

(k) Useful lives/depreciation rates

Considering the applicability of Schedule II, the Management has estimated the useful lives and residual values of all its fixed assets. The Management believes that the depreciation rates currently used fairly reflect its estimate of the useful life and residual values of Property, plant and equipment, though these rates in certain cases are different from the lives prescribed under Schedule II.

The Management has estimated, supported by independent assessment by professionals, where applicable, the useful lives of the above classes of Property, plant and equipment.

The useful life of certain Solar Plant and Machinery and Intangible assets recognised under Service Concession Agreement is 25 years, respectively. These lives are higher than those indicated in Schedule II.

Other Intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over a period of three years or five years as applicable.

(I) Impairment of Property, plant and equipment and Other Intangible assets

The carrying amounts of Property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an Property, plant and equipment exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the Property, plant and equipment's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the Property, plant and equipment. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the Property, plant and equipment over its remaining useful life.

(m) Investment Property

Investment Property represents Property (Land or Building or part of a Building or both) held (by the owner or by the lessee under a finance lease) to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

Investment Property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, Investment Property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the Investment



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Property is required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Depreciation on Building classified as Investment Property has been provided on the straight-line method based on the useful life as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. These are based on the Company's estimate of their useful lives taking into consideration technical factors.

Though the Company measures Investment Property using cost basis measurement, the fair value of Investment Property is disclosed in Note 4. Fair values are determined on an annual evaluation applying a valuation model.

Investment Property is derecognised when either they have been disposed off or when the Investment Property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit from its disposal. When the use of a property changes from investment property to owner-occupied, the property is reclassified as property, plant and equipment at its carrying amount on the date of classification.

The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the Investment Property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of derecognition.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

(o) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

For arrangements entered into prior to April 1, 2015, the Company has determined whether the arrangement contain lease on the basis of facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition.

Leases where, the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in Property, plant and equipment. Lease income on an operating lease is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs, including depreciation, are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(p) Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognised when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(q) Provision for Warranties

The estimated liability for product warranties is recorded when products are sold. These estimates are established using historical information on the nature, frequency and average cost of warranty claims and Management estimates regarding possible future incidence based on corrective actions on product failures. The timing of outflows will vary as and when warranty claims will arise, being typically up to twenty five years.

The estimates used for accounting of warranty liabilities/recoveries are reviewed periodically and revisions are made as required.

(r) Financial instruments

Financial Assets:

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two broad categories :

- Financial assets at fair value
- Financial assets at amortised cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the Statement of Profit and Loss (i.e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (i.e. fair value through Other Comprehensive Income).

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

• Business model test: The objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realise its fair value changes).

• Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Even if an instrument meets the two requirements to be measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, a financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an 'accounting mismatch') that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

All other financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All equity investments are measured at fair value in the Balance Sheet, with value changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the entity has elected to present value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'.

If an equity investment is not held for trading, an irrevocable election is made at initial recognition to measure it at fair value through other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay
 the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either;

(a) The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

(b) The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Investment in Subsidiaries

The Company has accounted for its investment in Subsidiaries at cost. The Company has elected to account for its equity investments in subsidiaries under Ind AS 27 on Separate Financial Statements, at cost. At the end of each reporting period the Company assesses whether there are indicators of diminution in the value of its investments and provides for impairment loss, where necessary.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model to the following:

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost;
- · Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI);

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life
 of the financial instrument).

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and
- All lease receivables

Under the simplified approach, the Company does not track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-months ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the Company reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-months ECL.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

Financial Liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.
- Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.
- Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(s) Fair value measurement

The Company measures specific financial instruments of certain investments at fair value at each Balance Sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above. This note summarises the accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in relevant notes.

(t) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Balance Sheet comprise Cash at Banks and on hand including cheques on hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(u) Cash dividend

The Company recognises a liability when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

Dividends paid/payable are recognised in the year in which the related dividends are approved by the Shareholders or Board of Directors as appropriate.

(v) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are presented using indirect method, whereby Profit/(Loss) after tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flow from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company is segregated based on the available information.

(w) Business combinations

Business combinations involving entities under the common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method. The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognise any new assets or liabilities. The only adjustments that are made are to harmonise accounting policies.

The identity of the reserves shall be preserved and shall appear in the financial statements of the transferee in the same form in which they appeared in the financial statements of the transferor. Any consideration in excess of the net worth of the acquire Company is adjusted against the reserves of the acquiring Company.

(x) Exceptional items

Certain occasions, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Company is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Company, such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the notes accompanying to the financial statements.

(y) Segment Reporting

Operating segments reflect the Company's Management structure and the way the financial information is regularly reviewed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The CEO considers the business from both business and product perspective based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns and the internal organisation and Management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit / loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the executive Management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Company. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment.

Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included under unallocated revenue / expenses / assets / liabilities.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Property, plant and equipment ო

Particulars	Land	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Office & Electrical Equipment	Computers	Furniture and Fittings	Vehicles	Total
Cost								
Balance as at 1 April 2021	1,067.20	725.08	21,070.75	387.74	64.43	302.66	155.14	23,773.00
Additions	48.99		664.95	61.84	9.34	22.67	12.14	819.93
Deletions	I	I	1	1	I	I	I	I
Transferred to Investment Property	1	(2.29)	1	1	•	•	•	(2.29)
As at 31 March 2022	1,116.19	722.79	21,735.70	449.58	73.77	325.33	167.28	24,590.64
Additions	1	•	624.67	22.56	11.16	4.50	59.96	722.85
Deletions (Refer Note (iii) below)	I	•	(2,762.54)	(8.27)	(16.40)	(70.50)	(23.99)	(2,881.70)
Transferred to Investment Property	(292.83)	1	-	T	1		1	(292.83)
As at 31 March 2023	823.36	722.79	19,597.83	463.87	68.53	259.33	203.25	22,138.96
Depreciation								
Balance as at 1 April 2021	•	199.77	3,877.25	272.19	58.95	275.37	90.76	4,774.29
Charge for the year	-	27.19	1,056.67	30.21	8.15	6.67	14.32	1,143.21
Other transfers		(1.61)	-	T	1		1	(1.61)
As at 31 March 2022	-	225.35	4,933.92	302.40	67.10	282.04	105.08	5,915.89
Charge for the year	-	27.19	923.84	33.55	6.65	7.72	16.58	1,015.53
Deletions (Refer Note (iii) below)	-	1	(1,936.30)	(6.65)	(15.08)	(70.50)	(23.91)	(2,052.44)
As at 31 March 2023	-	252.54	3,921.46	329.30	58.67	219.26	97.75	4,878.98
Net Block								
As at 31 March 2022	1,116.19	497.44	16,801.78	147.18	6.67	43.29	62.20	18,674.75
As at 31 March 2023	823.36	470.25	15,676.37	134.57	9.86	40.07	105.50	17,259.98
Notes:								

The Company's obligations (Refer Note 16) are secured by the hypothecation of plant and machinery, which has a carrying amount of ₹ 12,539.42 lakhs (31 March 2022 - ₹ 13,116.17 lakhs) Ξ

(a) Capital Work In progress ageing schedule for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 is as follows : (ii)

			Amount in CV	Amount in CWIP for a period of	of	ŀ
rerioa	CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	lotal
31 March 2023	Projects in progress	246.10	I	•	•	246.10
31 March 2022	Projects in progress	79.08	-	-	-	79.08
	•					

b) Capital-work-in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan - Nil

Refer Note 40 for details on discontinued operations. (iii)





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

3(a) Leases

The Company has leases for Land and building.

Right of Use Asset "ROU":

The following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2021	178.48
Additions	-
Deletions	-
Depreciation*	(85.67)
As at 31 March 2022	92.81
Additions	115.06
Deletions	(44.41)
Depreciation*	(53.25)
As at 31 March 2023	110.21

*The aggregate depreciation expense on ROU assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Lease Liabilities:

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2021	185.67
Additions	-
Finance Cost accrued during the year	13.27
Deletions	-
Payment of Lease liabilities	(98.07)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	100.87
Additions	115.06
Finance Cost accrued during the year	6.16
Deletions	(22.85)
Payment of Lease liabilities	(84.23)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	115.01

The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Current lease liabilities	2.93	92.76
Non-current lease liabilities	112.08	8.11

(c) Amounts recognized in profit and loss were as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Depreciation Expenditure	53.25	85.67
Finance Cost on Lease liabilities	6.16	13.27



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(d) The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 on an undiscounted basis:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Not later than 1 year	11.45	98.07
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	57.23	8.17
Later than 5 years	124.81	-

4 Investment Property

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Cost	2,441.16	2,424.99
Additions during the year	117.36	55.19
Deletions during the year	(41.19)	(41.31)
Other Transfers	292.83	2.29
Closing Balance	2,810.16	2,441.16
Depreciation		
Opening balance	608.60	522.43
Depreciation during the year	84.56	84.56
Other Transfers	-	1.61
Closing Balance	693.16	608.60
Net Block	2,117.00	1,832.56

Other Non-Current Investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(a) Rental income derived from Investment Property	440.58	444.77
(b) Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income	-	-
(c) Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) that did not generate rental income	-	-
Profit arising from Investment Property before depreciation and indirect expenses	440.58	444.77
Less – Depreciation and Transfers	84.56	86.17
Profit arising from Investment Property before indirect expenses	356.02	358.60



Measurement of fair values:

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs for valuation of Investment Property:

As at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, the fair value of the Property is ₹ 3,978.38 lakhs and ₹ 26,746.80 lakhs, respectively. The valuation is based on fair value assessment performed by the Management. A valuation model as recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee has been applied. The fair value is not based on the valuation by an independent valuer.

The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its Investment Property and has no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop Investment Property or has any plans for major repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

This method involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. To this projected cash flow series, a market-derived discount rate is applied to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the asset. The exit yield is normally separately determined and differs from the discount rate.

Under the Discounted cash flow method, fair value is estimated using assumptions regarding the fair market value of the Property.

In this regard, the key assumptions used for fair value calculations are as follows:

- It is presumed that the vacancy durations of the Property will have no material impact on the cash flow projections, as they are immaterial.
- Existing rental escalation terms will continue to exist in the future without any modification.
- It is presumed that no brokerage, commission costs will be incurred on the let out of Property.

The weighted average cost of capital (WACC) is the rate that a Company is expected to pay on average to all its security holders to finance its assets. The weighted average cost of capital is calculated by Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM). This model takes into account the asset's sensitivity to non-diversifiable risk (also known as systematic risk or market risk), represented by the quantity beta (β) in the financial industry, as well as the expected return of the market and the expected return of a theoretical risk-free asset.

The duration of the cash flows and the specific timing of inflows and outflows are determined by events such as rent reviews, lease renewal and related reletting, redevelopment, or refurbishment. The appropriate duration is typically driven by market behaviour that is characteristic of the class of real Property. Periodic cash flow is typically estimated as gross income, non-recoverable expenses, collection losses, lease incentives, maintenance cost and other operating and Management expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

Significant increase (decrease) in the estimated rental value and rent growth per annum in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value of the Property. Significant increase (decrease) in long-term vacancy rate and discount rate (and exit yield) in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value.

Generally, a change in the assumption made for the estimated rental value is accompanied by :

- i. A directionally similar change in the rent growth per annum and discount rate (and exit yield).
- ii. An opposite change in the long term vacancy rate.
- iii. The Company's and its subsidiaries obligations (Refer Note 16) are secured by the hypothecation of land and building, which has a carrying amount of ₹ 186.99 lakhs (31 March 2022-Nil)

Reconciliation of fair value:

Particulars	Amount in Lakhs
Gross Block as at 31 March 2023	2,810.16
Fair value difference (net)	1,168.22
Fair value as at 31 March 2023	3,978.38



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

5 Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	ParticularsCertification ProcessService Concession Arrangement (Refer Note 1 below)		Computer Software	Total
Cost				
As at 1 April 2021	153.11	7,696.77	120.34	7,970.22
Additions	83.36	-	13.21	96.57
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2022	236.47	7,696.77	133.55	8,066.79
Additions	-	-	13.21	13.21
Deletions	(236.47)	-	-	(236.47)
As at 31 March 2023	-	7,696.77	146.76	7,843.53
Amortisation				
As at 1 April 2021	123.21	1,602.33	58.49	1,784.03
Charge for the year	46.71	310.67	20.61	377.99
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2022	169.92	1,913.00	79.10	2,162.02
Charge for the year	-	310.67	22.05	332.72
Deletions	(169.92)	-	-	(169.92)
As at 31 March 2023	-	2,223.67	101.15	2,324.82
Net block		·	·	
As at 31 March 2022	66.55	5,783.77	54.45	5,904.77
As at 31 March 2023	-	5,473.10	45.61	5,518.71

Notes:

1. The Company (Operator) has entered into the following Power Purchase Agreements (PPA) with counter parties (Grantor). The Company has assessed the same as an arrangement which needs to be accounted under the principles of Appendix C of Ind-AS 115 as the following conditions are met: The Grantor controls or regulates which services the Operator must provide to the Infrastructure (Solar Power Plant), to whom it must provide and at what price and the controls the Grantor will exercise through ownership, beneficial entitlement or other significant residual interest in the Infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement. Infrastructure within the scope of Appendix C of Ind-AS 115 is not recognised as Property, plant and equipment of the Operator because the contractual service arrangement does not convey the right to control the use of the Infrastructure to the Operator.

Consideration for the construction services received or receivable by the Operator is recognised at its fair value. The consideration may be rights to:

- (a) a financial asset or
- (b) an Intangible asset.

The Company recognises a financial asset to the extent that it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from the Grantor for the construction services; the Grantor has little, if any, discretion to avoid payment, usually because the agreement is enforceable by law, even if payment is contingent on the operator ensuring that the Infrastructure meets specified quality or efficiency requirements. The tenure of the PPA represents the significant useful life of the Infrastructure. Consequently, the Company has an intangible right to receive cash through the tenure of the PPA and the same has been recognised as an Other Intangible asset. The Other Intangible asset is amortised over the agreement period.

2. Other Intangible asset with a carrying amount of ₹ 4,123.76 lakhs (as at 31 March 2022: ₹ 4,362.82 lakhs) has been pledged in favour of the Grantor against the grant received and receivable from the Grantor.



6 Financial Assets

Investments in Subsidiaries - Unquoted Equity Shares (At Cost)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
4,44,000 (31 March 2022 : 4,44,000) Equity shares of SWELECT Solar Energy Private Limited, ₹ 100/- each fully paid	444.00	444.00
1,22,32,500 (31 March 2022 : 1,22,32,500) Equity shares of SWELECT Energy Systems Pte. Limited, Singapore Dollar 1/- each fully paid	4,372.90	4,372.90
97,00,000 (31 March 2022 : 65,00,000) Equity shares of Amex Alloys Private Limited, ₹ 10/- each fully paid	5,636.18	1,636.18
18,60,953 (31 March 2022 : 18,60,953) Equity shares of SWELECT Green Energy Solutions Private Limited, Rs.100/- each fully paid	8,712.99	8,712.99
46,000 (31 March 2022 : 46,000) Equity warrants of SWELECT Inc, USA, USD 10/- each fully paid	336.30	336.30
9,30,000 (31 March 2022 : 9,30,000) Equity shares of SWELECT Power Systems Private Limited, ≹100/- each fully paid	3,036.80	3,036.82
1,85,20,000 (31 March 2022 : 1,85,20,000) Equity shares of SWELECT Sun Energy Private Limited, ₹ 10/- each fully paid	1,852.00	1,852.00
Nil (31 March 2022 : 10,000) Equity shares of SWELECT HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited, ₹10/- each fully paid	-	1.00
1,33,21,222 (31 March 2022 : 1,33,21,222) Equity shares of SWELECT Renewable Energy Private Limited, ₹10/- each fully paid	1,332.12	1,332.12
64,45,600 (31 March 2022 : Nil) Equity shares of SWELECT RE Power Private Limited, ₹10/- each fully paid	644.56	-
88,60,000 (31 March 2022 : Nil) Equity shares of SWELECT Taiyo Energy Private Limited, ₹10/- each fully paid	887.00	-
Total	27,254.85	21,724.31
Less : Provision for diminution in value of investment in one of the Subsidiary (Refer note 42)	(3,162.99)	(3,162.99)
Net Total	24,091.86	18,561.32
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments	27,254.85	21,724.31
Aggregate book value of impairment in value of investment	3,162.99	3,162.99

7. Financial Assets

7(a) Other Non-Current Investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Unquoted Investment in equity shares at fair value through statement of profit and los	S	
3,00,000 (31 March 2022 : 3,00,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid in Gem Sugars Limited	30.00	30.00
3,520 (31 March 2022 : 3,520) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid in Yajur Energy Solutions Private Limited	0.35	0.35
Investment in tax free bonds (un-quoted) carried at amortised cost		
50,000 (31 March 2022: 50,000) bonds of ₹ 1,000/- each fully paid in Housing and Urban Development Corporation Limited (Refer note 2)	500.00	500.00
Total	530.35	530.35

Note:

- 1. Investment in tax free bonds are non-derivative financial assets which generate an effective interest income of 8.51% for the Company.
- 2. Investments marked have been pledged as collateral securities with Bank for the borrowings of the Company. (Refer Note 16).



7(b) Current investments

Investments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Quoted Mutual funds

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
2,725,901.41 units (31 March 2022: 2,725,901.41 units) of Aditya Birla Sunlife Banking & PSU Debt fund - Regular - Growth *	8,432.09	8,082.69
316,156.000 units (31 March 2022: 316,156.000 units) of ICICI Prudential Savings - Fund Growth *	1,446.38	1,370.11
16,889,967.522 units (31 March 2022-16,889,967.522 units) ICICI Prudential Banking and PSU Debt Fund - Growth *	4,652.68	4,414.16
22,094,457.000 units (31 March 2022-22,094,457.000 units) IDFC Banking & PSU Debt Fund - Regular Plan - Growth *	4,615.38	4,422.51
30,000.348 units (31 March 2022- 30,000.348 units) HDFC Money Market Fund- Regular plan - Growth *	-	1,377.20
75,06,779.966 units (31 March 2022-16,585,394.21 units) HDFC Credit Risk Debt Fund - Regular -Growth*	1,520.61	3,228.96
68,00,875.395 units (31 March 2022-8,490,488.36 units) ICICI Prudential Medium Term Bond Fund- Growth*	2,554.46	3,036.31
Nil units (31 March 2022- 5,275,367.68) Axis Short Term fund -Growth*	-	1,315.10
Nil units (31 March 2022- 8,450,586.97) IDFC Ultra Short Term Fund Regular Plan-Growth*	-	1,042.40
2862.11 units (31 March 2022- Nil) SBI Liquid Fund -Growth*	100.00	-
26,30,318.41 units (31 March 2022- Nil) SBI Corporate Bond Fund -Growth*	343.63	-
1,39,38,219.421 Units (31 March 2022- Nil) ICICI Nifty Psu Bond Plus SDL Sep 2027 -Growth*	1,455.14	-
2,42,28,179.27 units (31 March 2022- Nil) Aditya Birla Sun Life Nifty SDL Plus PSU Bond SEP 2026 60:40 Index Fund Regular Plan Growth (WL)-Growth*	2,534.85	-
Total	27,655.22	28,289.44
Aggregate cost of quoted investments	22,475.28	23,782.01
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	27,655.22	28,289.44

Note:

* Investments marked have been pledged as collateral securities with Banks for the borrowings of the Company and its subsidiaries. (Refer Note 16).



7(c) Financial assets carried at Amortised cost

Loans (Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated) carried at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i) Non-Current		
Other Financial Assets	681.00	580.19
Loans to Related parties (Refer Note 2 below and Note 33)	12,891.08	10,426.55
Total	13,572.08	11,006.74
(ii) Current		
Loans to employees	1.62	0.12
Other financial assets	136.69	135.39
Total	138.31	135.51
	13,710.39	11,142.25

Notes:

- 1. Other financial assets are non-derivative financial assets which generate an effective interest income of 8.50 % 9.00 % for the Company.
- 2. Loans to related parties are non-derivative financial assets repayable on demand which generate an average interest income of 8.25% for the Company and all the above loans have been given for business purpose only for a period of 5 years.
- 3. The following disclosures are the Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that a) repayable on demand; or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment **Not Applicable**

7(d) Other Financial Assets (Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated) carried at Amortised Cost

Particulars	As at	As at
FaillCulais	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(i) Non-Current		
Security Deposits	-	51.04
Deposits with original maturity more than 12 months #	3,322.82	5,925.96
Total	3,322.82	5,977.00
(ii) Current		
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	183.54	99.53
Deposits with original maturity more than 3 months and less than 12 months #	9,804.12	3,076.33
Other Current Financial assets	632.73	654.96
	10,620.39	3,830.82
Provision for doubtful advance	(632.73)	(646.72)
Total	9,987.66	3,184.10
Considered good	13,310.48	9,161.10
Considered doubtful	(632.73)	(646.72)

The balance in deposit accounts bears an average interest rate of 5.92% and have been pledged as collateral securities with Banks for availing Term loan, working capital limits, Packing credit facility etc. for the Company and its subsidiaries (Refer Note 16).

7(e) Bank balances (Carried at amortised cost)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Current		
Earmarked balances with banks	5.74	54.68
Total	5.74	54.68

Earmarked Balances with banks primarily relate to escrow accounts with banks specific to project loans.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in \mathfrak{F} Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

8 Other Non-current Assets (Unsecured, considered good)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balance with Government authorities	411.97	415.31
Provision for doubtful advance	(280.44)	(280.44)
Prepaid expenses	71.59	53.73
Total	203.12	188.60

9 Inventories

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Raw materials and components	854.64	2,406.31
Raw materials In Transit	-	159.46
Work-in-progress	9.73	4.65
Finished goods	3,547.53	8,095.16
Traded goods	1,482.62	3,144.57
Total	5,894.52	13,810.15

Note:

Work-in Progress comprises of mechanical and electrical items.

The cost of inventories recognised is net of write down of inventory to the extent of ₹ 485 lakhs (FY 2021-22 ₹ 660 Lakhs)

10 Trade receivables

Trade receivables (Unsecured, unless other wise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Non-current		
(a) Receivables considered good	-	480.00
	-	480.00
Current		
(a) Receivables considered good	7,169.98	5,898.35
(b) Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	245.67	291.99
(c) Receivables - credit impaired	156.56	160.24
	7,572.21	6,350.58
Less : Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(402.23)	(452.23)
Total	7,169.98	5,898.35



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

During the year ended 31 March 2023 the Company has reversed allowance for doubtful debts of ₹50 lakhs (net)

(Previous Year: created allowance for doubtful debts of ₹175 lakhs)

		Outstanding as on 31 March 2023					
Par	ticulars	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	4,437.33	1,218.48	1,514.16	-	-	7,169.97
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	69.10	46.26	9.49	22.09	98.74	245.68
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	156.56	156.56
	Total	4,506.43	1,264.74	1,523.65	22.09	255.30	7,572.21

Outstanding as on 31 March 2022)22				
Par	ticulars	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	4,507.17	303.25	800.81	767.11	-	6,378.34
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	0.54	10.00	89.73	191.72	-	291.99
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	160.25	160.25
	Total	4,507.71	313.25	890.54	958.83	160.25	6,830.58

Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	402.23	452.23

Unbilled revenue	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Unsecured,Considered Good	355.57	409.89

11 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Cash on hand	1.93	5.18
Balances with Banks:		
On current accounts	172.10	195.17
On unpaid dividend accounts	9.01	8.81
Total	183.04	3,418.39



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

11(a) For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balances with Banks:		
On current accounts	172.10	195.17
Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	-	3,209.23
Cash on hand	1.93	5.18
	174.03	3,409.58
Less: Bank overdrafts (Refer Note 16(b))	(11,957.49)	(6,229.54)
Total	(11,783.46)	(2,819.96)

12 Other Current assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Unsecured and considered good:	01 March 2020	
Supplier advances	1,040.50	475.03
Prepaid expenses	36.15	64.74
Balances with Government authorities	-	202.21
Others	16.31	11.30
Total	1,092.96	753.28

13 Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Equity Shares of ₹	10/- each	
Particulars	Nos.	Amount	
Authorised Share Capital			
As at 1 April 2022	470,00,000	4,700.00	
Increase/(Decrease) during the year	-	-	
As at 31 March 2023	470,00,000	4,700.00	
Issued, Subscribed & Fully paid up			
As at 1 April 2022	1,51,58,760	1,515.88	
Issue of Equity Share Capital	-	-	
As at 31 March 2023	1,51,58,760	1,515.88	

a. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of the liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity share will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be proportionate to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

b. Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Equity shares of	As at 31	March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
₹ 10/- each fully paid	Number of shares	% holding in the class	Number of shares	% holding in the class	
R. Chellappan, Managing Director	73,97,860	48.80%	73,97,860	48.80%	

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

c. Number of Shares held by the promoters

Promoter name	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Chellappan R	73,97,860	73,97,860	48.80%	-
Balan A	4,69,499	4,69,499	3.10%	-
Nachiappan K V	1,65,348	1,65,348	1.09%	-
Gunasundari C	1,23,129	1,23,129	0.81%	-
Mirunalini V C	71,008	71,008	0.47%	-
Raghunath V C	58,515	58,515	0.39%	-
Aarthi Balan	24,600	24,600	0.16%	-
Preetha Balan	24,300	24,300	0.16%	-
Vasantha B	16,884	16,884	0.11%	-
Rishii Nandhan K N	15,355	15,355	0.10%	-
Jayashree Nachiappan	1,375	1,375	0.01%	-
Swelect Electronics Private Limited	45	45	0.00%	-
Raghunath V C on behalf of SWEES Employees Welfare Trust	1,76,400	1,76,400	1.16%	-
Total	85,44,318	85,44,318	56.37%	

14 Other Equity

Particulars		Retained Earnings (Refer Note (iii))	General Reserve (Refer Note (ii) below)	Securities premium (Refer Note (i) below)	Total
As at 1 April 2021	152.64	44,034.13	18,102.14	4,291.19	66,580.10
Profit for the year	-	3,379.07	-	-	3,379.07
Final Dividend for the year 2020-21	-	(454.76)	-	-	(454.76)
Other comprehensive income- Re-measurement of Defined Benefit Plans (Refer Note (iii) below)	-	22.11	-	-	22.11
As at 31 March 2022	152.64	46,980.55	18,102.14	4,291.19	69,526.52
Profit for the year	-	934.42	-	-	934.42
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	18.07	-	-	18.07
Final Dividend for the year 2021-22	-	(454.76)	-	-	(454.76)
Profit on sale of shares of subsidiary	1,999.00	-	-	-	1,999.00
As at 31 March 2023	2,151.64	47,478.28	18,102.14	4,291.19	72,023.25

- (i) Securities Premium Where the Company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on those shares shall be transferred to "Securities Premium". The Company may issue fully paid-up bonus shares to its members out of the Securities Premium and the Company can use this reserve for buy-back of shares.
- (ii) General Reserve General Reserve is created out of the profits earned by the Company by way of transfer from surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and issue fully paid-up bonus shares.
- (iii) In accordance with Notification G.S.R. 404(E), dated 6 April 2016, re-measurement of defined benefit plans is recognised as part of retained earnings.
- (iv) Capital Reserve Capital Reserve is created out of the profits earned by the Company by way of transfer of shares of the subsidiaries within the group. The Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and issue fully paid-up bonus shares.



15(a) Distribution made and proposed

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Cash dividends on equity shares declared and paid:		
Final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022: ₹ 3/- per share (31 March 2021: ₹ 3/- per share)	454.76	454.76
Proposed dividends on Equity shares:		
Proposed Dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023: ₹ 1.2/- per share (31 March 2022: ₹ 3/- per share)	181.91	454.76

Proposed Dividend of ₹ 1.2/- per share on Equity shares are subject to the approval at the Annual General Meeting and are not recognised as a liability as at 31 March 2023.

16 Borrowings

Financial Liabilities carried at amortised cost

As at		
31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
10,752.89	11,436.53	
10,752.89	11,436.53	
7,566.59	8,898.53	
3,186.30	2,538.00	
-	10,752.89 10,752.89 7,566.59	

Details of long term borrowings are given below:

Particulars	Amount	Currency	Repayment Terms	Security
Term loan 1	3,719.79	₹	Loan obligation plus interest, is payable in 90 equal monthly installment in 78 and 30 monthly installments.	Solar Power Plant
Term loan 2	587.07	₹	Loan obligation plus interest, is payable in 46 equal monthly installments.	Solar Power Plant
Term loan 3	298.60	₹	Loan obligation and interest is payable in 43 monthly installments	Solar Power Plant
Term loan 4	3,186.30	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 46 monthly installments	Unsecured
Term loan 5	1,500.00	₹	Loan obligation is payable the end of three years	Mutual funds and Fixed Deposits
Term loan 6	3,554.78	₹	Loan obligation is payable the end of three years	Mutual funds and Fixed Deposits
Sub Total	12,846.54			
Less: Current Portion	2,093.65			
Non-Current Borrowings	10,752.89			

The interest rate for Term loans obtained from various banks range from 7.75% p.a..- 9.90% p.a.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(b) Current (Secured)		
Bank overdrafts	11,957.49	6,229.54
Working Capital Demand Loan	11,678.97	6,550.00
External Commercial Borrowing (ECB)	-	2,826.32
Current maturities of long-term debt (Refer Note 16(a))	2,093.65	1,847.12
Total Current Borrowings	25,730.11	17,452.98

Details of Short Term Borrowings are given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	Currency	Repayment Terms	Security
Bank overdrafts & Working capital demand loan	11,957.49	₹	Repayable on demand	Fixed deposits, Mutual funds, Bonds, Debtors, Stock, Land and Building
Working Capital Demand Loan	11,678.97	₹	Repayable on the date of rollover	Fixed deposits, Mutual funds, Bonds, Debtors, Stock, Land and Building
Total Short Term Borrowings	23,636.46			

Note: The quarterly return or statements, where applicable, of current assets filed by the Company with banks are in agreement with the books of accounts.

The interest rate for short- term borrowings obtained from various banks range from 8% p.a. - 9.50% p.a.

17 Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
(i) Non Current			
Rental deposits	108.51	100.89	
Total	108.51	100.89	
(ii) Current			
Interest accrued	92.56	95.88	
Unpaid dividend	9.01	8.81	
Capital creditors	19.15	17.60	
Rental deposits	58.99	76.59	
Total	179.71	198.88	

17(a) Other non-current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Security deposit for Land	-	51.04
Deferred AMC Income	18.19	22.29
Deferred Interest Income	-	41.79
Total	18.19	115.12



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

18 (a) Deferred tax liabilities (net)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Deferred tax liabilities		
Impact on difference between tax, depreciation and amortisation charged for the financial reporting	2,672.49	1,709.69
Gross deferred tax liabilities	2,672.49	1,709.69
Deferred tax assets		
Carry forward business loss and unabsorbed depreciation	(2,672.49)	(1,709.69)
Gross deferred tax assets	(2,672.49)	(1,709.69)
Total Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	-

(b) Income Tax

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 are:

Statement of Profit or Loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Current income tax:		
Current income tax charge(Refer Note 1 below)	38.77	-
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
Total	38.77	-

As at 31 March 2023, the Company has total eligible deferred tax asset of ₹ 2,672.49 lakhs (including on account of business loss and unabsorbed depreciation) as per Income Tax Returns filed/Income Tax workings. In this regard, based on estimated tax workings and the accounting policy followed by the Company for recognition of deferred tax assets on such losses/unabsorbed depreciation, the Company has recognised deferred tax asset to the extent of ₹ 2,672.49 Lakhs towards carried forward tax losses and unabsorbed depreciation to the extent of deferred tax liabilities.

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Accounting Profit/(Loss) before income tax (including other comprehensive income)	952.49	3,401.18
Less: Depreciation claim	3,680.53	(3,582.21)
Add: Provision and other adjustments	387.72	1,111.38
Normal tax rate under 115BAA	25.17%	25.17%
Tax rate under 115BBG	10.00%	10.00%
Income tax expense	38.77	-
Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	38.77	-

Note 1:

The Company has opted the provisions of the section 115BAA as per Income Tax Act 1961 as amended. Consequent to the adoption of the section 115BAA, tax calculation as per normal provisions is Nil due to unabsorbed losses except for tax on REC.

(c) Income Tax Asset

Income tax asset of ₹ 809.17 lakhs as at 31 March 2023 (As at 31 March 2022 ₹ 597.51 lakhs) represents the tax deducted at source/advance tax, net of provision for income tax.



19 Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
(i) Non-current			
Provision for warranties (Refer Note below)	367.27	341.63	
Provision for gratuity (Refer Note 31)	26.89	82.46	
Provision for compensated absences	52.25	65.15	
Total	446.41	489.24	
(ii) Current			
Provision for warranties (Refer Note below)	103.85	111.52	
Provision for compensated absences	16.27	16.78	
Total	120.12	128.30	

Note: Provision for warranties

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
At the beginning of the year	453.15	431.64
Arising during the year	26.72	43.66
Utilisation of warranties	(8.75)	(22.15)
At the end of the year	471.12	453.15

20 Trade payables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(A) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	276.18	351.59
(Refer note below regarding dues to micro, small and medium enterprises)		
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
- to others	2,098.20	7,085.11
- to related parties (Refer Note 33)	984.07	10,154.10
Total	3,358.45	17,590.80

Note:

There is no overdue amount payable to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined under "The Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" and further, the Company has not paid any interest to any Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises during the year other than as disclosed below: Further there are nil Disputed MSME or Vendor dues and no dues more than 3 years.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

As at 31 March 2023	<1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	>3 years	Total
(i) MSME	270.56	5.62	-	-	276.18
(ii) Others	567.78	2,434.91	79.58	-	3,082.27
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - others	-	-	-	-	-

As at 31 March 2022	<1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	>3 years	Total
(i) MSME	351.59	-	-	-	351.59
(ii) Others	16,884.46	76.98	277.77	-	17,239.21
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - others	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	276.18	351.59
(ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	1.61	1.61
(iii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act		1.61
(v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	1.61	1.61
(vi) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23	1.61	1.61

Dues to micro and small enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

21 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
Faiticulais	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Statutory dues payable	401.87	67.16
Advance from customers	1,593.13	730.57
Deferred Income	3,545.30	15.64
Total	5,540.30	813.37



22 Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Revenue from operations		
Sale of products		
Manufactured goods		
Solar Photovoltaic Panels	4,644.77	6,742.19
Solar Power Generating Systems and accessories	10,062.37	11,584.75
Traded goods	912.31	268.60
Sale of services		
Annual Maintenance Contracts	308.73	183.56
Installation	3,729.79	3,886.46
Sale of power	3,973.45	3,870.96
Other operating revenue		
Scrap Sales	163.88	52.08
Rental Income	440.58	444.77
Renewable Energy Certificate Income (net)	387.72	1,539.49
Other Benefits	359.97	-
Total	24,983.57	28,572.86
Revenue from operations from discontinued operations	2,092.11	6,116.53
Revenue from operations from continuing operations	22,891.46	22,456.33
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Revenue from operations		
(a) Sale of Products (Refer Note 21.1 (i) below)	15,619.45	18,595.54
(b) Sale of Services (Refer Note 21.1 (ii) below)	4,038.52	4,070.02
(c) Sale of Power	3,973.45	3,870.96
(d) Other Operating Revenue (Refer Note 21.1 (iii) below)	1,352.15	2,036.34
Total	24,983.57	28,572.86

22.1 Disaggregation of the revenue information

The tables below presents disaggregated revenues from contracts with customers for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 by offerings. The Company believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of our revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

(i) Sale of Products comprises the following:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Manufactured goods		
Solar Photovoltaic Panels	4,644.77	6,742.19
Solar Power Generating Systems and accessories	10,062.37	11,584.75
Traded goods	912.31	268.60
Total	15,619.45	18,595.54



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) Sale of Services comprises the following:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Installation	3,729.79	3,886.46
Annual Maintenance Contracts	308.73	183.56
Total	4,038.52	4,070.02

(iii) Other operating revenue comprises the following:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Scrap Sales	163.88	52.08
Rental Income	440.58	444.77
Renewable Energy Certificate Income (net)	387.72	1,539.49
Other Benefits	359.97	-
Total	1,352.15	2,036.34
No single customers contributed 10% or more to the Company's	revenue during the	year 2022-23

(in 2021-22, Milky Mist Dairy Foods Pvt. Limited -11.78%)

22.2 Trade Receivables and Contract Balances

The Company classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as receivable.

A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Revenue is recognised as and when the related goods are delivered to the customer.

Trade receivables are presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet.

Contract liabilities include payments received in advance of performance under the contract, and are realised with the associated revenue recognised under the contract.

22.3 Performance Obligations and remaining performance obligations

The remaining performance obligations disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognised as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognise these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS-115, the Company has not disclosed information about remaining performance obligations in contracts, where the original contract duration is one year or less or where the entity has the right to consideration that corresponds directly with the value of entity's performance completed to date.

23 Other Income

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Dividend Income on equity investments carried at cost	-	304.58
Gain on sale of investments (net)	546.74	342.39
Gain on investments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss	672.40	941.37
Provision no longer required written back (Net)	142.37	-
Other non-operating income	396.58	241.13
Profit on sale of land	3.08	1.85
Interest Income from Related parties (Refer Note 33)	824.25	761.46
Interest income on financial assets carried at amortised cost	641.55	466.36
Total	3,226.97	3,059.14
Other Income from discontinued operations	15.50	7.39
Other income from continuing operations	3,211.47	3,051.75



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

24 Cost of raw material and components consumed

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Inventories at the beginning of the year	2,565.77	2,304.49
Add: Purchases	3,321.08	15,940.85
	5,886.85	18,245.34
Less: Inventories at the end of the year	854.64	2,565.77
Total	5,032.21	15,679.57
From discontinued operations	1,943.93	7,586.94
From continuing operations	3,088.28	8,092.63

24A Purchase of Stock-in Trade

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Purchase of traded goods	4,255.49	11,275.53
Total	4,255.49	11,275.53

25 Decrease / (Increase) in inventories of Work-In-Progress, Traded Goods and Finished Goods

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Inventories at the end of the year		
Traded goods	1,482.62	3,144.57
Work-in-progress	9.73	4.65
Finished goods	3,547.53	8,095.16
	5,039.88	11,244.38
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Traded goods	3,144.57	344.30
Work-in-progress	4.65	279.20
Finished goods	8,095.16	1,932.68
	11,244.38	2,556.18
Total	6,204.50	(8,688.20)
From discontinued operations	-	(1,752.38)
From continuing operations	6,204.50	(6,935.82)

26 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,339.31	1,272.72
Contribution to provident and other funds	61.47	59.75
Gratuity expense (Refer note 31b)	35.16	39.05
Staff welfare expenses	52.53	39.21
Total	1,488.47	1,410.73
From discontinued operations	168.68	225.33
From continuing operations	1,319.79	1,185.40



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

27 Finance Costs

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Interest on borrowings and lease liabilities	2,467.33	1,952.13
Bank and other charges	70.73	111.36
Total	2,538.06	2,063.49
From discontinued operations	6.06	210.90
From continuing operations	2,532.00	1,852.59

28 Depreciation and Amortisation Expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment and ROU assets*	1,942.62	1,228.88
Depreciation of Investment Properties	84.56	84.56
Amortisation of Other Intangible assets*	343.84	378.00
Total	2,371.02	1,691.44
From discontinued operations	984.09	338.28
From continuing operations	1,386.93	1,353.16
* Include loss on retirement of Property, plant and equipment of ₹ 884.97 Lakhs		

29 Other expenses

	For the year	For the year
Particulars	ended	ended
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Sub-contracting and processing expenses	1,674.80	1,555.84
Consumption of stores and spares	10.28	6.73
Power and fuel	79.03	198.61
Wheeling charges	456.74	509.13
Freight and forwarding charges	145.77	169.88
Rent	91.08	68.30
Rates and taxes	208.86	30.98
Insurance	85.69	66.34
Repairs and maintenance		
- Plant & Machinery	162.39	147.77
- Buildings	40.45	13.07
- Others	190.78	203.12
Corporate Social Responsibility (Refer Note (i) below)	45.38	40.11
Sales promotion	55.39	19.18
Advertisement	16.45	26.91
Security charges	94.81	117.62
Travelling and conveyance	196.74	148.99
Communication costs	40.49	35.31
Printing and stationery	16.40	12.48
Exchange differences (net)	1,161.96	475.30
Legal and professional fees	287.28	197.32
Payment to auditor (Refer Note (ii) below)	50.55	41.65
Liquidated damages	28.76	15.69
Provision for Doubtful/Trade/Other receivables	-	443.57
Provision for warranties (net of reversals)(Refer Note 18)	17.97	21.51
Directors' sitting fees	12.00	8.55
Miscellaneous expenses	177.56	246.41
Total	5,347.61	4,820.37
From discontinued operations	1,335.59	1,090.32
From continuing operations	4,012.02	3,730.05



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Notes:

Corporate Social Responsibility	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	45.38	40.11
Amount spent during the year	45.38	40.11
Shortfall during the year	-	-
Nature of CSR activities	As detailed in the CSR report	As detailed in the CSR report
Details of related party transactions	-	-
Where the provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation the movement in provision	NA	NA

In pursuance of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has spent towards various activities as enumerated in the CSR Policy of the Company which covers promoting education, promoting health and preventive health care to underprivileged people and conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil,air and water.

(ii) Payment to auditor

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Audit fee	32.45	21.83
Limited review	10.62	10.62
Tax Audit Fee	2.95	2.95
Certification	4.13	5.61
Reimbursement of expenses	0.40	0.64
	50.55	41.65

The above fee is inclusive of input credit for GST wherever applicable

30 Earnings per share (EPS)

The following reflects the profit and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company (A)	934.42	3,379.07
Weighted average number of Equity shares for basic and diluted EPS (B)	1,51,58,760	1,51,58,760
Basic Earnings per share (A/B) in INR from continuing and discontinued operations	6.16	22.29
Diluted Earnings per share (A/B) in INR from continuing and discontinued operations	6.16	22.29
From continuing operations		
1. Basic (in INR)	21.54	32.68
2. Diluted (in INR)	21.54	32.68
From discontinued operations		
1. Basic (in INR)	(15.38)	(10.39)
2. Diluted (in INR)	(15.38)	(10.39)

* The weighted average number of shares takes into account the weighted average effect of changes in equity share transactions during the year. There have been no other transactions involving Equity shares or potential Equity shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

31A Defined Contribution Plan

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to such benefits. The Company provides benefits such as provident fund plans to its employees which are treated as defined contribution plans.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund and other funds	61.47	59.75

31B Defined Benefits Plan - Gratuity Plan (funded)

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The Scheme is funded with an Insurance Company in the form of a qualifying insurance policy.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of obligation	51 WIATCH 2025	ST March 2022
Defined Benefit obligation as at the beginning of the year	265.67	245.04
Current Service Cost	28.87	243.04
Interest Cost	17.54	15.32
Actuarial gain	(18.42)	(23.45)
Benefits paid	(66.12)	(23.43)
Liabilities settled	(00.12)	(3.00)
Defined Benefit obligation as at the end of the year	227.54	265.67
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets		205.07
Fair value of plan assets as at the beginning of the year	183.21	152.63
Expected return on plan assets	12.50	9.78
Actuarial gain / loss	0.35	(1.34)
Employer's contribution	70.72	25.80
Benefits paid	(66.12)	(3.66)
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	200.66	(3.00) 183.21
Reconciliation of fair value of assets and obligations	200.00	105.21
Fair value of plan assets	200.66	183.21
Present value of obligation	200.00	265.67
Net Obligation disclosed as :	227.34	205.07
- Current	_	_
- Non - Current	26.89	82.46
	For the year	
Particulars	ended	-
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Recognised in profit or loss		
Current Service Cost	28.87	28.11
Interest Cost	5.04	5.54
	33.91	33.65
Recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Actuarial loss / (gain)	(18.07)	(22.11)
Net Cost	15.84	11.54
The major categories of plan assets of the fair value of the total plan asset	s are as follows:	
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Grat	uity
Investments details:		
Fund with LIC	200.66	183.21
Total	200.66	183.21



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The principal assumptions used in determining provision for gratuity and compensated absences are shown below:

Particulars	For the year ended 2022-23	For the year ended 2021-22
	Grati	uity
Discount rate	7.45%	6.95%
Future salary increases	7.50%	7.50%
Expected Return on Plan Assets	12.50%	9.78%
Employee Turnover	8.00%	8.00%
Contribution Expected to be paid during the next year	20.00	20.00
	Compensate	d Absences
Discount rate	7.45%	6.95%
Future salary increases	7.50%	7.50%
Employee turnover	8.00%	8.00%

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions of Gratuity plan:

	For the year ended 31 March 2023			
Assumptions - Sensitivity Level	Sensitivity Level		Impact on defined benefit obligations	
	1% increase	1% decrease	Amount	Amount
Discount rate	7.39%	6.60%	212.52	244.55
Future salary increases	6.66%	7.47%	244.37	212.39

	For the year en	ded 31 March 2022		
Assumptions - Sensitivity Level	Sensitivity Level		Impact on defined benefit obligations	
	1% increase	1% decrease	Amount	Amount
Discount rate	7.95%	5.95%	246.64	287.37
Future salary increases	8.50%	6.50%	287.04	246.57

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligations as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligations at the end of the reporting period is 7.01 years (31 March 2022: 7.7 years).

32 Commitments

- (i) The estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for is ₹ 60.01 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 12.01 lakhs)
- (ii) Investments given as security for loans availed by the subsidiaries of the Company:

Particulars	Subsidiaries which have availed the loans	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(a) Loan amount outsta	nding to Banks in Subsidiaries funded by Security of th	e Company	
(i) Fixed Deposits	Amex Alloys Private Limited	1,974.19	1,179.05
(ii) Mutual Funds	Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	377.77	838.71
(iii) Fixed Deposits	Swelect Renewable Energy Private Limited	3,630.75	3,335.57
(iv) Mutual Funds	Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	5,526.45	912.87
(b) Value of the security	offered by the Company for the loan outstanding in Sub	sidiaries	
(i) Fixed Deposits	Amex Alloys Private Limited	2,460.00	1,350.00
(ii) Mutual Funds	Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	419.39	1,196.99
(iii) Fixed Deposits	Swelect Renewable Energy Private Limited	420.00	199.00
(iv) Mutual Funds	Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	690.00	1,111.33



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsidiaries which	have availed the loans	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(c) Corporate Guarantee of	ffered by the Compa	ny for the loan obtained by Subsi	diaries	
Corporate Guarantee	Swelect Renewable	Energy Private Limited	4,201.00	4,201.00
Corporate Guarantee	Swelect Sun Energy	Private Limited	2,500.00	2,500.00
Corporate Guarantee	Swelect Re Power P	rivate Limited	716.00	-
Corporate Guarantee	Swelect HHV Solar F	Photovoltaics Private Limited	6000.00	-
33 Related party transaction	าร			
Names of Related parties	5			
Subsidiaries		Swelect Energy Systems Pte. Limit Swelect Inc , USA Swelect Solar Energy Private Limite Amex Alloys Private Limited Noel Media & Advertising Private Li Swelect Green Energy Solutions Pt K J Solar Systems Private Limited Swelect Power Systems Private Limited Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited Swelect Renewable Energy Private Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics P	ed mited rivate Limited nited d Limited	
		Swelect RE Power Private Limited Swelect Taiyo Energy Private Limite	ed	
Key Management Personr	iei (Kivif)	Mr. R. Chellappan - Managing Direct Mr. A. Balan - Joint Managing Direct Mr. V.C. Raghunath - Whole Time D Ms. V.C. Mirunalini - Whole Time Direct Mr. K. V. Nachiappan - Whole Time Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan - Non E Mr. G.S.Samuel - Independent Direct Mr. S.Annadurai - Independent Direct Dr. M.Ravi- Independent Direct Mr. S. Krishnan - Independent Direct Dr. S. Iniyan - Independent Direct Ms. Nikhila R - Chief Financial Offic Mr. R. Sathishkumar - Company Se	tor Director Director Executive Director ctor ector v.e.f. 11.02.2023) ctor	
Relatives of Key Managem	nent Personnel	Ms. Gunasundari Chellappan Ms. Aarthi Balan Ms. Preetha Balan Ms. Vasantha Balan Mr. K. N. Rishii Nandhan		
Enterprises owned or signi Key Management Personr		Swelect Electronics Private Limited		
Entity in which the Compa	Entity in which the Company has Control SWEES Employees Welfare Trust			

Terms and conditions of transactions with Related parties:

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail at arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties (31 March 2022: Nil). This assessment is undertaken at the end each financial year through examining the financial position of the related parties and the market in which the related parties operate.
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Related party transactions 33

					-		Enterprise	Enterprises owned or		
Particulars	Subsidiaries	iaries	Key Management Personnel	ement nel	kelatives of key Management Personnel	s of Key ement onnel	by Key Ma Personne	signincantly influenced by Key Management Personnel or their	Total	al
	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23 31 March 22		1 March 23	31 March 23 31 March 22		31 March 23 31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22
Sale of goods	2,612.61	3,554.10	11.08	1.43	•	•	•	2.43	2,623.70	3,557.96
Amex Alloys Private Limited	8.35	17.21	•	•	•	•	•	'	8.35	17.21
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	17.01	0.59	•	•	I	1	ı	1	17.01	0.59
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	4.77	6.39	1	•	1	ı	ı	1	4.77	6.39
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	3.20	0.62	•	•	•	•	•	'	3.20	0.62
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	0.20	•	•	•		•	•	•	0.20	ı
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	1.77	4.02	•	•	1	•	1	1	1.77	4.02
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	06.0	335.04	•	•	•	•	•	'	06.0	335.04
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	206.24	•	•	•		•	•	•	206.24	ı
Swelect Renewables Energy Private Limited	983.92	3,190.23	1	•	1	•	•	1	983.92	3,190.23
Swelect Re Power Private Limited	1,386.25	•	•	•	•	•	•	'	1,386.25	ı
Mr. R. Chellappan	1	•	1.88	0.95	I	1	I	1	1.88	0.95
Mr. A.Balan	ı	'	2.91	•		•	-	'	2.91	I
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	ı	•	6.29	0.48	•	•	•	'	6.29	0.48
Arken Solutions Private Limited	1	•	1	•	•	•	1	2.43	I	2.43
Purchases of traded coods	557.60	10 491 07	-	•	•	•	•	33.43	557 60	10.524.50
	330.17	10 459 31	•	1	•	•			330.17	10 459 31
	105.90	31.76	•	•	•	•	•	1	105.90	31.76
Amex Alloys Private Limited	17.88	'	•	•	•	1	1	1	17.88	1
Swelect Renewables Energy Private Limited	50.35	•	1	•		1	1	1	50.35	1
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	44.30	'	•	1	1	'	1	1	44.30	1
Arken Solutions Private Limited	•	1	•	•	1	1	•	33.43	•	33.43
Dividend Received	•	304.58	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	304.58
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	1	304.58	ı	•	•	•	•	•	•	304.58
Sale of Power	168.46	174.47	•	•	•	•	•	•	168.46	174.47
Amex Alloys Private Limited	168.46	174.47	•	•	1	1	1	1	168.46	174.47
Purchase of Power	17.53	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	17.53	•
Swelect Re Power Private Limited	17.53	1	•	•	1	1	•	1	17.53	•
Reimbursement of expenses	49.70	33.05	•	•	•	•		•	49.70	33.05
Amex Alloys Private Limited	45.03	33.05	-	'	•	-	•	•	45.03	33.05
Swelect Re Power Private Limited	4.67	1	1	•	•	1	•	1	4.67	ı



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in $\tilde{\tau}$ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsidiaries	aries	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	s of Key ement innel	Enterprise significantly by Key Má Personna	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel or their	Total	F
	31 March 23 3	31 March 22 3	31 March 23 31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March	1 23 31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22
Management fees	-		•	•				-	37.44
Amex Allovs Private Limited	2.49	2.04	•	1	•	1	•	2.49	2.04
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	3.57	3.12	•	1	•		•	3.57	3.12
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	5.46	4.92	•	1	1	1	1	5.46	4.92
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	6.72	6.00	•	•	'		'	6.72	6.00
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	5.56	4.80	•	'	•	1	1	5.56	4.80
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	4.77	4.32	•	1	'	1	'	4.77	4.32
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	6.72	6.00	•	•	•	•	1	6.72	6.00
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	4.86	3.24	1	•	•	•	•	4.86	3.24
Swelect Renewables Energy Private Limited	6.72	3.00	•	•	•	•	1	6.72	3.00
Swelect Re Power Private Limited	4.23	•	1	•	'	•	•	4.23	'
Swelect Taiyo Private Limited	2.31	I	•	I	1	I	1	2.31	ı
1		10 01	_						
Rental Income	24.13	13.05	•	•	•	•	•	24.13	13.05
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	1.16	0.73	1	'	'	•	I	1.16	0.73
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	1.16	09.0	•	'	'		'	1.16	09.0
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	1.16	09.0	1	•	'		•	1.16	09.0
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	1.16	09.0	•	1	•	•	•	1.16	09.0
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	1.16	09.0	•	1	•	1	1	1.16	09.0
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	6.79	6.23	•	1	•	•	1	6.79	6.23
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	5.37	2.99	•	'	'	•	•	5.37	2.99
Swelect Renewables Energy Private Limited	3.06	0.70	•	1	•	•	1	3.06	0.70
Swelect Re Power Private Limited	1.69	•	•	•	•	•	1	1.69	•
Swelect Taiyo Private Limited	1.42	•	•	•		•	•	1.42	•
	10 100	104 101							101 10
	024.20	101.40		•	•	•	•	024.20	/01.40
Amex Alloys Private Limited	124.10	346.95	•	•	•		•	124.10	346.95
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	3.45	2.94	-	•	•	•	•	3.45	2.94
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	68.07	67.45	•	-	1	1	•	68.07	67.45
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	0.00	0.58	•	I	I	•	•	00.0	0.58
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	57.65	87.73	•	I	•	•	•	57.65	87.73
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	49.90	99.80	•	•	•	•	•	49.90	99.80
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	200.62	114.60	•	•	•	•	•	200.62	114.60
Swelect HHV Solar PhotovoltaicsPrivate Limited	276.85	38.63	•	I	I	1	•	276.85	38.63
Swelect Renewables Energy Private Limited	32.60	2.80	•	I	I		1	32.60	2.80
Swelect Re Power Private Limited	9.02	1	•	I	I	•	•	9.02	I
Swelect Taiyo Private Limited	1.99	1	•	I	•	·	•	1.99	I
			-						





Particulars	Subsic	Subsidiaries	Key Management Personnel	agement onnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	s of Key ement onnel	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel or their	Enterprises owned or ignificantly influenced by Key Management Personnel or their	Ĕ	Total	
	31 March 23 31 March	22	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 Marcl	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22	
Rent expense	7.89	7.89	2.68	2.55	•	•	1.84	0.78	12.41	11.22	
Mr. R. Chellappan	1	1	2.68	2.55	•		1	•	2.68	2.55	reafter.
Swelect Electronics Private Limited	•	I		I	•		1.84	0.78	1.84	0.78	t
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	7.89	7.89	•				•		7.89	7.89	
Sitting fees	•	•	12.00	8.55	•	•	•	•	12.00	8.55	
Mr. G.S.Samuel	•	•	2.50	2.10	•		•		2.50	2.10	
Mr. S.Annadurai	•	1	2.75	1.95			•	•	2.75	1.95	
Mr. S.Krishnan	•	•	1.75	1.20	•		•	•	1.75	1.20	
Mr. S.Iniyan	•	1	2.00	1.20	•		I	•	2.00	1.20	
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan	•	•	2.75	2.10	•	•	•	•	2.75	2.10	
Mr. M.Ravi	•	1	0.25		•		1	•	0.25	I	
Remuneration	•	•	155.06	171.08	12.86	11.18	1	•	168.36	182.26	
Mr. R. Chellappan	•	I	24.54	43.57	•	•	1	•	24.54	43.57	
Mr. A.Balan	•	1	40.65	43.46	1		•		40.65	43.46	
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	1	1	33.43	35.66	I		1		33.43	35.66	
Mr. V.C.Raghunath	•	1	14.50	12.73	1		1		14.50	12.73	
Ms. V.C.Mirunalini	•	•	11.80	9.94	•	•	•	•	11.80	9.94	
Mr. R.Sathishkumar	1	1	14.47	12.72	I		1		14.47	12.72	
Ms. Nikhila R	•	1	15.67	13.00	1		1		15.67	13.00	
Ms. Aarthi Balan	•	•	•	•	13.30	11.18	•	•	13.30	11.18	
Consultancy Charges	•	•	•	•	8.10	6.94	•	•	8.10	6.94	
Ms. Preetha Balan	•	•	•	•	8.10	6.94	•	•	8.10	6.94	
Dividend paid	•	I	244.92	244.92	6.14	6.14	5.29	5.29	256.35	256.35	
Mr. R Chellappan	•	•	221.94	221.94	•	•	•	•	221.94	221.94	
Mr. A.Balan	•	I	14.08	14.08	-	•	I	•	14.08	14.08	
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	•	•	4.96	4.96	•		•		4.96	4.96	LEC nty E
Mr. V.C.Raghunath	I	•	1.76	1.76	•		I		1.76	1.76	
Ms. V.C.Mirunalini	•	I	2.13	2.13	-	•	I	•	2.13	2.13	
Ms. Gunasundari Chellappan	-	I	-	-	-	•	3.69	3.69	3.69	3.69	
Ms. Aarthi Balan	•	I	I	•	•	•	0.74	0.74	0.74	0.74	
Ms. Preetha Balan	•	I	I	•	•	•	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	
Ms. Vasantha Balan	•	1	•	1	ı	'	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	
Mr. Rishii Nandhan	•	1	•	•	ı		0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	
Swees Employees Welfare Trust	•	•	I	I			5.29	5.29	5.29	5.29	
Others	•	•	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.01			0.02	0.06	



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SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

and in the second										
Dandi Juniana Dandi Juniana					: !		Enterprise	Enterprises owned or		
DeutionIcus			Kev Management	gement	Relatives of Key	s of Key	significant	significantly influenced	I	
	Subsidiaries	aries	Personnel	nnel	Management Personnel	ement onnel	by Key Ma Personn	by Key Management Personnel or their	lotal	a
	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22 3	31 March 23 31 March	31 March 22	31 Marcl	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22
Commission	•	•	6.08	36.80	•	•	•	•	6.08	36.80
Mr. R Chellappan	•	•	4.05	24.54	•	•	1	•	4.05	24.54
Mr. A.Balan	•	•	1.01	6.13	•	•	1	•	1.01	6.13
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	•	•	1.01	6.13	1	•	1	•	1.01	6.13
Non-Current investments made	1,531.56	1,800.30	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,531.56	1,800.30
Swelect Renewables Energy Private Limited	•	1,800.30	•	•	•	•	1	1	•	1,800.30
Swelect Re Power Private Limited	644.56	1	•	•	1	•	1	•	644.56	1
Swelect Taiyo Energy Private Limited *	887.00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	887.00	1
Conversion of Loan to Shares	4,000.00	2,373.79	•	•	•	•	•	•	4,000.00	266.97
SWELECT Inc, USA	•	266.97	•	•	•	•	1	•	'	266.97
Amex Alloys Private Limited	4,000.00	•	•	•	1	•	1	•	4,000.00	•
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	•	2,106.82	•	•	1		1	1	•	•
Deferred Income	3,377.92	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	3,377.92	•
Swelect Taiyo Private Limited	3,377.92	1	1	•	1	1	1	•	3,377.92	1
Advances made	15,492.27	9,200.00	•	•	•	•	•	•	15,492.27	9,200.00
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	11.26	7.78	•	•	•	•	1	•	11.26	7.78
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	100.59	62.22	•	•		•	1	1	100.59	62.22
Amex Alloys Private Limited	3,594.19	3,053.52	•	•	•	•	1	•	3,594.19	3,053.52
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	158.40	107.46	1	•	1	•	1	•	158.40	107.46
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	1,120.93	586.60	•	•	1	•	1	•	1,120.93	586.60
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	406.45	70.78	1	•	1	•	1	•	406.45	70.78
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	7,567.89	2,497.98	1	'	1		1	•	7,567.89	2,497.98
Swelect Renewables Energy Private Limited	668.11	836.45	•	'	1		1	1	668.11	836.45
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	1,420.07	1,977.21	1	'	1		1	'	1,420.07	1,977.21
Swelect RE Power Private Limited	363.45	-	I	1	1	1	I	1	363.45	1
Swelect Taiyo Private Limited	80.93	1	•	'	'		'	1	80.93	1
Repayment of advances	13,028.07	9,034.51	•	'	•		•	•	13,028.07	9,034.51
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	1.39	4.45	I	1	I	1	1	•	1.39	4.45
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	157.10	20.00	I	'	1		1	•	157.10	20.00
Amex Alloys Private Limited	7,362.80	2,665.15	1	'	1	1	1	'	7,362.80	2,665.15
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	270.71	355.05	1	'	1	•	1	'	270.71	355.05
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	509.54	4,207.05	'	'	'	•	'	•	509.54	4,207.05
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	401.16	70.75	'	'	1	•	'	•	401.16	70.75
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	3,090.73	724.20	1	1	1	1	1	1	3,090.73	724.20
Swelect Renewables Energy Private Limited	229.30	836.45	I	I	I	I	I	1	229.30	836.45
Swelect RE Power Private Limited	69.94	I	I	1	I	1	I	1	69.94	I
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	934.41	151.40	I	I	•	•	I	1	934.41	151.40
Swelect Taiyo Private Limited	1.00	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1.00	•





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ξ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

33 Related party transactions

							•	-		
Particulars	Subsidiaries	iaries	Key Management Personnel	agement onnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	s of Key ement onnel	Enterprise significantly by Key Ma Personne relat	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel or their relatives	Total	tal
	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 22 31 March 23 31 March 22 31 March 23 31 March 22 31 March 23 31 March 23 31 March 22 31 March 23 31 March 22	31 March 22
Balance outstanding as at the year end:										
Advance Received on Sales	•	338.55	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	338.55
Swelect Renewables Energy Private limited	ı	338.55	•	•	•	•	•	1	I	338.55
Trade payables	968.94	10,118.29	15.13	4.53	•	•	•	16.44	984.07	10,139.26
Swelect Energy Systems Pte. Limited., Singapore	968.94	10,079.93	-	•	•	•	•	-	968.94	10,079.93
Arken Solutions Private Limited	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	16.44	•	16.44
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	•	36.22	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	36.22
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	-	2.13	-	I	1	-	I	•	-	2.13
Mr. R Chellappan	•	•	6.34	•	•	•	•	•	6.34	•
Mr. A.Balan	1	1	4.29	1	-	•	•	1	4.29	•
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	•	•	4.31	4.53	1	1	1	I	4.31	4.53
Ms. V.C.Mirunalini	•	1	0.19	•	·	•		I	0.19	I
Capital Creditors	19.15	17.60	•	•	•	•			19.15	17.60
Swelect Energy Systems Pte. Limited., Singapore	19.15	17.60	I	ı	I	I		I	19.15	17.60
Amounts receivable from related parties										
Trade receivables	5,257.56	736.74	•	•	•	•	•	•	5,257.56	736.74
Amex Alloys Private Limited	758.99	683.56	I	ı	I	I	ı	I	758.99	683.56
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	10.00	1.03	ı	ı	I	I	1	I	10.00	1.03
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	7.37	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	7.37	•
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	16.51	9.27			•	•		•	16.51	9.27
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	8.95	0.34	I	I	-	1		•	8.95	0.34
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	•	42.54			-	•		•	•	42.54
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private limited	193.74	•	ı		•	•		•	193.74	•
Swelect Renewables Energy Private limited	212.47	•	ı		•	•		•	212.47	I
Swelect RE Power Private Limited	201.29	•	·	I	I	I	•	I	201.29	I



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsi	idiaries	Key Management Personnel	agement onnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	s of Key ement nnel	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel or their relatives	s owned or r influenced nagement il or their ives	Ъ	Total
	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23 31 March 22 31 March 23 31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22	31 March 23	31 March 22
Swelect Taiyo energy Private limited	3,848.24	•	•		•	•	•		3,848.24	-
Advances	12891.08	10,426.55	•	•	•	•	•		12891.08	10,426.55
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	48.10	38.24	I	ı	•	1	1	•	48.10	38.24
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	796.46	852.97	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	796.46	852.97
Amex Alloys Private Limited	1,143.73	4,912.34	ı	1	•	1	1	•	1,143.73	4,912.34
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	753.07	865.38	ı	I	I	I	ı	I	753.07	865.38
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	630.96	19.24	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	630.96	19.24
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	5.33	0.03	•	I	-	-	-	•	5.33	0.03
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private limited	6,250.95	1,773.78	ı	I	I	I	I	I	6,250.95	1,773.78
Swelect Renewables Energy Private limited	438.81	I	1	I	I	-	I	I	438.81	-
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	2,450.23	1,964.57	I	I	-	-	-	•	2,450.23	1,964.57
Swelect RE Power Private Limited	293.51	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	293.51	-
Swelect Taiyo Energy Private limited	79.93	-	1	I	I	-		ı	79.93	ı





SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

34 Directors' remuneration

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Salaries	124.92	145.36
Commission	6.08	36.80
Total Directors' remuneration	131.00	182.16

35 Contingent liabilities and Commitments:

(a) Contingent liabilities

The details of claims against the company not acknowledged as debts are given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
a) Excise related matters ##	671.95	671.94
b) Sales tax related matters **	25.77	35.77
c) Income tax related matters #	2,812.40	2,812.40
Total Contingencies	3,510.11	3,520.11

** ₹ 10.30 lakhs deposited under dispute in the earlier years

₹ 140.76 lakhs deposited under dispute in the earlier years

₹ 65.68 lakhs deposited under dispute in the earlier years

Management Assessment:

The amount shown under Contingent Liabilities and disputed claims represent the best possible estimates arrived at on the basis of available information. Further, various Government authorities raise issues/clarifications in the normal course of business and the Company has provided its responses to the same and no formal demands/claims has been made by the authorities in respect of the same other than those pending before various judicial/regulatory forums as disclosed above. The uncertainties and possible reimbursement in respect of the above are dependent on the outcome of the various legal proceedings, which have been initiated by the Company or the Claimants, as the case may be and therefore cannot be predicted accurately. The Company has reviewed all the proceedings and has adequately provided for wherever provisions are required and disclosed contingent liabilities wherever applicable, in its financial statements. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

36 Net equity dividend remitted in foreign exchange

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Period to which it related	2021-22	2020-21
Number of non-resident shareholders	7	7
Number of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each held on which dividend was due	4,28,550	4,28,550
Dividend per share	3.00	3.00
Amount remitted	12.86	12.86

37 Financial Instruments

Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Financial instruments by category

	A	s at 31 March 2023	3	As	s at 31 March 2022	
	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total
Financial assets						
Investment in equity instruments	30.35	-	30.35	30.35	-	30.35
Investments	27,655.22	500.00	28,155.22	28,289.44	500.00	28,789.44
Loan to related parties		12,894.88	12,894.88		10,426.55	10,426.55
Trade receivables	-	7,169.98	7,169.98	-	6,378.35	6,378.35
Cash and cash equivalents	-	183.04	183.04	-	3,418.39	3,418.39
Other bank balances	-	13,132.68	13,132.68	-	9,056.97	9,056.97
Balances with Government Authorities	-	131.53	131.53	-	337.08	337.08
Security deposits and loans	-	813.89	813.89	-	766.62	766.62
Other Current Financial assets	-	-	-	-	8.24	8.24
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	-	183.54	183.54	-	99.53	99.53
Advance to employees	-	1.62	1.62	-	0.12	0.12
Total financial assets	27,685.57	35,011.16	62,696.73	28,319.79	30,991.85	59,311.64
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings - Term loans	-	12,846.84	12,846.84	-	13,283.65	13,283.65
Borrowings - Others	-	23,636.46	23,636.46	-	15,605.86	15,605.86
Interest accrued	-	92.56	92.56	-	95.88	95.88
Trade Payables	-	3,358.45	3,358.45	-	17,590.80	17,590.80
Capital Creditors	-	19.15	19.15	-	17.60	17.60
Unpaid Dividend	-	9.01	9.01	-	8.81	8.81
Rental Deposit	-	167.50	167.50	-	177.48	177.48
Lease liability	-	115.01	115.01	-	100.87	100.87
Total financial liabilities	-	40,244.68	40,244.68	-	46,880.95	46,880.95

Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard.

(a) Financial assets and liabilities valued at fair value

	As at 3	31 March 2023	3	As at 3	31 March 2022	2
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets						
Investment in equity instruments	-	-	30.35	-	-	30.35
Other Investments	27,655.22	-	-	28,289.44	-	-
	27,655.22	-	30.35	28,289.44	-	30.35



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(b) Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

The Company has not disclosed fair values of financial instruments such as trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other Bank balances, security deposits, loans and advances to related parties, lease rental receivables, interest accrued on fixed deposits, certain advances to employees, trade payables and employee benefits payables (that are short term in nature), because their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of their fair values.

(c) Offsetting

The Company has not offset financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022. The Company's borrowing are secured by Fixed deposits/Mutual funds, the details of which are more fully described in Note 16.

37A Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires Management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, accompanying disclosures, and disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, Management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the standalone financial statements:

Service concession arrangements

Management has assessed applicability of Appendix C of Ind AS 115: Service Concession Arrangements to power distribution arrangements entered into by the Company. In assessing the applicability, Management has exercised significant judgment in relation to the underlying ownership of the assets, terms of the power distribution arrangements entered with the grantor, ability to determine prices, value of construction service, assessment of right to guaranteed cash etc.

Operating lease commitments - Company as lessor

The Company has entered into commercial property leases on its Investment Property portfolio. The Company has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the fair value of the asset, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Taxes

Significant Management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets (including MAT credit) that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Allowance for uncollectible trade receivables

Trade receivables do not carry interest and are stated at their nominal values as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Estimated irrecoverable amounts are based on the ageing of the receivable balances and historical experiences. Individual trade receivables are written off when Management deems them not collectible. The Company has evaluated the receivable balances and has made allowances for the estimated irrecoverable amounts and no further allowance/write-off is expected on the receivables by the Company.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Warranties

Provision for warranties involves a significant amount of estimation. The provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The best estimate is determined based on the Company's past experience of warranty claims and future expectations. These estimates are revised periodically.

Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

Defined benefit plans

"The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment compensated absences and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. Further details about defined benefit obligations are given in Note 31.

37B Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. There are no new Standards that became effective during the year. Amendments that became effective during the year did not have any material effect. On 31 March 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

1. Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements -

This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies.

2. Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors -

This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates.

3. Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes -

This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of these amendments is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendments and the impact of the amendments are insignificant in the financial statements.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

38A Financial Risk Management Objectives & Policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of short tenured borrowings, trade and other payables. Most of these liabilities relate to the Company's working capital cycle. The Company has trade and other receivables, loans and advances that arise directly from its operations.

The Company is accordingly exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's senior Management oversees Management of these risks. The senior professionals working to manage the financial risks for the Company are accountable to the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee. This process provides assurance that the Company's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Company's policies and overall risk appetite. All foreign currency hedging activities for risk Management purposes, to the extent applicable, are carried out by a team that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. In addition, independent views from bankers and currency market experts are obtained periodically to validate risk mitigation decisions. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken.

The Audit Committee reviews and agree policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below:

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises currency rate risk and interest rate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and advances.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rate movement.

Particulars	As at	As at
Faiticulais	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Variable rate borrowings	36,483.00	28,889.51
Total	36,483.00	28,889.51

(i) Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings. With all the other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

Particulars	Increase/ decrease in basis points	Effect on Profit before tax
31 March 2023	+150 basis points	(547.25)
	- 150 basis points	547.25
31 March 2022	+ 53 basis points	(153.11)
	- 53 basis points	153.11

(ii) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company transacts business in local currency and in foreign currency, primarily US Dollars and Euro. The Company has foreign currency trade payables and receivables and is therefore, exposed to foreign currency risk.

The Company manages its foreign currency risk by way of a periodical assessment for hedging appropriate percentage of its foreign currency exposure, as per its established risk Management policy duly considering the nature of the foreign currency receivable/payables, the fluctuation in the foreign currencies etc.



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Foreign Currency Sensitivity

The Company does not have outstanding derivates as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 and all of its foreign currency exposure is unhedged. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity in the USD, Euro and other currencies to the functional currency of the Company, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's Profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including foreign currency derivatives.

		Effect on profit before tax		Effect on equity	
Particulars	Change in currency exchange rate	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022
US Dollars	+5%	(50.36)	(869.77)	(50.36)	(869.77)
	-5%	50.36	869.77	50.36	869.77
Euro	+5%	(1.18)	(0.35)	(1.18)	(0.35)
	-5%	1.18	0.35	1.18	0.35

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities, primarily trade receivables and from its financing activities, including deposits with Banks, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

(i) Trade and other receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk Management. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on credit terms in line with respective industry norms. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The Company has no concentration of credit risk as the customer base is widely distributed both economically and geographically.

Exposures to customers outstanding at the end of each reporting period are reviewed by the Company to determine incurred and expected credit losses based on historical trends and other factors. Given that the macro economic indicators affecting customers of the Company have not undergone any substantial change, the Company expects the historical trend of minimal credit losses to continue. Further, Management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are past due by more than 360 days are still collectible in full, based on historical payment behaviour and extensive analysis of customer credit risk. The impairment loss at the reporting dates related to several customers that have defaulted on their payments to the Company and are not expected to be able to pay their outstanding balances, mainly due to economic circumstances.

In addition, an impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for all the major individual customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets that are not secured by security deposits. The ageing analysis of trade receivables as of the reporting date is as follows:

Portiouloro	Neither past due	Past due but	Total		
Particulars	nor impaired	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total	
Trade Receivables as at 31 March 2023	4,793.68	862.13	1,514.16	7,169.97	
Trade Receivables As at 31 March 2022	4,507.18	303.25	1,567.92	6,378.35	

The requirement for impairment is analysed at each reporting date and provision is based on the Expected Credit Loss Method by following a provision matrix which results in provision percentages in the range of 10% to 100% based on the age bucket of receivables ranging from 1.5 years to 5 years and more.



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Lease rent receivable

The Company's leasing arrangements represent the Buildings and Land let out to various customers which have been classified as Operating Lease. The creditworthiness of the customer is evaluated prior to sanctioning credit facilities. Appropriate procedures for follow-up and recovery are in place to monitor credit risk. The Company does not expect any losses from non-performance by these customers.

Cash and Bank balances

The Company holds cash and cash equivalents with credit worthy Banks and financial institutions as at the reporting date. The credit worthiness of such Banks and financial institutions are evaluated by the Management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

Other financial assets including investments

The Company does not expect any losses from non-performance by the counter-parties.

(ii) Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with Banks is managed by Company's treasury team in accordance with the policy approved by the Board. Investments of surplus funds are made temporarily with approved counterparties, mainly mutual funds, who meet the minimum threshold requirements under the counterparty risk assessment process.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet it cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash Management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including loans, debt, and overdraft from both domestic and international banks at an optimised cost.

The table below summarise the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

As at 31 March 2023					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1- 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying Value
Borrowings	27,330.11	8,630.11	522.79	36,483.00	36,483.00
Trade Payables	3,358.45	-	-	3,358.45	3,358.45
Lease liability	2.93	112.08	-	115.01	115.01
Other financial liabilities	179.71	108.51	-	288.22	288.22
Total	30,868.27	8,738.62	522.79	40,244.68	40,244.68
	As at 31 March 2022				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1- 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying Value
Borrowings	17,452.98	10,476.24	960.29	28,889.51	28,889.51
Trade Payables	17,590.80	-	-	17,590.80	17,590.80
Lease liability	92.76	8.11	-	100.87	100.87
Other financial liabilities	198.88	100.89	-	299.77	299.77
Total	35,335.42	10,585.24	960.29	46,880.95	46,880.95



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

40 Discontinued Operations

During the year 2014, the Company had acquired 100% equity of HHV Solar Technologies Limited, an entity engaged in manufacturing of Solar Photovoltaic modules and having its plant located at Dabaspet, Bengaluru, Karnataka. The capacity of the plant was increased in stages to reach the present capacity of 110 MW. The above acquisition was considered due to the benefits of quality assurance, cost saving and availability of modules to complete the projects within the timeline etc. Thereafter, during the year 2016 the above subsidiary got merged with the Company for administrative convenience. The solar modules being manufactured by the above plant have been sold by the Company in various forms such as using the modules for its Independent Power Producing (IPP) plants and Engineering, Procurement and Commissioning (EPC) projects for customers and also selling directly to outside markets. Since the plant was owned by the company, it helped the Company to meet tender requirements, some of which stipulated that the modules should be 'Made in India Now, the Renewable Manufacturing industry is facing unexpected Market changes like availability of specific type of Solar Cells (M3/ G1 158.75 mm) which are being used by the above plant for making solar modules and there will soon be a dearth of solar cell suppliers of the above kind. If the raw material unavailability situation continues, the Company might have to maintain the plant at substantially understated capacity, i.e. at less than the minimum production requirement capacity / below break-even point levels, in which case, the Company will incur losses especially with respect to the non-recovery of fixed cost expenses like running of air conditioners, rental expenses etc. Keeping in view the change/ advancement in technology and to control the above mentioned losses, the Shareholders in its meeting held on 28 July 2022 has concurred with the decision of the management to stop the production of this Plant (Dabaspet, Bengaluru) permanently.

Consequent to above, during the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company has provided for the settlement of employees, paid duty component for exiting out of EOU and undertaken activities relevant to closure of the facilities.

As at

S.No Particulars 31 March 2023 31 March 2022 1 Income Revenue from operations 2,092.11 6,116.53 Other income 15.50 7.39 **Total Income** 2,107.61 6,123.92 2 Expenses a. Cost of Materials Consumed 1,943.93 7,586.94 (Increase)/Decrease in Inventories of Finished goods, (1,752.38)h. Work-in-progress and Stock-in -Trade d. **Employee Benefits Expense** 168.68 225.33 Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 984.09 338.28 e. 6.06 210.90 f. **Finance Costs** Other Expenses 1,335.59 1,090.32 g. 4,438.34 7,699.39 **Total Expenses** 3 Loss before tax (2,330.73)(1,575.47)4 Tax expense 5 Net Loss from discontinued operations (2,330.73)(1,575.47)

Pursuant to the above decision, the results of the above discontinued unit is presented separately.

As at



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

41 Capital Management

Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company and net debt. Primary objective of Company's capital Management is to ensure that it maintains an optimum financing structure and healthy returns in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments, in light of the changes in economic conditions or business requirements. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Gearing Ratio:

Deutieuleur	As at	As at 31 March 2022	
Particulars	31 March 2023		
Borrowings	36,598.01	28,990.38	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	188.78	3,473.07	
Net Debt	36,786.79	32,463.45	
Equity	73,539.13	71,042.41	
Total Capital	73,539.13	71,042.41	
Gearing Ratio	0.50	0.46	

42 The Company has investments (net) aggregating ₹ 11,186.18 lakhs (As at March 2022 ₹ 7,186.18 lakhs) and loans & advances aggregating ₹ 1,149.05 lakhs (As at 31 March 2022 ₹ 4,912.37 lakhs) relating to two operating subsidiaries of the Company who has accumulated losses as per the audited financial statements as at 31 March 2023. During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company had carried out a detailed assessment of the recoverability of its investments and loans & advances duly considering revenue projections of the subsidiaries based on the most recent long-term forecasts, resultant cash flows using an appropriate discount rate as well as significant estimates and judgements involving certain new projects and expected clearances and approvals from relevant authorities. All of these estimates and judgements have inherent uncertainties and the actual results may differ from that estimated as at the date of the Balance sheet. The estimation of revenue projections is based on the Management's assessment of probability of securing new businesses in the future, duly considering adverse business impact. The Management has concluded that the carrying value of the investments, net of the above provision, and Loans & Advances are recoverable duly considering the expected future business projections as at 31 March 2023.

43 The following are ratios disclosed:

S.No.	RATIOS	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Variance
1	Current Ratio	1.49	1.53	-3%
2	Debt-Equity Ratio	0.50	0.46	22%
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.22	0.34	-34%*
4	Return on Equity Ratio	1.31	4.76	-72%*
5	Inventory turnover ratio	1.57	1.96	-20%
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	3.69	3.86	-4%
7	Trade Payables turnover ratio	1.48	1.42	4%
8	Net capital turnover ratio	1.45	1.48	-2%
9	Net profit ratio	3.7%	0.12	-68%*
10	Return on Capital employed,	0.36%	3.39%	-89%*
11	Return on investment	47.51	45.87	4%

The costs incurred for the current year with respect to discontinued operations has affected the ratios indicated. This would be a one-time impact for the current year.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

S.No	RATIOS	Numerator	Denominator
1	Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities
2	Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt	Equity
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings before Interest, Tax and Exceptional Items	Interest Expense + Principal Repayments made during the year for long term loans
4	Return on Equity Ratio	Profit after Tax	Average Net Worth
5	Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of Goods Sold (Cost of Material Consumed + Purchases + Changes in Inventory + Manufacturing Expenses)	Average Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock-in-Process and Stock-in-Trade
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Value of Sales & Services	Average Trade Receivables
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	Cost of Materials Consumed (after adjustment of RM Inventory) + Purchases of Stock-in- Trade + Other Expenses	Average Trade Payables
8	Net capital turnover ratio	Value of Sales & Services	Working Capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities
9	Net profit ratio	Profit After Tax (after exceptional items)	Value of Sales & Services
10	Return on Capital employed	Net Profit After Tax + Deferred Tax Expense/ (Income) + Finance Cost (-) Other Income	Average Capital Employed
11	Return on investment	Other Income (Excluding Dividend)	

44 Additional Information:

- (a) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (b) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year
- (c) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (d) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (e) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (f) To the best of its knowledge, The Company has not had any transaction with any struck-off companies.
- (g) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with the ROC beyond the statutory period as at the year ended 31 March 2023.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- 45 Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary.
- **46** The Board duly taking into account all the relevant disclosures made, has approved these standalone financial statements in its meeting held on 29 May 2023 in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Swelect Energy Systems Limited

Sd/-**R. Chellappan** Managing Director DIN:00016958 Sd/-A. Balan Joint Managing Director DIN:00017091

Sd/-**R. Sathishkumar** Company Secretary Sd/-**Nikhila R** Chief Financial Officer

Place: Chennai Date: 29 May 2023

Sty powerful when sun shines. And thereafter...

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated financial statements of **SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED** ("the Parent") and its subsidiaries, (the Parent and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements / financial information of the subsidiaries referred to in the Other Matters section below, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2023, and their consolidated profit, their consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated cash flows and their consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of the Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 47 of the consolidated financial statements, which describes the management's assessment of impairment of Property, plant and equipment in two operating subsidiaries, either on account of accumulated losses or significant reduction in revenues in those subsidiaries. This assessment also considers the uncertainties arising from COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

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Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Response to Key Audit Matter	
1	Impairment of Property, Plant & Equipment of two	Principal audit procedure performed:	
	Iosses. Impairment of Property, Plant & Equipment of two operating subsidiaries which has accumulated losses Property, Plant & Equipment (net) aggregating to ₹ 8,923.34 lakhs as at 31 March 2023 relating to two operating subsidiaries, which has accumulated losses [Refer Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements]. The group has carried out detailed evaluation considering various factors and concluded that the carrying value of property, plant and equipment are good and recoverable. Due to multitude of factors and assumptions involved in determining the forecasted revenues and cash flows on the discount rate and growth rate used in the projection period, significant judgements are required to estimate the recoverable values. Any adverse changes to these assumptions could result into reduction in the fair value determined, resulting in a potential impairment to be recognised.	Our procedures relating to impairment of property, plant and equipment included the following, among others:	
		We understood and tested the effectiveness of internal controls over the Company's forecasting process and Property, Plant and Equipment impairment review including controls relating to the valuation methodology used, the completeness and accuracy of the input data considered, including the reasonableness of key assumptions considered in determining the future projections and the impairment calculations.	
		We had discussions with the component auditors in regard to the impairment evaluation of property, plant and equipment pertaining to two operating subsidiaries. Also, we have	
		sent out referral instructions to the component auditors and evaluated the responses received from them. The procedures performed by the component auditors and which were evaluated by us are as follows:	
		Component audit team have received the valuation report (prepared by the external valuation specialist or as prepared by the management, as applicable) and considered as part of their impairment testing over the Property, Plant and Equipment.	
		Component audit team have evaluated appropriateness of the valuation methodology used and the reasonableness of the key assumptions considered by the management, such as discount rate and growth rate considering the historical accuracy of the Company's estimates in the prior periods	
		The component audit team has compared the actual revenues and cash flows generated by these subsidiaries during the year as to the projections and estimates considered in the previous year.	

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Parent's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board of
 Director's report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, the standalone financial statements and our
 auditor's report thereon which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, and the Annual Report, which is expected
 to be made available to us after the date.
- Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, compare with the financial statements of the subsidiaries audited by the other auditors, to the extent it relates to these entities and, in doing so, place reliance on the work of the other auditors and consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. Other information so far as it relates to the subsidiaries is traced from their financial statements auditors.
- If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Parent's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Parent, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the respective entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate their respective entities or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on
 whether the Parent has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and
 the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
 evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the
 ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
 attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are
 inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
 report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities within the Group to express an
 opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the
 audit of the financial statements of entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent
 auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors,



such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Parent and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

- (a) We did not audit the financial statements/financial information of 13 Subsidiaries, whose financial statements/financial information reflect total assets of ₹ 74,885 lakhs as at 31 March 2023 and total revenue of ₹ 9,981 lakhs and net cash outflows amounting to ₹ 6,326 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements / financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and our report in terms of subsection (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.
- (b) We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of 1 subsidiary, whose financial statements/ financial Information reflect total assets of ₹ 193 lakhs as at 31 March 2023, total revenues of ₹ Nil and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 22 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statement / financial information are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements / financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements above and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements / financial Information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on the separate financial statements / financial information of the subsidiaries, referred to in the Other Matters section above we report, to the extent applicable that:
- 2. a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books, returns and the reports of the other auditors.
 - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Parent as on 31 March 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies none of the directors of the Group companies is disqualified as on 31 March 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.



- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditors' reports of the Parent company and subsidiary companies. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of those companies.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended,

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the auditor's reports of subsidiary companies incorporated in India, the remuneration paid by the Parent Company and such subsidiary companies to their respective directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
 - ii) The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent.
 - iv) (a) The Management of the Parent have represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to accounts, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Parent to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities.
 - (b) The Management of the Parent whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to accounts, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Parent from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material mis-statement.
 - v) The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Parent during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

As stated in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Parent have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members of the Parent at the ensuing respective Annual General Meetings. Such dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

- vi) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable w.e.f. 1 April 2023 to the Parent and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.
- 2. With respect to the matters specified in clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 and paragraph 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO"/ "the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us and the auditors of respective companies included in the consolidated financial statements to which reporting under CARO is applicable, as provided to us by the Management of the Parent, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the CARO reports

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

C Manish Muralidhar Partner (Membership No.213649) (UDIN: 23213649BGVBYZ3406)

Place: Chennai Date: 29 May 2023



ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31 March 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of **SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED** (hereinafter referred to as "Parent") and its subsidiary companies, which includes internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Parent, its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Parent, its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the auditors of the subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, in terms of their reports referred to in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the parent, its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance



with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, the Parent Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, have in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements are stablished by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India".

Other Matters

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to 10 subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, is based solely on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Place: Chennai Date: 29 May 2023 C Manish Muralidhar Partner (Membership No.213649) (UDIN: 23213649BGVBYZ3406)



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	Note No.	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(A) ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	50,188.96	40,792.92
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3	3,150.24	2,456.60
(c) Right of use Assets	3A	110.21	234.31
(d) Investment Property	4	3,673.39	2,257.20
(e) Goodwill on Consolidation		789.74	789.74
(f) Other Intangible assets	5	11,787.90	12,529.97
(g) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	6(a)	530.35	530.35
(ii) Loans	6(c)	691.26	590.41
(iii) Trade receivables	9	-	480.00
(iv) Other financial assets	6(d)	3,661.45	6,294.17
(h) Income Tax Asset (Net)		1,104.80	959.68
(i) Deferred Tax Asset (Net)	17(a)	172.20	165.84
(j) Other non-current assets	7	1,072.00	1,341.79
Total Non-Current Assets		76,932.50	69,422.98
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	8	13,694.56	16,177.67
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	6(b)	27,948.36	28,570.73
(ii) Loans	6(c)	215.55	156.12
(iii) Trade receivables	9	6,697.29	8,623.70
(iv) Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,160.25	10,744.87
(v) Other Bank balances	6(e)	5.74	54.68
(vi) Other financial assets	6(d)	19,294.71	4,832.06
(c) Other Current assets	11	2,755.44	1,687.15
Total Current assets		71,771.90	70,846.98
TOTAL ASSETS		1,48,704.40	1,40,269.96



PARTICULARS	Note No.	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(B) EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	12	1,515.88	1,515.88
(b) Other Equity	13	77,207.47	76,044.25
(c) Non-Controlling interests		1,645.05	1,115.87
Total Equity		80,368.40	78,676.00
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15(a)	23,225.27	18,532.04
(ia) Lease liabilities	3(b)	112.08	8.11
(ii) Other financial liabilities	15(b)	108.51	100.89
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	17(b)	280.11	256.73
(c) Provisions	18	486.76	519.88
(d) Other non-current liabilities	16(a)	18.19	115.13
Total Non-Current liabilities		24,230.92	19,532.78
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15(a)	31,677.04	27,120.14
(ia) Lease liabilities	3(b)	2.93	235.88
(ii) Trade payables	19		
(A) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	i	496.17	629.29
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	i	7,640.14	12,322.96
(iii) Other financial liabilities	15(b)	1,522.85	768.20
(b) Other current liabilities	20	2,497.98	567.90
(c) Provisions	18	267.96	416.81
Total Current Liabilities		44,105.08	42,061.18
Total Liabilities		68,336.00	61,593.96
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,48,704.40	1,40,269.96

See accompanying notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In terms of our report attached For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Sd/-**C Manish Muralidhar** Partner Membership no: 213649

Place : Chennai Date: 29 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Swelect Energy Systems Limited

Sd/-**R. Chellappan** Managing Director DIN:00016958

Sd/-**R. Sathishkumar** Company Secretary Sd/-A. Balan Joint Managing Director DIN:00017091

Sd/-**Nikhila R** Chief Financial Officer



Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in $\tilde{*}$ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

PAF	RTICULARS	Note No.	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
I	INCOME			
	Revenue from operations	21	36,598.08	35,425.35
	Other Income	22	2,435.14	2,074.66
	Total Income	-	39,033.22	37,500.01
11	EXPENSES	-		
	Cost of raw materials and components consumed	23	7,237.13	12,898.61
	Purchase of traded goods	23A	4,976.39	11,724.12
	Decrease / (Increase) in inventories of work-in-progress, traded goods and finished goods	24	6,383.78	(7,563.88)
	Employee benefits expense	25	2,739.21	2,576.78
	Finance costs	26	3,174.14	2,276.44
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	27	3,344.97	2,755.39
	Other expenses	28	8,066.70	7,706.03
	Total expenses	-	35,922.32	32,373.49
11	Profit before tax from continuing operations (I - II)	_	3,110.90	5,126.52
V	Tax Expense			
	Current tax		133.89	239.33
	Deferred Tax (Net)	_	4.17	69.98
	Income tax expense	-	138.06	309.31
V	Profit after tax from continuing operations (III-IV)		2,972.84	4,817.21
VI	Loss from discontinued operations		(2,330.73)	(1,575.47)
	Net Profit for the year from continuing and discontinued operations (V+VI)		642.11	3,241.74
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	_		
	Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods			
	Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans		24.16	35.47
	Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods			
	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		1,039.38	483.57
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	1,063.54	519.04
	Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	1,705.65	3,760.78



RTICULARS	Note No.	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Profit for the year			
Attributable to :			
Owners of the Parent		554.44	3,240.23
Non-Controlling interests		87.66	1.51
Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
Attributable to :			
Owners of the Parent		1,063.54	519.04
Non-Controlling interests		-	-
Attributable to :			
Owners of the Parent		1,617.98	3,759.26
Non-Controlling interests		87.66	1.51
Total Comprehensive Income for the year			
Earnings per share (Face Value of ₹ 10/- each) from continuing operations			
1. Basic (in ₹)		19.61	31.78
2. Diluted (in ₹)		19.61	31.78
Earnings per share (Face Value of ₹ 10/- each) from discontinued operations			
1. Basic (in ₹)		(15.38)	(10.39)
2. Diluted (in ₹)		(15.38)	(10.39)
Earnings per share (Face Value of ₹ 10/- each) from continuing and discontinued operations			
1. Basic (in ₹)	29	4.24	21.39
2. Diluted (in ₹)	29	4.24	21.39

See accompanying notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP	For and on behalf of the Bo	oard of Directors
Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)	Swelect Energy Systems	Limited
Sd/- C Manish Muralidhar Partner Membership no: 213649	Sd/- R. Chellappan Managing Director DIN:00016958	Sd/- A. Balan Joint Managing Director DIN:00017091
Place : Chennai Date: 29 May 2023	Sd/- R. Sathishkumar Company Secretary	Sd/- Nikhila R Chief Financial Officer

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SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Consolidated Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Profit after taxation	642.11	3,241.74
Adjustments for:		
Tax expense	138.06	309.31
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense (from continuing and discontinuing operation)	4,329.06	3,093.68
Profit on Investments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss	(684.24)	(942.65)
Net gain from the sale of current investment	(546.74)	(342.39)
Provision for bad and doubtful debts and Bad debts written off	-	444.02
Liabilities no longer required, written back	(142.39)	(16.64)
Interest expense	3,180.20	2,487.34
Interest income	(1,065.43)	(774.32)
Provision for warranties	17.97	21.51
Exchange (gains) / Losses	1,039.38	483.57
(Gain) on disposal of Property, plant and equipment	(3.08)	(1.85)
Operating profit before working capital / other changes	6,904.90	8,003.32
Movement in working capital / Others :		
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	2,406.41	(1,940.25)
(Increase) / Decrease in current and non-current assets	(958.78)	(1,064.93)
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	2,483.11	(9,524.23)
(Increase) / Decrease in current and non-current financial assets	4,989.80	7,941.05
(Decrease)/ Increase in trade payables, other current and long term liabilities	(2,188.37)	6,888.43
(Decrease)/ Increase in provisions	(224.09)	183.79
Cash flow generated from operations	13,412.98	10,487.18
Income Tax paid, net of refunds	(266.16)	(786.32)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities (A)	13,146.82	9,700.86



PARTICULARS	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
B. Cash flow from investing activities:		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment, investment Property and intangible assets	(15,134.05)	(8,686.89)
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant and Equipment	44.27	43.15
(Investment) / redemption of current investments	1,853.35	(113.94)
Changes in other bank balances	(16,770.79)	232.30
Interest received	1,065.43	774.32
Infusion of Minority interest share capital	529.18	469.38
Net cash flow used in investing activities (B)	(28,412.61)	(7,281.68)
C. Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds / (Repayment) of borrowings	4,877.48	13,127.49
Unpaid Dividend transfer	(0.21)	2.05
Payment of Lease liabilities	(233.38)	(282.39)
Interest paid	(3,109.33)	(2,453.12)
Dividend paid	(454.76)	(454.76)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	1,079.80	9,939.27
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(14,185.99)	12,358.46
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,501.23	(9,857.23)
Closing cash and cash equivalents	(11,684.76)	2,501.23
Cash and Cash equivalents (Refer Note 10(a))	(11,684.76)	2,501.23

See accompanying notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Chartered Accountants** Swelect Energy Systems Limited (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018) Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-C Manish Muralidhar R. Chellappan A. Balan Partner Managing Director Joint Managing Director DIN:00016958 DIN:00017091 Membership no: 213649 Sd/-Sd/-

Place : Chennai Date: 29 May 2023 R. Sathishkumar Company Secretary

Nikhila R **Chief Financial Officer**

As at 1 April 2021	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year (Refer Note 12)	Balan 31 Mar	Balance as at 31 March 2022	Changes in Capital dur (Refer I	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year (Refer Note 12)	Balance as at 31 March 2023	as at 1 2023			
			1,515.88		1		1,515.88			
					Reserves	Reserves & Surplus				
ar	Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	General Reserve	Others	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	<u> </u>
Balanco ae at 1 Anril 2021	_	204 10	A 201 10 AE 040 11	AE 040 44	375 00	272 24	10 107 11 76 10	76.40	3 333 70	⊢

				Reserves	Reserves & Surplus				
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	General Reserve	Others	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total Other Equity
Balance as at 1 April 2021	304.10	4,291.19	45,940.11	375.00	373.31	18,102.14	26.18	3,333.70	72,745.73
Profit for the year	•		3,240.23	1	1		•	•	3,240.23
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)	•	•	35.47	•	•	•	•	•	35.47
Movement in Foreign Exchange	•	1	•	•	1		•	483.57	483.57
Total comprehensive income	•	•	3,275.70	-	-	•	•	483.57	3,759.27
Movement in Revaluation Reserve	1	•		•	(5.99)		•	•	(5.99)
Final Dividend for the year 2020-21	•	-	(454.76)	-	-		-	-	(454.76)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	304.10	4,291.19	48,761.05	375.00	367.32	18,102.14	26.18	3,817.27	76,044.25
Profit for the year	-	-	554.44	-	-	·	-	-	554.44
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)	1	-	24.16	-	-		-	-	24.16
Movement in Foreign Exchange	1	•		1	•		•	1,039.38	1,039.38
Total comprehensive income	•	•	578.60	•	•	•	•	1039.38	1,617.99
Movement in Revaluation Reserve	-	-	ı	-	-	ı	•	-	•
Final Dividend for the year 2021-22	'	-	(454.76)	-	-		-	-	(454.76)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	304.10	4,291.19	48,884.89	375.00	367.32	18,102.14	6.18	4,856.65	77,207.47

See accompanying notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP In terms of our report attached

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Membership no: 213649 **C Manish Muralidhar** Partner Sd/-

Date: 29 May 2023 Place : Chennai

Swelect Energy Systems Limited **R. Chellappan** Managing Director DIN:00016958 Sd/-

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

A. Balan Joint Managing Director DIN:00017091 Sd/-

R. Sathishkumar Company Secretary Sd/-

Nikhila R Chief Financial Officer Sd/-





SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Corporate information

SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as 'the Parent' or 'the Company' or 'the Holding Company') was incorporated as a Public Limited Group on 12 September 1994. The Parent and its subsidiaries (together referred to as 'the Group') are engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of Solar power projects, off-grid solar photovoltaic modules, based on crystalline silicon technology (c-Si), solar and wind power generation, contract manufacturing services, installation and maintenance services, sale of Solar Photovoltaic inverters and energy efficient lighting systems. The Parent is domiciled in India and its shares are listed on BSE and NSE. The registered office of the Group is located at Chennai.

2 Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

(b) Functional and presentation currency

Currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates ("the functional currency") is Indian Rupee (\mathfrak{F}). Accordingly, the Management has assessed its functional currency to be Indian Rupee (\mathfrak{F}).

(c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these financial statements, the Management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

Judgements

Note 5 - Revenue from Service Concession Arrangements

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ending 31 March 2022 is included in the following notes:

Note 3 - Useful life of Property, plant and equipment

- Note 21 Revenue from Service Concession Arrangements
- Note 36 Fair valuation of Financial Assets/Liabilities
- Notes 6 and 9 Impairment of financial assets and other assets
- Note 8 Allowance for Non- moving, Slow moving inventories
- Note 18 Provision for Warranty and the underlying projections / assumptions / judgements etc.
- Note 31 Measurement of Defined Benefit Obligations: Key actuarial assumptions

(e) Measurement of fair values

A number of Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values whereby the valuation is obtained from an external independent valuer, where feasible, which is then reviewed by the Chief Financial Officer for the underlying assumptions used in the valuation.

The Chief Financial Officer regularly reviews the significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used by the valuer to measure fair values, then the Chief Financial Officer assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

Note 4 – Investment Property and

Note 36 – Financial Instruments

2(A) Summary of significant accounting policies

Principles of Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements relate to the Company and its Subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

The financial statements of the Company and its Subsidiaries have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating material intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and resulting unrealised profits or losses, unless cost cannot be recovered.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances are presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Company's separate financial statements.

The details of the Subsidiaries considered in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are given below:

SI No.	Name of the Subsidiary Country of Relationship		Effective Ownership Interest as at the Balance Sheet Date (%)		
NO.		Incorporation		2022-23	2021-22
1	Swelect Energy Systems Pte. Limited.	Singapore	Subsidiary	100%	100%
2	Subsidiary of Swelect Energy Systems Pte. Limited.				
а	Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	100%	*
3	Swelect Inc.	USA	Subsidiary	100%	100%
4	Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	100%	100%
5	Subsidiaries of Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited				
а	Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	100%	100%
b	K J Solar Systems Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	100%	100%
6	Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	100%	100%
7	Amex Alloys Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	100%	100%
8	Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	100%	100%
9	Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	74%	74%
10	SWEES Employees' Welfare Trust *	India	Subsidiary	*	*
11	Swelect Renewable Energy Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	74%	*
12	Swelect RE Power Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	74%	*
13	Swelect Taiyo Energy Private Limited	India	Subsidiary	74%	*

* No shareholding and the entity is a trust in which the Company has Control. Two of the Company's directors are also the trustees in the Trust and the trust holds 176,400 shares of the Company. The main object of the trust is for the welfare of the employees of the Group.



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(a) Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the Balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification which is determined based on the operating cycle.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

(b) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes and duties collected on behalf of the Government. The Group has concluded that it is the principal in all of its revenue arrangements since it is the primary obligor in all the revenue arrangements as it has pricing latitude and is also exposed to inventory and credit risks.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods, its accessories and other traded/manufactured goods are recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership are passed to the buyer, which generally coincides with dispatch of goods. Revenues under composite contracts comprising supply, installation and commissioning are recognised on commissioning of the contract.

Sales Tax/Value Added Tax (VAT), Goods and Service Tax is not received by the Group on its own account. Rather, it is tax collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the Government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

Sale of power

Revenue from sale of power from renewable energy sources is recognised in accordance with the price agreed under the provisions of the Power Purchase Agreement entered into with Tamilnadu Generation and Distribution Corporation Limited (TANGEDCO) and other customers. Such revenue is recognised on the basis of actual units generated and transmitted.

Revenue from power distribution business is accounted on the basis of billings to the customers and includes unbilled revenues accrued up to the end of accounting year. Customers are billed as per the tariff rates issued by Electricity Regulatory Commission.

Renewable Energy Certificate (REC) Income:

Income arising from REC is recognised on sale of RECs at the Power Exchange and are accounted for as and when such sale happens.

Income from service

Revenue from maintenance contracts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a periodic basis over the period of the contract according to the terms and conditions of the agreements. Income from installation contracts is recognised when the certificate of installation is received from the customer.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Interest income

Revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable. Interest income is included in 'Other Income' in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividend

Revenue is recognised when the Group's right as a shareholder/unit holder to receive payment is established by the reporting date.

Rental Income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in Revenue from Operations in the Statement of Profit and Loss due to its operating nature.

(c) Service Concession Agreement

The Group constructs Infrastructure used to provide a public service , operates and maintains that Infrastructure (operation services) for a specified period of time.

These arrangements may include Infrastructure used in a public-to-private service concession arrangement for its entire useful life.

Under Appendix C to Ind AS 115 - Service Concession Arrangements, these arrangements are accounted for based on the nature of the consideration. The Intangible asset model is used to the extent that the Group receives a right (i.e. a franchisee) to charge users of the public service. The financial asset model is used when the Group has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from or at the direction of the grantor for the construction services. When the unconditional right to receive cash covers only part of the service, the two models are combined to account separately for each component. If the Group performs more than one service (i.e., construction or upgrade services and operation services) under a single contract or arrangement, consideration received or receivable is allocated with reference to the relative fair values of the services delivered, when the amounts are separately identifiable.

The Group manages concession arrangements which include constructing Solar power distribution assets for distribution of electricity. The Group maintains and services the infrastructure during the concession period. These concession arrangements set out rights and obligations related to the Infrastructure and the services to be provided.

The right to consideration gives rise to an Intangible asset and financial receivable and accordingly, both the Intangible asset and financial receivable models are applied. Income from the concession arrangements earned under the Intangible asset model consists of the value of contract revenue, which is deemed to be fair value of consideration transferred to acquire the asset; and payments actually received from the users. The Intangible asset is amortised over its expected useful life in a way that reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the Group, starting from the date when the right to operate starts to be used. Based on these principles, the Intangible asset is amortised in line with the actual usage of the specific public facility or the agreement period, whichever is less.

Financial receivable is recorded at fair value of guaranteed residual value to be received at the end of the concession period. This receivable is subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Any asset carried under concession arrangements is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its future use or disposal or when the contractual rights to the financial asset expires.



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(d) Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, stores and spares	Lower of cost and net realisable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost, if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis.
Work-in-progress, Finished goods	Lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity. Cost of finished goods includes excise duty (until 30 June 2017).
Traded goods	Lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and costs to make the sale.

(e) Taxes

Current income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred taxes. Income tax expense is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to items recognized directly in Equity, in which case it is recognised in Equity.

Current Tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year and is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in Other Comprehensive Income or in Equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in Equity.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future tax liability, is considered as an asset, if there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Group. The carrying amount of MAT is reviewed at each reporting date and the asset is written down to the extent the Group does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal income tax during the specified period. With the introduction of the new Income tax provisions, the Group has the option to adopt lower rate of tax under Section 115BAA. Upon availing this option, MAT accruals till date of adoption will be expunged for the respective companies.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and written off to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the Statement of Profit and Loss is recognised outside Statement of Profit and Loss (either in Other Comprehensive Income or in Equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in Equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

In the situations where the Group is entitled to a tax holiday under the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India or tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where it operates, no deferred tax (asset or liability) is recognised in respect of timing differences which reverse during the tax holiday period, to the extent the Group's gross total income is subject to the deduction during the tax holiday period. Deferred tax in respect of timing differences which reverse after the tax holiday period is recognised in the year in which the timing differences originate.


SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(f) Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plan

Provident Fund

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Group has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Group recognises contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the Balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the Balance sheet date, then excess is recognised as an asset to the extent of the pre-payment.

Employee State Insurance

Contributions to Employees State Insurance Scheme are recognised as expense in the year in which the services are rendered.

Defined Benefit Plan

Gratuity

The Group makes annual contribution to a Gratuity Fund administered by trustees and managed by LIC. The Group accounts its liability for future gratuity benefits based on actuarial valuation, as at the Balance Sheet date, determined every year using the Projected Unit Credit method. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately recognised in Retained Earnings through Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not re-classified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. The defined benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation less the Fair Value of Plan Assets out of which the obligations are expected to be settled.

Long Term Compensated Absences

The Group treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the Statement of Profit and Loss and are not deferred. The Group presents the leave as a current liability in the balance sheet, to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date.

Short Term Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits includes short term compensated absences which is recognized based on the eligible leave at credit on the Balance Sheet date, and the estimated cost is based on the terms of the employment contract.

Code on Social Security, 2020

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has published in the Gazette of India. However, the date of which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.

(g) Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

The Group's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Group's functional currency.

Initial Recognition

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Group are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at the average rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Treatment of Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Group's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year or reported in previous financial statements are recognised as income or as expense in the year in which they arise.

Translation of foreign subsidiaries:

For the purposes of presenting these consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into Indian rupees using the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity. On the disposal of a foreign operation, the



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation are reclassified to profit or loss.

Forward exchange contracts entered into to hedge foreign currency risk of an existing Asset/Liability

The premium or discount arising at the inception of forward exchange contracts is amortised as expense or income over the life of the contract. Exchange differences on such contracts are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the exchange rates change. Any profit or loss arising on cancellation or renewal of forward exchange contract is recognised as income or as expense for the year.

(h) Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / loss after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / loss after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

(i) Property, plant and equipment and Other Intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and Other Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credit availed, less accumulated depreciation/amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Other Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, Other Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Property, plant and equipment is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing Property, Plant & Equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year during which such expenses are incurred.

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property, the property is reclassified as investment property at its carrying amount on the date of classification. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of Property, plant and equipment and Other Intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of the Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The Group identifies and determines cost of each component/part of the Property, plant and equipment separately, if the component/part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of the asset and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining asset.

Capital Work-in-Progress: Projects under which Property, plant and equipment is not ready for their intended use and capital work-in-progress are carried at cost, comprising direct cost and attributable interest. Once it has becomes available for use, their cost is re-classified to appropriate caption and subjected to depreciation.

(j) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method as per the useful lives of the Property, plant and equipment estimated by the Management as follows:

Building	26 years
Plant and Machinery (other than Windmills & Solar Plant)	15 years
Windmills (included under Plant and Machinery)	22 years
Solar Plant	25 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Electrical Equipment	10 years
Computers	3 years



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Furniture and Fittings Vehicles (Motor cars/Motor Vehicles) 10 years 8 years/ 10 years

(k) Useful lives/depreciation rates

Considering the applicability of Schedule II, the Management has estimated the useful lives and residual values of all its Considering the applicability of Schedule II, the Management has estimated the useful lives and residual values of all its Property, Plant & Equipment. The Management believes that the depreciation rates currently used fairly reflect its estimate of the useful life and residual values of Property, Plant & Equipment, though these rates in certain cases are different from the lives prescribed under Schedule II.

The Management has estimated, supported by independent assessment by professionals, where applicable, the useful lives of the above classes of Property, plant and equipment.

The useful life of certain Solar Plant and Machinery and Intangible assets recognised under Service Concession Agreement is 25 years, respectively. These lives are higher than those indicated in Schedule II.

Other Intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over a period of three years or five years as applicable.

(I) Impairment of Property, plant and equipment and Other Intangible assets

The carrying amounts of Property,Plant and equipment is reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over its remaining useful life.

(m) Investment Properties

Investment Property represents Property (Land or a Building or part of a Building or both) held (by the owner or by the lessee under a finance lease) to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

Investment Property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, Investment Property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the Investment Property are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Depreciation on Building classified as Investment Property has been provided on the straight-line method based on the useful life as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. These are based on the Group's estimate of their useful lives taking into consideration technical factors.

Though the Group measures Investment Property using cost basis measurement, the fair value of Investment Property is disclosed in Note 4. Fair values are determined on an annual evaluation performed by applying a valuation model, by an independent valuer, where feasible.

Investment Property is derecognised when either they have been disposed off or when the Investment Property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. When the use of a property changes from investment property to owner-occupied, the property is reclassified as property, plant and equipment at its carrying amount on the date of classification.

The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the Investment Property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of derecognition.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of Property, plant and equipment that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of Property, plant and equipment. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consists of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(o) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

For arrangements entered into prior to April 1, 2015, the Group has determined whether the arrangement contain lease on the basis of facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition.

Leases where, the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in Property, plant and equipment. Lease income on an operating lease is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs, including depreciation, are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(p) Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognised when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non- occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(q) Provision for Warranties

The estimated liability for product warranties is recorded when products are sold. These estimates are established using historical information on the nature, frequency and average cost of warranty claims and Management estimates regarding possible future incidence based on corrective actions on product failures. The timing of outflows will vary as and when warranty claims will arise, being typically up to twenty five years.

The estimates used for accounting of warranty liability/recoveries are reviewed periodically and revisions are made as required.

(r) Financial instruments

Financial Assets:

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two broad categories:

- Financial assets at fair value
- · Financial assets at amortised cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the Statement of Profit and Loss (i.e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (i.e. fair value through Other Comprehensive Income).

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- **Business model test:** The objective of the Group's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realise its fair value changes).
- **Cash flow characteristics test:**The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- Business model test: The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
- Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows
 that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Even if an instrument meets the two requirements to be measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, a financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an 'accounting mismatch') that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

All other financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All equity investments are measured at fair value in the balance sheet, with value changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the entity has elected to present value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'.

If an equity investment is not held for trading, an irrevocable election is made at initial recognition to measure it at fair value through other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's statement of financial position) when:

- · The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either;
 - (a) The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - (b) The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model to the following:

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost;
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI);

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- the 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument).

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and
- All lease receivables

Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-months ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-months ECL.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Group combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

Financial Liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.
- Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.
- Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(s) Fair value measurement

The Group measures specific financial instruments of certain investments at fair value at each Balance Sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above. This note summarises the accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in relevant notes.

(t) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at Banks and on hand including cheques on hand and shortterm investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(u) Cash dividend

The Group recognises a liability when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Dividends paid/payable are recognised in the year in which the related dividends are approved by the Shareholders or Board of Directors as appropriate.

(v) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are presented using indirect method, whereby Profit/(Loss) after tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flow from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group is segregated based on the available information.

(w) Business combinations

Business combinations involving entities under the common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method. The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognise any new assets or liabilities. The only adjustments that are made are to harmonise accounting policies.

The identity of the reserves shall be preserved and shall appear in the financial statements of the transferee in the same form in which they appeared in the financial statements of the transferor. Any consideration in excess of the net worth of the acquire Group is adjusted against the reserves of the acquiring Group.

(x) Exceptional item

Certain occasions, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Group is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Group, such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the notes accompanying to the financial statements.

(y) Segment Reporting

Operating segments reflect the Group's Management structure and the way the financial information is regularly reviewed by the Group's Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The CEO considers the business from both business and product perspective based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns and the internal organisation and Management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit / loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the executive Management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Group. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment.

Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included under unallocated revenue / expenses / assets / liabilities.

3 Property, plant and equipment								
Particulars	Land	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Office & Electrical Equipment	Computers	Furniture and Fittings	Vehicles	Total
Cost					-	-	-	
Balance as at 1 April 2021	1,934.71	4,346.61	33,797.82	621.82	116.05	395.68	252.49	41,465.18
Additions	48.33	260.77	12,784.25	79.50	13.05	23.52	51.68	13,261.10
Deletions		1	ı	1	•	•	•	•
Other Transfers (Refer Note (i) below)	I	(2.29)	I	201.03	1	•	•	198.74
As at 31 March 2022	1,983.04	4,605.09	46,582.07	902.35	129.10	419.20	304.17	54,925.02
Additions	14.80	2,930.18	11,049.44	56.27	13.53	4.68	64.97	14,133.87
Deletions (Refer Note (iv) below)	I	1	(2,762.54)	1	(16.40)	(70.50)	(48.42)	(2,897.86)
Other Transfers (Refer Note (i) below)	(297.13)	(1,317.63)		•				(1,614.76)
As at 31 March 2023	1,700.71	6,217.64	54,868.97	958.62	126.23	353.38	320.72	64,546.27
Depreciation								
Balance as at 1 April 2021	•	643.71	8,005.75	471.79	96.56	337.90	161.72	9,717.43
Charge for the year		112.70	1,783.62	61.08	12.78	66.6	26.34	2,006.51
Deletions			•	•	•	•	•	•
Other Transfers (Refer Note (i) below)	I	(1.61)	1	196.16	•	•	•	194.55
As at 31 March 2022	•	754.80	9,789.37	729.03	109.34	347.89	188.06	11,918.49
Charge for the year	-	114.16	2,234.78	60.54	06.6	10.69	26.33	2,456.40
Deletions (Refer Note (iv) below)	ı	1	(1,936.23)	(6.65)	(15.08)	(70.50)	(23.91)	(2,052.37)
Other Transfers (Refer Note (i) below)		(152.60)	(26.22)	1				(178.82)
As at 31 March 2023	•	716.36	10,061.70	782.92	104.16	288.08	190.48	12,143.70
Impairment								
As at 31 March 2022	I	I	2,213.61	I	1	•	ı	2,213.61
Charge for the year	ı	1	ı	•	•	1	•	·
As at 31 March 2023	•	•	2,213.61	•	•	•	•	2,213.61
Net Block	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
As at 31 March 2022	1,983.04	3,850.29	34,579.09	173.32	19.76	71.31	116.11	40,792.92
As at 31 March 2023	1,700.71	5,501.28	42,593.66	175.70	22.07	65.30	130.24	50,188.96
Notes:								
(i) Other transfers represent Land and Buildings that are transferred to / from Investment Property to/from Property, plant and equipment for use in the business operations of the	that are transfe	red to / from li	nvestment Prope	erty to/from Propert	y, plant and equ	uipment for use in th	he business op	erations of the
(ii) a) Capital Work In progress Ageing Schedule								
Amount in CWIP for a period of	Less than 1 year	1 year	1-2 years	More than 2 years	: years	Total		
Projects in progress as on 31 March 2023	2,32	2,349.92	•	800	800.32	3,150.24		
)							Т	

b) For Capital-work-in progress which is more than 2 years the Group has taken steps to conclude the projects by the subsequent year.

1,604.06

Projects in progress as on 31 March 2022

- The Group's obligations (Refer Note 15) are secured by the hypothecation of plant and machinery, which has a carrying amount of ₹ 36,720.59 lakhs (31 March 2022 ₹ 25,749.64 lakhs)
- (iv) Refer Note 45 for details on discontinued operations.



2,456.60

800.32

52.22

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

3(a) Leases

The group has leases for machinery, land and building.

(a) Right of Use Asset "ROU":

The following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2023

Particulars	Building	Machinery	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2021	178.48	304.78	483.26
Additions			-
Depreciation*	85.67	163.28	248.95
As at 31 March 2022	92.81	141.50	234.31
Additions	115.06	-	115.06
Deletions	(44.41)	-	(44.41)
Depreciation*	53.25	141.50	194.75
As at 31 March 2023	110.21	-	110.21

* The aggregate depreciation expense on ROU assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Lease Liabilities:

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31 March 2023

Particulars	Building	Machinery	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2021	185.67	306.49	492.16
Additions	-	-	-
Finance Cost accrued during the year	13.27	20.95	34.22
Payment of Lease liabilities	98.07	184.32	282.39
As at 31 March 2022	100.87	143.12	243.99
Additions	115.06	-	115.06
Finance Cost accrued during the year	6.17	6.02	12.19
Deletions	(22.84)		
Payment of Lease liabilities	(84.23)	(149.15)	(233.38)
As at 31 March 2023	115.03	-	115.03

The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities as at 31 March 2023

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Current lease liabilities	2.93	235.88
Non Current lease liabilities	112.08	8.11

(c) Amounts recognized in profit and loss were as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Depreciation Expenditure	194.75	248.95
Finance cost on Lease liabilities	12.19	34.22



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(d) The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at 31 March 2023 on an undiscounted basis:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Not later than 1 year	11.45	278.22
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	57.23	286.39
Later than 5 years	124.81	-

Note: The company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regards to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

4 Investment Property

	Land and Buildings		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
Cost	2,944.67	2,928.49	
Additions during the year	117.37	55.19	
Deletions during the year	(41.19)	(41.30)	
Other Transfers (Refer Note 3(i))	1,610.46		
Closing balance	4,631.31	2,944.67	
Depreciation			
Opening balance	687.48	588.16	
Depreciation during the year	117.84	97.41	
Other Transfers (Refer Note 3(i))	152.60	1.61	
Closing balance	957.92	687.48	
Net Block	3,673.39	2,257.20	
Information regarding Income and Expenditure of Investment Property			
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	

31 March 2023	31 March 2022
467.95	475.35
-	-
12.67	12.15
455.28	463.20
117.84	97.41
337.44	365.79



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Measurement of fair values:

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs for valuation of Investment Property:

As at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, the fair value of the Property is ₹ 3,978.38 lakhs and ₹ 28,827.87 lakhs respectively. The valuation is based on fair value assessment done. A valuation model in accordance with the one recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee has been applied. The fair value is not based on the valuation by an independent valuer.

The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its Investment Property and has no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop Investment Property or has any plans for major repairs, maintenance and enhancements. Fair Value Hierarchy disclosures for Investment Property have been provided in Note 36.

This method involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. To this projected cash flow series, a market-derived discount rate is applied to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the asset. The exit yield is normally separately determined and differs from the discount rate.

Under the Discounted cash flow method, fair value is estimated using assumptions regarding the fair market value of the Property.

In this regard, the key assumptions used for fair value calculations are as follows:

- It is presumed that the vacancy durations of the Property will have no material impact on the cash flow projections, as they are immaterial.
- Existing rental escalation terms will continue to exist in the future without any modification.
- It is presumed that no brokerage, commission costs will be incurred on the let out of Property.

The weighted average cost of capital (WACC) is the rate that the Group is expected to pay on average to all its security holders to finance its assets. The weighted average cost of capital is calculated by Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM). This model takes into account the asset's sensitivity to non-diversifiable risk (also known as systematic risk or market risk), represented by the quantity beta (β) in the financial industry, as well as the expected return of the market and the expected return of a theoretical risk-free asset.

The duration of the cash flows and the specific timing of inflows and outflows are determined by events such as rent reviews, lease renewal and related re-letting, redevelopment or refurbishment. The appropriate duration is typically driven by market behaviour that is characteristic of the class of real Property. Periodic cash flow is typically estimated as gross income, non-recoverable expenses, collection losses, lease incentives, maintenance cost, and other operating and management expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

Significant increase (decrease) in estimated rental value and rent growth per annum in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value of the Property. Significant increase (decrease) in long-term vacancy rate and discount rate (and exit yield) in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value.

Generally, a change in the assumption made for the estimated rental value is accompanied by :

- i. A directionally similar change in the rent growth per annum and discount rate (and exit yield).
- ii. An opposite change in the long term vacancy rate.
- iii. The Groups obligations (Refer Note 15) are secured by the hypothecation of land and building, which has a carrying amount of ₹ 3,086.57 lakhs (31 March 2022-Nil)

Reconciliation of fair value:

	Amount
Gross Block as on As at 31 March 2023	4,631.31
Fair value difference (net)	3,319.83
Fair value as on As at 31 March 2023	7,951.14



5 Other Intangible assets

Particulars	Certification Process	Service Concession Arrangement (Refer Note 1 below)	Computer Software	Total
Cost				
As at 1 April 2021	155.77	16,084.54	240.33	16,480.64
Additions	83.36	-	17.68	101.04
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2022	239.13	16,084.54	258.01	16,581.69
Additions	-	-	20.33	20.33
Deletions	(239.13)	-	-	(239.13)
As at 31 March 2023	-	16,084.54	278.34	16,362.88
Amortisation	1			
As at 1 April 2021	123.24	3,048.80	139.60	3,311.64
Charge for the year	46.72	652.66	40.70	740.08
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2022	169.96	3,701.46	180.30	4,051.72
Charge for the year	-	653.13	40.09	693.22
Deletions	(169.96)	-	-	(169.96)
As at 31 March 2023	-	4,354.59	220.39	4,574.98
Net block				
As at 31 March 2022	69.18	12,383.08	77.71	12,529.97
As at 31 March 2023	-	11,729.96	57.94	11,787.90

Notes:

 The Group (Operator) has entered into the following Power Purchase Agreements (PPA) with counter parties (Grantor). The Group has assessed the same as an arrangement which needs to be accounted under the principles of Appendix C of Ind-AS 115 as the following conditions are met:

The Grantor controls or regulates which services the Operator must provide to the Infrastructure (Solar Power Plant), to whom it must provide and at what price and the controls, the Grantor will exercise through ownership, beneficial entitlement or other significant residual interest in the Infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement. Infrastructure within the scope of Appendix C of Ind-AS 115 is not recognised as Property, plant and equipment of the Operator because the contractual service arrangement does not convey the right to control the use of the Infrastructure to the Operator.

Consideration for the construction services received or receivable by the Operator is recognised at its fair value. The consideration may be rights to:

- (a) a financial asset, or
- (b) an Intangible asset.

The Group recognises a financial asset to the extent that it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from the Grantor for the construction services; the Grantor has little, if any, discretion to avoid payment, usually because the agreement is enforceable by law, even if payment is contingent on the operator ensuring that the Infrastructure meets specified quality or efficiency requirements.

The tenure of the PPA represents the significant useful life of the Infrastructure. Consequently, the Group has an intangible right to receive cash through the tenure of the PPA and the same has been recognised as an Other Intangible asset. The Other Intangible asset is amortised over the agreement period.

2. Other Intangible asset with a carrying amount of ₹ 4,123.76 lakhs (As at 31 March 2022: ₹ 4,362.82 lakhs) has been pledged in favour of the Grantor against the grant received and receivable from the Grantor.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

6 Financial Assets

6 (a) Non-current investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Unquoted Investment in equity shares at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss		
3,00,000 (31 March 2022 : 3,00,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid in	30.00	30.00
Gem Sugars Limited	30.00	30.00
3,520 (31 March 2022 : 3,520) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid in	0.25	0.05
Yajur Energy Solutions Private Limited	0.35	0.35
Investment in tax free bonds (unquoted) carried at amortised cost		
50,000 (31 March 2022: 50,000) bonds of ₹ 1,000/- each fully paid in	500.00	E00.00
Housing and Urban Development Corporation Limited (refer note 2)	500.00	500.00
	530.35	530.35

Note:

1 Investment in tax free bonds are non-derivative financial assets which generate an effective interest income of 8.51% for the Company.

2 Investments marked have been pledged as collateral securities with Bank for the borrowings of the Group. (Refer Note 15A).

6 (b) Current investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Investments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - Quoted Mutual funds		
27,25,901.41 (31 March 2022: 27,25,901.41) units of Aditya Birla Sunlife Banking & PSU Debt fund - Regular - Growth *	8,432.09	8,082.69
3,16,156.00 (31 March 2022: 3,16,156.00) units of ICICI Prudential Savings - Fund Growth *	1,446.38	1,370.11
1,68,89,967.52(31 March 2022-1,68,89,967.52) units of ICICI Prudential Banking and PSU Debt Fund - Growth *	4,652.68	4,414.16
2,20,94,457(31 March 2022- 2,20,94,457) units of IDFC Banking & PSU Debt Fund - Regular Plan - Growth *	4,615.38	4,422.51
26,000.35(31 March 2022- 26,000.35) units of HDFC Money Market Fund- Regular plan - Growth *	-	1,377.20
75,06,779.96 (31 March 2022-1,65,85,394.21) units of HDFC Credit Risk Debt Fund - Regular -Growth*	1,520.61	3,228.96
68,00,875.40 (31 March 2022-89,24,990.65) units of ICICI Prudential Medium Term Bond Fund- Growth*	2,554.46	3,036.31
13,79,651.35 (31 March 2022- 13,79,651.35) units of Axis AAA Bond Plus SDL ETF-2026 Maturity Fund Regular - Growth	148.54	140.37
50,704.12 (31 March 2022- 50,704.12) units of Aditya Birla Sun Life Floating Rate Fund - Regular -Growth	144.58	140.91
Nil units (31 March 2022- 84,50,586.97) units of IDFC Ultra Short Term Fund Regular Plan-Growth*	-	1,315.11
Nil (31 March 2022- 52,75,367.68) units of Axis Short Term fund -Growth*	-	1,042.40
2862.11 (31 March 2022- Nil) units of SBI Liquid Fund -Growth*	100.00	-
26,26,318.41 (31 March 2022- Nil) units of SBI Corporate Bond Fund -Growth*	343.63	-
1,39,38,219.42 (31 March 2022- Nil) units of ICICI Nifty Psu Bond Plus SDL Sep 2027 -Growth*	1,455.14	-
2,42,28,179.27 (31 March 2022- Nil) units of Aditya Birla Sun Life Nifty SDL Plus PSU Bond SEP 2026 60:40 Index Fund Regular Plan Growth (WL**)-Growth*	2,534.87	-
	27,948.36	28,570.73
Aggregate cost of quoted investments	22,756.56	24,062.01
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	27,948.36	28,570.73

Note:

^t Investments marked have been pledged as collateral securities with Banks for the borrowings of the Group and its subsidiaries (Refer Note 16).



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

6(c) Financial assets carried at Amortised cost

Loans (Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated) carried at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i) Non-Current		
Other Financial Assets**	691.26	590.41
Total	691.26	590.41
(ii) Current		
Loans to employees	35.28	20.10
Other Financial Assets**	180.27	136.02
Total	215.55	156.12

** Other financial assets are non-derivative financial assets which generate an effective interest income of 8.50% for the Group.

6 (d) Other financial assets (Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated) carried at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i) Non-Current		
Security deposit	304.63	368.21
Deposits with original maturity more than 12 months #	3,356.82	5,925.96
Total	3,661.45	6,294.17
(ii) Current		
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	217.98	113.23
Security deposit	186.05	111.00
Other Current Financial assets	1,041.49	1,023.23
Deposits with original maturity more than 3 months and less than 12 months #	18,481.92	4,231.33
	19,927.44	5,478.79
Provision for doubtful advance	(632.73)	(646.73)
Total	19,294.71	4,832.06
Considered good	22,323.43	10,479.50
Considered doubtful	632.73	646.73

The balance on deposit accounts bears an average interest rate of 5% and have been pledged as collateral securities with Banks for availing Term loan, working capital limits, Packing credit facility etc. for the Group. (Refer Note 15).

6 (e) Bank balances (Carried at amortised cost)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i) Current		
Earmarked balances	5.74	54.68
Total	5.74	54.68

The balance on deposit accounts bears an average interest rate of 5% and have been pledged as collateral securities with Banks for availing Term loan, working capital limits, Packing credit facility, Foreign Currency Non-resident Loan for the Group. (Refer Note 15A).

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in $\ensuremath{\overline{\tau}}$ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

7 Other Non-current assets (Unsecured, considered good)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balance with Government authorities	605.24	811.33
Provision for doubtful advance	(280.44)	(280.44)
Capital advances	506.63	503.61
Prepaid expenses	194.93	262.49
Others	45.64	44.80
Total	1,072.00	1,341.79
• • • • •		

8 Inventories

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Raw materials and components	6,841.71	2,781.58	
Raw materials In Transit	-	159.46	
Work-in-progress	1,369.23	1,586.08	
Finished goods	3,779.43	8,305.74	
Traded goods	1,704.19	3,344.81	
Total	13,694.56	16,177.67	

Notes: Work-in Progress comprises of mechanical and electrical items and Alloys, Castings and Test bars.

Inventories have been pledged as security against certain bank borrowings, details relating to which has been described in note 15A.

9 Trade receivables

Dautiaulara	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-current		
(a) Receivables considered good	-	480.00
	-	480.00
Current		
(a) Receivables considered good	6,869.97	8,623.70
(b) Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	379.55	405.37
(c) Receivables - credit impaired	156.56	332.92
	7,406.08	9,361.99
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(708.79)	(738.29)
Total	6,697.29	8,623.70

During the year ended 31 March 2023 the Group has creating allowance for doubtful debts of ₹ 29.50 lakhs (net) (Previous Year: 63.84 lakhs net)

		Outstanding as on 31 March 2023					
Pai	ticulars	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	3,644.39	1,426.53	1,626.37	-	-	6,697.29
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	69.10	46.26	9.49	22.09	98.72	245.66
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	0.22	0.70	-	462.20	-	463.12
Tot	al	3,713.71	1,473.49	1,635.86	484.29	98.72	7,406.08



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Outstanding as on 31 March 2022			22			
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	6,573.85	1,063.36	1,224.48	242.01	-	9,103.70
 Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase i credit risk 		10.00	203.11	191.72	-	405.37
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		-	-	-	332.92	332.92
Total	6,574.39	1,073.36	1,427.59	433.73	332.92	9,841.99

Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	708.79	738.29

Unbilled revenue	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Unsecured, Considered Good	468.25	468.25

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss towards expected risk of delays and default in collection.

10 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Balances with Banks:			
On current accounts	1,021.70	1,332.94	
On unpaid dividend accounts	9.02	8.81	
Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	124.57	9,396.30	
Cash on hand	4.96	6.82	
Total	1,160.25	10,744.87	

10(a) For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balances with Banks:		
On current accounts	1,021.70	1,332.94
Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	124.57	9,396.30
Cash on hand	4.96	6.82
	1,151.23	10,736.06
Less : Bank overdrafts (Refer Note 15 (a))	(12,835.99)	(8,234.83)
Total	(11,684.76)	2,501.23



11 Other Current assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balances with Government authorities	670.80	284.31
Supplier advances	1,842.24	1,232.32
Prepaid expenses	114.13	113.08
Others	128.27	57.44
Total	2,755.44	1,687.15

12 Equity Share Capital

Dantiaulana	_ Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- ea		
Particulars	Nos.	Amount	
Authorised Share Capital			
As at 1 April 2022	470,00,000	4,700.00	
Increase/(Decrease) during the year	-	-	
As at 31 March 2023	470,00,000	4,700.00	
Issued, Subscribed & Fully paid up			
As at 1 April 2022	15,158,760	1,515.88	
Issue of Equity Share Capital	-	-	
As at 31 March 2023	15,158,760	1,515.88	

a. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of the liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity share will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be proportionate to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

b. Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Equity shares of	As at 31	March 2023	As at 31	March 2022
₹ 10/- each fully paid	Number of shares	% holding in the class	Number of shares	% holding in the class
R. Chellappan, Managing Director	73,97,860	48.80%	73,97,860	48.80%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

c. Number of Shares held by the promoters

Promoter name	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Chellappan R	73,97,860	73,97,860	48.80%	-
Balan A	4,69,499	4,69,499	3.10%	-
Nachiappan K V	1,65,348	1,65,348	1.09%	-
Gunasundari C	1,23,129	1,23,129	0.81%	-
Mirunalini V C	71,008	71,008	0.47%	-
Raghunath V C	58,515	58,515	0.39%	-
Aarthi Balan	24,600	24,600	0.16%	-
Preetha Balan	24,260	24,260	0.16%	-
Vasantha B	16,884	16,884	0.11%	-
Rishii Nandhan K N	15,355	15,355	0.10%	-
Jayashree Nachiappan	1,375	1,375	0.01%	-
Swelect Electronics Private Limited	45	45	0.00%	-
Raghunath V C on behalf of SWEES Employees Welfare Trust	1,76,400	1,76,400	1.16%	-
Total	85,44,278.00	85,44,278.00	56.37%	-

13 Other Equity

Other Equity movement during the years 2021-22 and 2022-23:-

Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	General Reserve	Others	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total
As at 01 April 2021	304.10	4,291.19	45,940.11	375.00	373.31	18,102.14	26.18	3,333.70	72,745.73
Profit for the year	-	-	3,240.23	-	-	-	-	-	3,240.23
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	35.47	-	-	-	-	-	35.47
Movement in Revaluation Reserve	-	-	-	-	(5.99)	-	-	-	(5.99)
Final Dividend for the year 2020-21	-	-	(454.76)	-	-	-	-	-	(454.76)
Movement in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	483.57	483.57
Balance as at 31 March 2022	304.10	4,291.19	48,761.05	375.00	367.32	18,102.14	26.18	3,817.27	76,044.25
Profit for the year	-	-	554.44	-	-	-	-	-	554.44
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	24.16	-	-	-	-	-	24.16
Movement in Revaluation Reserve	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Final Dividend for the year 2021-22	-	-	(454.76)	-	-	-	-	-	(454.76)
Movement in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	-	-		-	-	-	-	1,039.38	1,039.38
Closing Balance as at 31 March 2023	304.10	4,291.19	48,884.89	375.00	367.32	18,102.14	26.18	4,856.65	77,207.47

(i) **General Reserve** - General Reserve is created out of the profits earned by the Company by way of transfer from surplus in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. The Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and issue fully paid-up bonus shares.

(ii) In accordance with Notification G.S.R. 404(E), dated April 6, 2016, re-measurement of defined benefit plans is recognised as part of retained earnings.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- (iii) Securities Premium Where the Group issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on those shares shall be transferred to "Securities Premium". The Group may issue fully paid-up bonus shares to its members out of the Securities Premium and the Group can use this reserve for buyback of shares.
- (iv) Capital Reserve Capital Reserve is created out of the profits earned by the Group by way of transfer of shares of the subsidiaries within the group. The Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and issue fully paid-up bonus shares.

14 a. Distribution made and proposed

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Cash dividends on equity shares declared and paid:		
Final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022 : Rs.3/- per share (31 March 2021: ₹ 3/- per share)	454.76	454.76
Proposed dividends on Equity shares:		
Proposed Dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023: ₹ 1.2/- per share (31 March 2022: ₹ 3/- per share)	181.91	454.76

Proposed Dividend of ₹ 1.2 /- per share on Equity shares are subject to the approval at the Annual General Meeting and are not recognised as a liability as at 31 March 2023.

14 b. Net dividend remitted in foreign exchange

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Period to which it relates	2021-22	2020-21
Number of non-resident shareholders	7.00	7.00
Number of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each held on which dividend was due	4.29	4.29
Dividend per share	3.00	3.00
Amount remitted	12.87	12.87

15(a) Borrowings

Financial Liabilities carried at amortized cost

Particulars	As at	As at	
Faiticulais	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
(i) Non-Current			
Term loan from Banks	23,225.27	18,532.04	
Total	23,225.27	18,532.04	
Secured Borrowings	20,646.80	15,855.06	
Unsecured borrowings	2,578.47	2,676.98	
Refer Note 15A for details			

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(ii) Current (Secured)		
Bank overdrafts	12,835.99	8,234.83
Working Capital Loan	14,427.34	11,671.02
Packing Credit Foreign Currency (PCFC)	1,483.58	1,912.45
External Commercial Borrowing (ECB)	-	2,826.32
Current Maturities of Long term debt	2,930.13	2,475.52
Total Current Borrowings	31,677.04	27,120.14
Refer Note 15A for details		



15A Details of long- term borrowings are given below:

Particulars	Amount	Currency	Repayment Terms	Security
Term loan 1	3,719.79	₹	Loan obligation plus interest, is payable in 90 equal monthly installments.	Solar Power Plant
Term loan 2	587.06	₹	Loan obligation plus interest, is payable in 58 equal monthly installments.	Solar Power Plant
Term loan 3	298.60	₹	Loan obligation and interest is payable in 55 monthly installments.	Solar Power Plant
Term loan 4	3,186.30	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 47 monthly installments and interest is payable in 47 monthly installments.	Unsecured
Term loan 5	1,500.00	₹	Loan obligation is payable the end of three years.	Mutual Funds
Term loan 6	3,554.78	₹	Loan obligation is payable the end of three years.	Mutual Funds
Term loan 7	809.04	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 36 monthly installments.	Unsecured
Term loan 8	269.43	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 20 monthly installments	Unsecured
Term loan 9	5,499.19	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 60 equal monthly Plant and installments.	
Term loan 10	1,682.05	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 78 equal monthly Solar Power installments.	
Term loan 11	786.76	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 36 equal monthly installments.	Unsecured
Term loan 12	3,571.60	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 111 equal monthly Solar Power F installments.	
Term loan 13	690.80	₹	Loan obligation is payable in 108 equal monthly Solar Power installments.	
Sub Total	26,155.40			
Less: Current Portion	2,930.13			
Non-Current Borrowings	23,225.27	1		

The quarterly returns or statements, where applicable, of current assets filed by the Group with the banks are in agreement with the books of accounts.

The interest rate for the term loans obtained from various banks range from 7.75% p.a.- 9.90% p.a.

Details of short- term borrowings are given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	Currency	Repayment Terms	Security
Bank overdrafts	12,835.99	₹	On demand	Fixed deposits, Mutual funds, Bonds, Debtors, Stock, Land and Building
Working capital demand loan	14,427.34	₹	On demand	Fixed deposits, Mutual funds, Bonds, Debtors, Stock, Land and Building
Packing Credit Foreign Currency (PCFC)	1,483.58	€	On demand	Fixed deposits, Mutual funds, Bonds, Debtors and Stock
Total Short term Borrowings	28,746.91			·

The interest rate for short- term borrowings obtained from various banks range from 5.50% p.a.- 9.50% p.a.



15(b) Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i) Non Current		
Rental Deposit	108.51	100.89
Total	108.51	100.89
(ii) Current		
Unpaid dividend	9.02	8.81
Interest accrued but not due	207.21	136.34
Capital creditors and other payables	1,213.80	539.07
Rental deposits	92.82	83.98
Total	1,522.85	768.20
16(a) Other non-current liabilities		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Security deposit for Land	-	51.05
Deferred AMC Income	18.19	22.29
Deferred Interest Income	-	41.79
Total	18.19	115.13
17 (A) Deferred Tax Asset (Net)		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i) Non-Current		
MAT credit entitlement	172.20	165.84
Total	172.20	165.84
17(B) (a) Deferred tax liabilities (net)		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Deferred tax liabilities		
Impact on difference between tax, depreciation and amortisation charged for the financial reporting	(3,820.67)	(1,966.42)
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(3,820.67)	(1,966.42)

Deferred tax assets

Carry forward business loss and unabsorbed depreciation	3,712.76	1,875.53
Gross deferred tax assets	3,712.76	1,875.53
Total Deferred tax liabilities (net)*	(107.91)	(90.89)



(b) Income Tax

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 are: Consolidated Ind AS Statement of Profit or Loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Current income tax:		
Current income tax charge	133.89	239.33
MAT credit (entitlement) / availed	(7.69)	155.12
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	11.86	(85.14)
Total	138.06	309.31

*As at 31 March 2023, the Group has total eligible deferred tax asset of ₹ 3,712.76 Lakhs (including on account of business loss, unabsorbed depreciation and MAT Credit entitlement) as per Income Tax Returns filed/Income Tax workings. In this regard, based on estimated tax workings and the accounting policy followed by the Company for recognition of deferred tax assets on such losses/unabsorbed depreciation, the Company has recognised deferred tax asset to the extent of ₹ 3,712.76 Lakhs towards carried forward tax losses and unabsorbed depreciation to the extent of deferred tax liabilities.

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate is different for multiple entities as some have adopted for the new regime and some have continued in the earlier regime:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Accounting Profit/(Loss) before income tax (including other comprehensive income)	3,135.05	5,161.99
Less: Adjustments	(2,825.05)	(2,207.34)
Book Profit for Tax Calculation	310.00	2,954.65
Normal tax rate under 115BAA	25.70%	15.60%
Tax rate under 115BBG	10.00%	10.00%
Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	138.06	309.31

Note:

**During the current year, the group with the exception of foreign and loss making subsidiaries, is required to pay tax as per the provisions of Income Tax Act under the provisions of Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961, tax applicable for computation of income under regular method in India and tax laws applicable in Singapore. Accordingly, the effective rate of tax has been considered as 25.70%.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

18 Provisions

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(i) Non- current		
Provision for warranties (Refer Note below)	367.28	341.64
Provision for gratuity (Refer Note 31)	30.20	82.46
Provision for compensated absences	89.28	95.78
Total	486.76	519.88
(ii) Current		
Provision for warranties (Refer Note below)	137.10	142.09
Provision for gratuity (Refer Note 31)	0.22	-
Provision for compensated absences	24.29	24.49
Provision for Income tax (net of advance tax)	106.35	250.23
Total	267.96	416.81
Total Provisions [(i)+(ii)]	754.72	936.69

Note:

Provision for warranties

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
At the beginning of the year	483.73	461.30
Arising during the year	0.92	44.58
Utilisation of warranties	(8.75)	(22.15)
At the end of the year	475.90	483.73

19 Trade payables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(A) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	496.17	629.29
(Refer note below regarding dues to micro, small and medium enterprises)		
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
- to others	7,625.01	12,301.99
- to related parties (Refer Note 33)	15.13	20.97
Total	8,136.31	12,952.25

There is no overdue amount payable to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined under "The Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" and further, the Company has not paid any interest to any Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises during the year other than as disclosed below: Further there are nil Disputed MSME or Vendor dues and no dues more than 3 years.

As at 31 March 2023	<1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	496.17	-	-	-	496.17
(ii) Others	6,259.46	1,301.10	79.58	-	7,640.14
As at 31 March 2022	<1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	629.29	-	-	-	629.29
(ii) Others	11,259.21	695.04	278.70	-	12,232.96



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note: Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Par	ticulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i)	Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	494.57	627.69
(ii)	Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	1.61	1.61
(iii)	The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
(iv)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	1.61	1.61
(v)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	1.61	1.61
(vi)	The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23	1.61	1.61

Dues to micro and small enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

20 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Statutory dues payable	487.35	149.62
Advance from customers	1,843.24	402.62
Deferred AMC Income	167.39	15.66
Total	2,497.98	567.90

21 Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 March 2022	
	31 March 2023		
Revenue from operations			
Sale of products			
Manufactured goods			
Solar Photovoltaic Panels	2,830.78	4,312.19	
Solar Power Generating Systems and accessories	9,832.75	10,876.02	
Alloys and castings	7,425.31	7,072.72	
Grey Iron and Ductile Iron Castings	4,035.79	3,767.24	
Traded goods	853.32	46.38	
Sale of services			
Installation	3,782.18	3,907.88	
Annual Maintenance Contracts	320.68	187.28	
Sale of power	7,416.33	5,659.62	
Other operating revenue			
Scrap Sales	499.58	351.73	
Rental Income	467.95	475.50	
Renewable Energy Certificate Income (net)	500.60	2,283.84	
Export and other benefits	452.85	170.70	
Revenue from operations	38,418.12	39,111.10	
From discontinued operations	1,820.04	3,685.75	
From continuing operations	36,598.08	35,425.35	



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

21.1 Disaggregation of the revenue information

The tables below presents disaggregated revenues from contracts with customers for the year ended 31 March 2023 by offerings. The Group believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of our revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

(i) Sale of Products comprises the following:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Manufactured goods		
Solar Photovoltaic Panels	2,830.78	4,312.19
Solar Power Generating Systems and accessories	9,832.75	10,876.02
Alloys and castings	7,425.31	7,072.72
Grey Iron and Ductile Iron Castings	4,035.79	3,767.24
Traded goods	853.32	46.38
Total	24,977.95	26,074.55

(ii) Sale of Services comprises the following:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Installation	3,782.18	3,907.88
Annual Maintenance Contracts	320.68	187.28
Total	4,102.86	4,095.16

(iii) Other operating revenue comprises the following:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Scrap Sales	499.58	351.73
Rental Income	467.95	475.50
Renewable Energy Certificate Income (net)	500.60	2,283.84
Export Benefits	452.85	170.70
Total	1,920.98	3,281.77

No other single customers contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue during the financial years 2022-23 and 2021-22.

Revenue by Geography (Revenue from Operations)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
India	30,990.56	32,947.66
Outside India	7,427.56	6,163.44
Total	38,418.12	39,111.10

21.2 Trade Receivables and Contract Balances

The Group classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as receivable.

A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Revenue is recognised as and when the related goods are delivered to the customer.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Trade receivables are presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet.

Contract liabilities include payments received in advance of performance under the contract, and are realised with the associated revenue recognised under the contract.

21.3 Performance Obligations and remaining performance obligations

The remaining performance obligations disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognised as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognise these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS-115, the Company has not disclosed information about remaining performance obligations in contracts, where the original contract duration is one year or less or where the entity has the right to consideration that corresponds directly with the value of entity's performance completed to date.

22 Other income

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Dividend Income on equity investments carried at cost	5.29	-
Gain on sale of investments (net)	546.74	342.39
Profit on sale of land	3.08	1.85
Gain on investments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss	684.24	942.65
Provision no longer required written back (Net)	142.39	19.63
Other non-operating income	3.47	1.21
Interest income on financial assets carried at amortised cost	1,065.43	774.32
	2,450.64	2,082.05
From discontinued operations	15.50	7.39
From continuing operations	2,435.14	2,074.66

23 Cost of raw material and components consumed

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Inventories at the beginning of the year	2,941.04	2,733.07
Add: Purchases	12,809.66	18,262.74
	15,750.70	20,995.81
Less: Inventories at the end of the year	6,841.71	2,941.04
Total	8,908.99	18,054.77
From discontinued operations	1,671.86	5,156.16
From continuing operations	7,237.13	12,898.61

23A Purchase of Stock-in Trade

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Purchase of traded goods	4,976.39	11,724.12
Total	4,976.39	11,724.12



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

24 Decrease / (Increase) in Inventories of work-in-progress, traded goods and finished goods

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Traded goods	1,640.62	(2,805.26)
Work-in-progress	216.85	(80.35)
Finished goods	4,526.31	(6,430.65)
Total	6,383.78	(9,316.26)
From discontinued operations		(1,752.38)
From continuing operations	6,383.78	(7,563.88)

25 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Salaries, wages and bonus	2,556.28	2,445.70
Contribution to provident and other funds	145.74	141.60
Gratuity expense (Refer note 31)	55.70	53.67
Staff welfare expenses	150.17	161.14
Total	2,907.89	2,802.11
From discontinued operations	168.68	225.33
From continuing operations	2,739.21	2,576.78

26 Finance costs

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Interest on borrowings and lease labilities	3,008.81	2,322.68
Bank and other charges	171.39	164.66
Total	3,180.20	2,487.34
From discontinued operations	6.06	210.90
From continuing operations	3,174.14	2,276.44

27 Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment and Right of use assets*	3,604.06	2,275.79
Depreciation of Investment Property	118.13	97.41
Amortisation of Other Intangible assets*	606.86	720.48
Total	4,329.06	3,093.67
From discontinued operations	984.09	338.28
From continuing operations	3,344.97	2,755.39

* Include loss on retirement of Property, plant and equipment of ₹ 884.97 Lakhs



28 Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Sub-contracting and processing expenses	3,697.69	3,807.21
Consumption of stores and spares	10.35	6.73
Power and fuel	673.07	838.08
Wheeling charges	731.78	457.09
Freight and forwarding charges	272.09	289.53
Rent (Refer note 34)	116.01	81.12
Rates and taxes	264.48	94.36
Insurance	158.73	101.59
Repairs and maintenance		
- Plant & Machinery	459.72	431.32
- Buildings	48.87	28.38
- Others	223.89	231.55
Corporate Social Responsibility (Refer Note (i) below)	45.38	40.11
Sales promotion	87.55	34.95
Advertisement	16.68	26.91
Security charges	149.22	164.48
Travelling and conveyance	264.84	205.23
Communication costs	50.13	43.85
Printing and stationery	27.95	23.33
Exchange differences (net)	1,248.18	624.84
Legal and professional fees	459.07	357.50
Payment to auditors (Refer Note (ii) below)	68.54	60.11
Liquidated damages	49.26	86.88
Provision for Doubtful/Trade/Other receivables	-	444.02
Provision for warranties (net of reversals)(Refer Note 18)	17.97	21.51
Directors' sitting fees	12.00	8.55
Miscellaneous expenses	248.84	287.12
Total	9,402.29	8,796.35
From discontinued operations	1,335.59	1,090.32
From continuing operations	8,066.70	7,706.03

(i) Corporate Social Responsibility

Corporate Social Responsibility	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Amount required to be spent by the Group during the year	40.11
Amount spent during the year	40.11
Amount of shortfall during the year	-
Nature of CSR activities	As detailed in the CSR report
Details of related party transactions	-
Where the provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation the movement in provision	NA



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

In pursuance of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group has spent towards various activities as enumerated in the CSR Policy of the Group, which covers promoting education, providing drinking water, promoting health and preventive health care to underprivileged people.

(ii) Payment to auditors

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Audit fee	44.72	38.87
Limited review	16.42	10.84
Tax Audit Fee	2.95	2.95
Certification	4.13	6.81
Reimbursement of expenses	0.40	0.64
	68.62	60.11

29 Earnings price per share (EPS)

The following reflects the profit and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Group (A)	642.11	3,241.74
Weighted average number of Equity shares for basic and diluted EPS (B)	1,51,58,760	1,51,58,760
Basic Earnings per share (A/B)	4.24	21.39
Diluted Earnings per share (A/B)	4.24	21.39

The weighted average number of shares takes into account the weighted average effect of changes in equity share transactions during the year. There have been no other transactions involving Equity shares or potential Equity shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements.

30 Defined Contribution Plan

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to such benefits. The Group provides benefits such as provident fund plans to its employees which are treated as defined contribution plans.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund and other funds	145.74	141.60

31 Defined Benefits Plan

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The Scheme is funded with an Insurance Company in the form of a qualifying insurance policy.

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of obligation	Gratuity Pla	n (funded)
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Defined Benefit obligation as at the beginning of the year	379.77	355.99
Current Service Cost	48.75	45.57
Interest Cost	25.10	21.93
Actuarial loss	(23.27)	(24.83)
Benefits paid	(75.59)	(23.19)
Liabilities settled	-	4.31
Defined Benefit obligation as at the end of the year	354.7622	379.7783



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Fair value of plan assets as at the beginning of the year	225.22	168.17
Expected return on plan assets	22.26	17.09
Actuarial gain / loss	(0.75)	10.63
Employer's contribution	81.29	52.52
Benefits paid	(75.59)	(23.19)
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	252.43	225.22
Reconciliation of fair value of assets and obligations	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Fair value of plan assets	252.43	225.22
Present value of obligation	266.05	294.61
Net Obligation disclosed as:		
- Current	0.22	-
- Non - Current	30.20	82.46
	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Recognised in profit or loss:		
Current Service Cost	47.67	45.57
Interest Cost	2.70	4.84
Recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Actuarial loss / (gain)	(24.16)	(35.47)
Net Cost	26.21	14.94

31 The major categories of plan assets of the fair value of the total plan assets are as follows:

	Gratuit	y plan
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Investments details:		
Fund with LIC	252.43	225.22
Total	252.43	225.22

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity for the Group's plans are shown below:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Discount rate:	7.43%	6.90%
Future salary increases:	6.67%	6.25%
Expected Return on Plan Assets	6.82%	10.16%
Employee turnover	8.00%	8.00%
Contribution Expected to be paid during the next year	30.00	30.00

32 A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31 March 2023 is as shown below:

		For the year en	ded 31 March 2023	
Assumptions - Sensitivity Level	Sensitiv	ity Level	Impact on defined ber	nefit obligations
	1% increase	1% decrease	Amount	Amount
Discount rate:	7.45%	8.51%	331.30	381.30
Future salary increases:	8.48%	7.56%	381.25	330.92



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		For the year en	ded 31 March 2022	
Assumptions - Sensitivity Level	Sensitivi	ty Level	Impact on defined ber	nefit obligations
-	1% increase	1% decrease	Amount	Amount
Discount rate:	7.90%	5.90%	352.69	410.61
Future salary increases:	7.25%	5.25%	410.36	352.42

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 7.01, 6.98 and 9.68 years (31 March 2022: 7.77 years).

33 Related party transactions

Key Management Personnel (KMP)	 Mr. R. Chellappan - Managing Director Mr.A.Balan - Joint Managing Director Mr. V.C.Raghunath - Whole Time Director Mrs. V.C.Mirunalini - Whole Time Director Mrs. V. Nachiappan - Whole Time Director Mr. K. V. Nachiappan - Non Executive Director Mr.Wong Yuk Hung - Director Mr. G.S.Samuel - Independent Director Mr. S.Annadurai - Independent Director Mr.S.Krishnan - Independent Director Dr.S.Iniyan - Independent Director Dr. M. Ravi - Independent Director (w.e.f 11.02.2023) Ms. Nikhila R - Chief Financial Officer Mr. R. Sathishkumar - Company Secretary Ms. Swetha.R - Company Secretary
Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Ms. Gunasundari Chellappan Ms. Aarthi Balan Ms. Preetha Balan Ms. Vasantha Balan Mr. K. N. Rishii Nandhan
Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel or their relatives	Swelect Electronics Private Limited
Entity in which the Company has control	SWEES Employees Welfare Trust

Terms and conditions of transactions with Related parties:

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail at arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties (31 March 2022: Nil). This assessment is undertaken at the end each financial year through examining the financial position of the related parties and the market in which the related parties operate.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated) 33 Related party transactions

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Particulars	Key Management Pe	nt Personnel	Relatives of K Pers	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Enterpris significantly in	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by KMP or their relatives	F	Total
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Sale of goods	10.09	1			•	2.43	10.09	3.86
Mr. R. Chellappan	0.89	0.95	•	•	•	•	0.89	0.95
Mr. A.Balan	2.91			•		•	2.91	
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	6.29	0.48	•	•	•	•	6.29	0.48
Arken Solutions Private Limited			1	•	1	2.43	1	2.43
Purchases of traded goods	•		•	•	33.43	134.72	33.43	134.72
Arken Solutions Private Limited					33.43	134.72	33.43	134.72
Rent expense	2.68	2.55		•	1.84	0.78	4.52	3.33
Mr. R. Chellappan	2.68	2.55	•	•	•	•	2.68	2.55
 Swelect Electronics Private Limited 	•	•	•	•	1.84	0.78	1.84	0.78
Sitting fees	12.00	8.55	•	•	•	•	12.00	8.55
Mr. G.S.Samuel	2.50	2.10		•		•	2.50	2.10
Mr. S.Annadurai	2.75	1.95	•	•	•	•	2.75	1.95
Mr. S.Krishnan	1.75	1.20	•	•	•	•	1.75	1.20
D r. S.Iniyan	2.00	1.20	•	•	•	•	2.00	1.20
Ms. Jayashree Nachiappan	2.75	2.10	•	•	•	•	2.75	2.10
Dr. M.Ravi	0.25	-	-	-	-	•	0.25	-
Remuneration	197.48	191.88	13.30	11.18	•	•	210.78	203.06
Mr. R. Chellappan	55.62	47.09	•	•	•	•	55.62	47.09
Mr. A.Balan	40.65	43.46	•	•	•	•	40.65	43.46
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	33.43	35.66	•	•	1	•	33.43	35.66
Mr. V.C.Raghunath	14.50	12.73	•	•	•	•	14.50	12.73
Ms V.C.Mirunalini	11.80	9.94	•	•	•	•	11.80	9.94
Mr. Wong Yuk Hung	6.88	9.59	•	•	•	•	6.88	9.59
Mr. R.Sathishkumar	14.47	12.72	•	•	•	•	14.47	12.72
Ms. Nikhila R	15.67	13.00	ı		ı	•	15.67	13.00
- Ms. R.Swetha	4.46	•	•	•	1	•	4.46	
Mr. B.Shafia	•	7.69	•	•	•	•	•	7.69
Ms Aarthi Balan		•	13.30	11.18			13.30	11.18
Consultancy Charges	•	•	8.10	6.94	•	•	8.10	6.94
Ms Preetha Balan			8.10	6.94			8.10	6.94
Commission	6.07	36.80		•	•	•	6.07	36.80
Mr. R. Chellappan	4.05	24.54					4.05	24.54
Mr. A.Balan	1.01	6.13					1.01	6.13
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	1.01	6.13					1.01	6.13
Dividend paid	244.92	244.92	6.14	6.14	5.29	5.29	256.35	256.35
Mr. R Chellappan	221.94	221.94		•		•	221.94	221.94
Mr. A.Balan	14.08	14.08		•		•	14.08	14.08
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	4.96	4.96		•		•	4.96	4.96
Mr. V.C.Raghunath	1.76	1.76		•		•	1.76	1.76
Ms V.C.Mirunalini	2.13	2.13		•		•	2.13	2.13
Ms. Gunasundari Chellappan	•	•	3.69	3.69		•	3.69	3.69
Ms. Aarthi Balan	•	•	0.74	0.74		•	0.74	0.74
Ms. Preetha Balan	•	•	0.73	0.73	•	•	0.73	0.73
- Ms. Vasantha Balan	•	•	0.51	0.51	•	•	0.51	0.51
Mr. Rishii Nandhan	•	•	0.46	0.46	•	•	0.46	0.46
Others	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.01	•		0.06	0.06



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33 Related party transactions

Destinuters	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel or their relatives			
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
Balance outstanding as at the year end:				
Trade payables	15.13	20.97		
Mr. R.Chellappan	6.34	-		
Mr. A.Balan	4.29	-		
Mr. K.V. Nachiappan	4.31	4.53		
Ms.V.C.Mirunalini	0.19	-		
Arken Solutions Private Limited	-	16.44		

Remuneration and other benefits pertain to short term employee benefits as the gratuity and compensated absences are determined for all the employees in aggregate, the cost employment benefits and other long term benefits relating to Key management personnel cannot be ascertained individually.

The remuneration payable to KMP is determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee having regard to the performance to the individuals and market trends.

34 Goodwill / Capital reserve on consolidation

1 Goodwill on consolidation

Goodwill on consolidation represents the excess purchase consideration paid over net asset value of acquired subsidiaries on the date of such acquisition. Such Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently, if there are indicators for impairment. The Management does not foresee any risk of impairment on the carrying value of Goodwill as at 31 March 2023.

Goodwill on consolidation as at 31 March 2023 stood at ₹ 789.74 lakhs (previous year 31 March 2022 : ₹ 789.74 lakhs). Significant acquisitions over the years which resulted in Goodwill were Amex Alloys Private Limited, Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited, K J Solar Systems Private Limited and Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited and the details of the same are given below:

- a. The Group acquired 100% equity share stake in Amex Alloys Private Limited for a consideration of ₹ 995.00 lakhs on 14 November 2011. The excess purchase consideration paid over the net asset taken over to the extent of ₹ 455.04 lakhs was recognised as Goodwill.
- b. The Group's wholly owned subsidiary Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited acquired 76% equity share stake in BS Powertech Solutions Private Limited for a consideration of ₹ 150.00 lakhs on 25 January 2012. The excess purchase consideration paid over the net asset taken over to the extent of ₹ 150.02 lakhs was recognised as Goodwill. The balance 24% equity share stake was acquired on 11 December 2013 for a consideration of ₹ 157.89 lakhs. Consequently, BS Powertech Solutions Private Limited became a 100% subsidiary of the Group. The excess purchase consideration paid over the net assets taken over to the extent of ₹ 167.07 lakhs is recognised as Goodwill.

The Group acquired 100% share of Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited on 2 April 2015 for a consideration of ₹ 2.11 lakhs and the excess purchase consideration paid over the net assets taken over to the extent of ₹1.71 lakhs is recognised as Goodwill.

In the year 2016, the Group had entered into a Scheme of Amalgamation between Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited, a step down subsidiary of the Group and its step down subsidiary BS Powertech Solutions Private Limited. This was approved by Hon'ble High Court of Madras vide its order dated 8 January 2016, with retrospective effect from 1 April 2012.

- c. The Group acquired 100% equity share stake in Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited for a consideration of ₹ 70.00 lakhs on 11 November 2013. The excess purchase consideration paid over the net assets taken over to the extent of ₹ 0.56 lakhs is recognised as Goodwill.
- d. The Group's wholly owned subsidiary Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited acquired 100% equity share stake in K J Solar Systems Private Limited for a consideration of ₹ 25 lakhs on 18 February 2016. The excess purchase consideration paid over the net asset taken over to the extent of ₹ 15 lakhs was recognised as Goodwill.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- e. The Group acquired 100% equity share stake in Swelect Power Systems Private Limited for a consideration of ₹ 1 lakh on 11 April 2016 . The excess purchase consideration paid over the net asset taken over to the extent of ₹ 0.34 lakhs was recognised as goodwill.
- f. The Group has sold 100% equity share stake in Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited for a consideration of ₹ 2,000 Lakhs on 26 December 2022 . The excess purchase consideration paid over the net asset taken over to the extent of ₹ 1,990 Lakhs was recorded as capital reserve being a common control transaction

For the purpose of impairment testing, Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to the cash generating units (CGU) or group of CGU's, which benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. The chief operating decision maker reviews the Goodwill for any impairment at the individual subsidiary level.

The recoverable amount of a CGU is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value-in-use. The fair value of a CGU is determined based on the market capitalisation. The value-in-use is determined based on specific calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections for a CGU / groups of CGU's over a period of five years. An average of the range of each assumption used is mentioned below. As of 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2023, the estimated recoverable amount of the CGU exceeded its carrying amount. The recoverable amount was computed based on the fair value less cost to sell being higher than value-in-use. The carrying amount of the CGU was computed by allocating the net assets to operating segments for the purpose of impairment testing.

2 Capital reserve on consolidation

Capital reserve on consolidation represents excess net asset value of acquired subsidiary over the consideration paid on the date of such acquisition. Capital reserve on consolidation as at 31 March 2023 stood at ₹ 151.46 lakhs (31 March 2022 : ₹ 151.46 lakhs). The details of which is provided below:

a. The Group acquired 92% equity share stake in Amex Alloys Private Limited for a consideration of ₹ 421.71 lakhs on 5 December 2010. The excess net asset value over the purchase consideration to the extent of ₹ 165.49 lakhs was recognised as capital reserve. The balance 8% equity share stake was acquired on 08 July 2013 for a consideration of ₹ 119.47 lakhs. Consequently, Amex Alloys Private Limited became a 100% subsidiary of the Group. The excess purchase consideration paid over the net assets taken over to the extent of ₹ 14.03 lakhs is adjusted with the capital reserve.

35 Contingent liabilities and Commitments:

(a) Contingencies

The details of claims against the company not acknowledged as debts are given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
a) Sales tax related matters **	180.51	40.87
b) Income tax related matters #	2,841.63	2,841.63
c) Excise related matters ##	671.94	671.94
Total	3694.08	3,554.44

** ₹ 11.57 lakhs deposited under dispute in the earlier years

₹ 150.60 lakhs deposited under dispute in the earlier years

₹ 65.68 lakhs deposited under dispute in the earlier years

Future cash outflows in respect of matters considered disputed are determinable only on receipt of judgments / decisions pending at various forums/authorities. The Management does not expect these claims to succeed and accordingly, no provision for the contingent liability has been recognised in the financial statements.

The Group's pending litigations comprise of proceedings pending with tax authorities. The Group has reviewed all the proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

Management Assessment:

The amount shown under Contingent Liabilities and disputed claims represent the best possible estimates arrived at on the basis of available information. Further, various Government authorities raise issues/clarifications in the normal course of business and the Group has provided its responses to the same and no formal demands/claims has been made by the



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

authorities in respect of the same other than those pending before various judicial/regulatory forums as disclosed above. The uncertainties and possible reimbursement in respect of the above are dependent on the outcome of the various legal proceedings which have been initiated by the Group or the Claimants, as the case may be and, therefore, cannot be predicted accurately. The Group expects a favourable decision with respect to the above disputed demands/claims based on professional advise and hence, no specific provision for the same has been made.

(b) Commitments:

The estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for is ₹ 497.60 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 12.01 lakhs)

36 Financial Instruments

Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022			
Financial instruments by category -	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total
Financial assets						
Investment in equity instruments	30.35	-	30.35	30.35	-	30.35
Investments	27,948.36	500.00	28,448.36	28,570.73	500.00	29,070.73
Trade receivables	-	6,697.29	6,697.29	-	9,103.70	9,103.70
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,160.25	1,160.25	-	10,744.87	10,744.87
Balances with Government Authorities	-	1,276.04	1,276.04	-	815.20	815.20
Security deposits	-	186.05	186.05	-	479.21	479.21
Deposits with banks		21,838.74	21,838.74		10,157.29	10,157.29
Other Current Financial assets	-	1,913.02	1,913.02	-	1,749.66	1,749.66
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	-	217.98	217.98	-	113.23	113.23
Advance to employees	-	35.28	35.28	-	20.10	20.10
Total financial assets	27,978.71	33,824.65	61,803.36	28,601.08	33,683.26	62,284.34
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings - Term loans	-	26,155.40	26,155.40	-	21,007.56	21,007.56
Borrowings - Others	-	28,746.91	28,746.91	-	21,818.30	21,818.30
Interest accrued	-	207.21	207.21	-	136.34	136.34
Trade Payables	-	8,136.30	8,136.30	-	12,952.25	12,952.25
Capital Creditors	-	1,213.80	1,213.80	-	539.07	539.07
Unpaid Dividend	-	9.02	9.02	-	8.81	8.81
Rental Deposit	-	201.33	201.33	-	184.87	184.87
External Commercial Borrowing (ECB)	-	-	-	-	2,826.32	2,826.32
Lease liability	-	115.03	115.03	-	243.99	243.99
Total financial liabilities	-	64,785.00	64,785.00	-	59,717.51	59,717.51

Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard.


Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities valued at fair value

	As at 3	31 March 2023	3	As at 31 March 2022		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets						<u> </u>
Investment in equity instruments	-	-	30.35	-	-	30.35
Other Investments	27,948.36	-	-	28,570.73	-	-
	27,948.36	-	30.35	28,570.73	-	30.35

(b) Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

The Group has not disclosed fair values of financial instruments such as trade receivables and related cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, Security deposits, Loans and advances to related parties, Lease rental receivables, Interest accrued on Fixed deposits, certain advances to employees, trade payables and employee benefit payables (that are short term in nature), because their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of their fair values.

(c) Offsetting

The Group has not offset any financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

36A Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires Management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, accompanying disclosures, and disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities effected in future periods.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, Management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements:

Service concession arrangements

The Group has assessed applicability of Appendix C of Ind AS 115: Service Concession Arrangements to power distribution arrangements entered into by the Group. In assessing the applicability, Management has exercised significant judgment in relation to the underlying ownership of the assets, terms of the power distribution arrangements entered with the grantor, ability to determine prices, value of construction service, assessment of right to guaranteed cash etc.

Operating lease commitments – Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the fair value of the asset, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Taxes

Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets (including MAT credit) that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Allowance for uncollectible trade receivables

Trade receivables, generally, do not carry interest and are stated at their nominal values as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Estimated irrecoverable amounts are based on the aging of the receivable balances and historical experiences. Individual trade receivables are written off when Management deems them not collectible. The Group has evaluated the receivable balances and has made allowances for the estimated irrecoverable amounts and no further allowance/write-off is expected on the receivables by the Group.

Warranties

Provision for warranties involves a significant amount of estimation. The provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The best estimate is determined based on the Group's past experience of warranty claims and future expectations. These estimates are revised periodically.

Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment leave encashment benefit and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

Further details about defined benefit obligations are given in Note 31.

36B Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. There are no new Standards that became effective during the year. Amendments that became effective during the year did not have any material effect. On 31 March 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

- 1. Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies.
- Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors This amendment has introduced a
 definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting
 policies from changes in accounting estimates.
- 3. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of these amendments is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendments and the impact of the amendments are insignificant in the financial statements



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

37 Additional disclosure requirement under Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of the entity	Net Assets	sets	Share in Profit or Loss	fit or Loss	Share in Other comprehensive income)ther e income	Share in Total comprehensive income	mprehensive 1e
	As a % of the consolidated net assets	Amount	As a % of the consolidated profit/loss	Amount	As a % of the consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As a % of the consolidated Total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent								
Swelect Energy Systems Limited	67.75%	73,539.11	80.10%	934.42	74.79%	18.07	%66'62	952.49
Subsidiaries								
Foreign								
Swelect Energy Systems Pte. Limited, Singapore	12.71%	13,795.98	-11.26%	(131.39)		•	-11.03%	(131.39)
SWELECT Inc, USA	0.17%	187.01	-0.03%	(0.34)		•	-0.03%	(0.34)
Indian								
Amex Alloys Private Limited	3.03%	3,290.39	-23.54%	(274.64)	25.21%	60.09	-22.55%	(268.55)
Swelect Solar Energy Private Limited	0.28%	303.45	-1.37%	(15.97)		•	-1.34%	(15.97)
Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited	0.19%	209.77	0.91%	10.60		•	%68.0	10.60
Swelect Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	5.64%	6,122.54	9.24%	107.74		•	9.05%	107.74
K J Solar Systems Private Limited	0.44%	472.81	3.24%	37.83		•	3.18%	37.83
Swelect Power Systems Private Limited	3.49%	3,786.04	26.67%	311.12		•	26.13%	311.12
SWEES Employees Welfare Trust	0.37%	406.55	-0.02%	(0.19)		•	-0.02%	(0.19)
Swelect Sun Energy Private Limited	2.41%	2,618.81	9.48%	110.58		•	9.29%	110.58
Swelect HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited	-0.17%	(189.31)	-14.34%	(167.31)		•	-14.05%	(167.31)
Swelect Renewable Energy Systems Limited	1.83%	1,991.16	17.79%	207.58		I	17.43%	207.58
Swelect RE Power Private Limited	0.76%	822.60	4.24%	49.50		•	4.16%	49.50
Swelect Taiyo Energy Private Limited	1.09%	1,186.08	-1.11%	(12.92)		I	-1.09%	(12.92)
Sub-total		1,08,542.99		1,166.61		24.16		1,190.77
Less : Inter-Group eliminations		(28,174.59)		(524.50)		1,039.38		514.88
Total		80,368.40		642.11		1,063.54		1,705.65





SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

38 Directors' remuneration

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Salaries	162.01	148.88
Commission	6.07	36.80
	168.08	185.68

39 Segment Information

For Management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products and services and has three reportable segments, as follows:

- a) Solar and Solar Related Activities
- b) Foundry Business
- c) Others

"The Executive Management Committee monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. Also, the Group's financing (including finance income) and income taxes are managed on a Group basis and are not allocated to operating segments. Transfer prices between operating segments are at arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
SEGMENT REVENUE:		
Solar Energy Systems / Services	24,768.03	26,519.01
Foundry	12,158.64	9,750.63
Less: Inter segment Revenue	(328.59)	(844.28)
Total Revenue from Operations	36,598.08	35,425.35
SEGMENT RESULTS:		
Solar Energy Systems / Services	1,492.67	3,618.04
Foundry	26.50	134.79
Total Segment Results	1,519.17	3,752.83
Add/(Less) :		
Other Income	2,435.14	2,074.66
Interest and other financial charges	(3,174.14)	(2,276.44)
Profit before exceptional item and tax	780.16	3,551.05
Exceptional item	-	-
Income Taxes	138.06	309.31
Profit After Tax	642.10	3,241.74
SEGMENT ASSETS:		
Solar Energy Systems / Services	80,508.30	73,962.68
Foundry	10,644.85	11,897.71
Others	57,551.25	54,409.57
Total	1,48,704.40	1,40,269.96
SEGMENT LIABILITIES:		
Solar Energy Systems / Services	11,387.05	11,787.99
Foundry	1,766.53	3,897.05
Others	55,182.42	45,908.91
Total	68,336.00	61,593.96



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SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

SEGMENT CAPITAL EMPLOYED:

Total	80,368.40	78,676.01
Unallocable #	2,368.83	8,500.66
Foundry	8,878.32	8,000.66
Solar Energy Systems / Services	69,121.25	62,174.69
(SEGMENT ASSETS-SEGMENT LIABILITIES)		

Unallocable assets and liabilities include all tax assets and liabilities (including deferred tax) and such balances, being Investments, Investment Property, Cash and Bank balances and borrowings, which are used interchangeably between segments/unallocable.

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Solar Energy Systems / Services	2,632.34	2,117.53
Foundry	712.63	637.86
Total	3,344.97	2,755.39

NON CASH EXPENSE OTHER THAN DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION Solar Energy Systems / Services 1,217.47

Total	1,315.41	1,177.25
Foundry	97.94	168.70
Solar Energy Systems / Services	1,217.47	1,008.55

The details in respect of the Key Geographical areas in which the Group has operations are given below:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Revenue from operations		
India	30,990.56	32,947.66
Europe	7,427.56	6,006.96
Others	-	156.48
Total	38,418.12	39,111.10
Non-current assets (Excluding Financial assets & Deferred tax asset)		
India	66,039.16	51,164.73
Singapore	5,838.08	3,569.85
Others	-	-
Total	71,877.24	54,734.58

Information about major customers :

There are no customers who contributed individually more than 10 % to the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

40A Financial Risk Management Objectives & Policies

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise of short tenured borrowings, trade and other payables. Most of these liabilities relate to the Group's working capital cycle. The Group has trade and other receivables, loans and advances that arise directly from its operations.

The Group is accordingly exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's senior management oversees management of these risks. The senior professionals working to manage the financial risks for the Group are accountable to the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee. This process provides



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

assurance that the Group's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Group's policies and overall risk appetite. All foreign currency hedging activities for risk management purposes are carried out a team that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. In addition, independent views from bankers and currency market experts are obtained periodically to validate risk mitigation decisions. It is the Group's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken.

The Audit Committee reviews and agree policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below:

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise currency rate risk and interest rate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, advances and derivative financial instruments.

PARTICULARS	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Variable rate borrowings	54,902.31	45,652.18
Total	54,902.31	45,652.18

i) Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings. With all other variables held constant, the Group's loss before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

PARTICULARS	Increase/ decrease in basis points	Effect on Profit before tax
31 March 2023	+150 basis points	(823.53)
	-150 basis points	823.53
31 March 2022	+ 52 basis points	(237.39)
	- 52 basis points	237.39

ii) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group transacts business in local currency and in foreign currency, primarily US Dollars. The Group has foreign currency trade payables and receivables and is therefore, exposed to foreign exchange risk.

The Group manages its foreign currency risk by way of a periodical assessment for hedging appropriate percentage of its foreign currency exposure, as per its established risk management policy duly considering the nature of the foreign currency receivable / payables, the fluctuation in the foreign currencies etc. As at the reporting dates, the Group did not have any outstanding derivative contracts to hedge its foreign currency exposures as at these dates.

Foreign Currency Sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity in the USD, Euro and other currencies to the functional currency of the Group, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including foreign currency derivatives.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Effect on profit	before tax	Effect on equity		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	
US Dollars	(50.36)	(433.87)	(50.36)	(433.87)	
Euro	(1.19)	(121.44)	(1.19)	(121.44)	

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities, primarily trade receivables and from its financing activities, including deposits with Banks, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

i) Trade and other receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on credit term in line with respective industry norms. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The Group has no concentration of credit risk as the customer base is widely distributed both economically and geographically.

Exposures to customers outstanding at the end of each reporting period are reviewed by the Group to determine incurred and expected credit losses based on historical trends and other factors. Given that the macro economic indicators affecting customers of the Company have not undergone any substantial change, the Group expects the historical trend of minimal credit losses to continue. Further, Management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are past due by more than 30 days are still collectible in full, based on historical payment behaviour and extensive analysis of customer credit risk. The impairment loss as at the reporting dates related to several customers that have defaulted on their payments to the Group and are not expected to be able to pay their outstanding balances, mainly due to economic circumstances.

In addition, an impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for all the major individual customers. The summary of exposure in trade receivables are as follows:

The ageing analysis of trade receivables as of the reporting date is as follows:

	Neither past	Past due but not impaired			
Particulars	due nor impaired	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total	
Trade Receivables as at 31 March 2023	5,354.03	2,338.28	1,411.39	9,103.70	
Trade Receivables as at 31 March 2022	7,082.16	3,499.29	1,476.70	12,058.15	

The requirement for impairment is analysed at each reporting date and provision is based on the Expected Credit Loss Method by following a provision matrix which results in provision percentages in the range of 10% to 100% based on the age bucket of receivables ranging from 0.5 years to 5 years and more.

Lease rent receivable

The Group's leasing arrangements represent the buildings and land let out to various customers which have been classified as Operating Lease. The creditworthiness of the customer is evaluated prior to sanctioning credit facilities. Appropriate procedures for follow-up and recovery are in place to monitor credit risk. The Group does not expect any losses from non-performance by theses counter-parties.

Cash and bank balances

The Group held cash and cash equivalents with credit worthy banks and financial institutions as at the reporting dates. The credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions are evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

Other financial assets including investments

The Group does not expect any losses from non-performance by the counter-parties.



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

ii) Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by Group's treasury in accordance with the Board approved policy. Investments of surplus funds, temporarily, are made only with approved counterparties, mainly mutual funds, who meet the minimum threshold requirements under the counterparty risk assessment process.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Group's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet it cash and collateral requirements. The Group closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including loans, debt, and overdraft from both domestic and international Banks at an optimised cost.

The table below summarise the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

Dertieulere		A	as at 31 March 2023		
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1- 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying Value
Borrowings	40,635.02	9,370.82	5,386.29	55,392.13	54,902.31
Trade Payables	8,136.32	-	-	8,136.32	8,136.32
Lease liability	2.93	112.08	-	115.01	115.01
Other financial liabilities	1,522.85	108.51	-	1,631.36	1,631.36
Total	50,297.12	9,591.41	5,386.29	65,274.82	65,274.82

Particulars		Δ	s at 31 March 2022		
Failleulais	Less than 1 year	1- 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying Value
Borrowings	27,120.14	17,688.09	843.95	45,652.18	45,652.18
Trade Payables	12,952.25	-	-	12,952.25	12,952.25
Lease liability	235.88	8.11	-	243.99	243.99
Other financial liabilities	768.20	100.89	-	869.09	869.09
Total	41,076.47	17,797.09	843.95	59,717.51	59,717.51

40B Capital Management

Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Group and net debt. Primary objective of Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains an optimum financing structure and healthy returns in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments, in light of the changes in economic conditions or business requirements. The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Gearing Ratio:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Borrowings	54,902.31	45,652.18
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(1,165.99)	(10,799.55)
Net Debt	53,736.32	34,852.63
Equity	80,368.40	78,676.00
Total Capital	80,368.40	78,676.00
Gearing Ratio	0.67	0.44



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- 41 The Group assesses the recoverability of its Group Assets on an annual basis, duly considering the significant estimates and judgements which inter-alia includes the discounted cash flows determined based on the revenue projections, probable recovery of claims and discount rates calculated based on the cost of equity for the applicable Asset, adjusted for the proposed restructuring. All of these estimates and judgements have inherent uncertainties and the actual results may differ from that estimated as at the date of the Balance sheet. The Group has revisited the projections made in the previous year taking into account the probable beneficial results arising from the various initiatives being undertaken with regard to restructure of the customer contracts, submission and pursuing with appropriate authorities on relevant claims.
- **42** The Company commissioned the 10 MW Solar Power Plant in Kunigal, Karnataka during the financial year 2017-18. The Company has paid advance to a Land Aggregator for the purchase of Land aggregating to a total area of 33.20 acres. The Company has completed registration for 5.16 Acres till date and is in the process of completing the registration for the balance acres.

43 The following are ratios disclosed:

S.No.	RATIOS	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Variance
1	Current Ratio	1.63	1.68	-3%
2	Debt-Equity Ratio	0.68	0.58	17%
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.23	0.29	-22%
4	Return on Equity Ratio	0.01	0.04	-81% *
5	Inventory turnover ratio	1.36	1.79	-24%
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	4.86	4.68	4%
7	Trade Payables turnover ratio	1.69	3.23	-48% #
8	Net capital turnover ratio	1.39	1.36	2%
9	Net profit ratio	0.02	0.08	-80%*
10	Return on Capital employed,	0.01	0.057	-91%*
11	Return on investment	50.93	50.17	2%

* The costs incurred for the current year with respect to discontinued operations has affected the ratios indicated. This would be a one-time impact for the current year.

The Group has negotiated different payment arrangements with its suppliers.

S.No	RATIOS	Numerator	Denominator
1	Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities
2	Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt	Equity
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings before Interest, Tax and Exceptional Items	Interest Expense + Principal Repayments made during the year for long term loans
4	Return on Equity Ratio	Profit after Tax	Average Net Worth
5	Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of Goods Sold (Cost of Material Consumed + Purchases + Changes in Inventory + Manufacturing Expenses)	Average Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock-in-Process and Stock-in-Trade
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Value of Sales & Services	Average Trade Receivables
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	Cost of Materials Consumed (after adjustment of RM Inventory) + Purchases of Stock-in- Trade + Other Expenses	Average Trade Payables
8	Net capital turnover ratio	Value of Sales & Services	Working Capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities
9	Net profit ratio	Profit After Tax (after exceptional items)	Value of Sales & Services
10	Return on Capital employed	Net Profit After Tax + Deferred Tax Expense/ (Income) + Finance Cost (-) Other Income	Average Capital Employed
11	Return on investment	Other Income (Excluding Dividend)	



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

45 Discontinued Operations

During the year 2014, the Group had acquired 100% equity of HHV Solar Technologies Limited, an entity engaged in manufacturing of Solar Photovoltaic modules and having its plant located at Dabaspet, Bengaluru, Karnataka. The capacity of the plant was increased in stages to reach the present capacity of 110 MW. The above acquisition was considered due to the benefits of quality assurance, cost saving and availability of modules to complete the projects within the timeline etc. Thereafter, during the year 2016 the above subsidiary got merged with the Parent Company for administrative convenience. The solar modules being manufactured by the above plant have been sold by the Company in various forms such as using the modules for its Independent Power Producing (IPP) plants and Engineering, Procurement and Commissioning (EPC) projects for customers and also selling directly to outside markets. Since the plant was owned by the company, it helped the Company to meet tender requirements, some of which stipulated that the modules should be 'Made in India Now, the Renewable Manufacturing industry is facing unexpected Market changes like availability of specific type of Solar Cells (M3/G1 158.75 mm) which are being used by the above plant for making solar modules and there will soon be a dearth of solar cell suppliers of the above kind. If the raw material unavailability situation continues, the Parent Company might have to maintain the plant at substantially understated capacity, i.e. at less than the minimum production requirement capacity / below break-even point levels, in which case, the Group will incur losses especially with respect to the non-recovery of fixed cost expenses like running of air conditioners, rental expenses etc. Keeping in view the change/ advancement in technology and to control the above mentioned losses, the Shareholders in its meeting held on 28.7.2022 has concurred with the decision of the management to stop the production of this Plant (Dabaspet, Bengaluru) permanently.

Consequent to above, during the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group has provided for the settlement of employees, paid duty component for exiting out of EOU and undertaken activities relevant to closure of the facilities.

S.No	PARTICULARS	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
1	Income		
	Revenue from operations	2,092.11	6,116.53
	Other income	15.50	7.39
	Total Income	2,107.61	6,123.92
2	Expenses		
a.	Cost of Materials Consumed	1,943.93	7,586.94
C.	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in -Trade	-	(1,752.38)
d.	Employee Benefits Expense	168.68	225.33
e.	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	984.09	338.28
f.	Finance Costs	6.06	210.90
g.	Other Expenses	1,335.59	1,090.32
	Total Expenses	4,438.34	7,699.39
3	Loss before tax	(2,330.73)	(1,575.47)
4	Tax expense	-	-
5	Net Loss from discontinued operations	(2,330.73)	(1,575.47)

Pursuant to the above decision, the results of the above discontinued unit is presented separately.



SWELECT ENERGY SYSTEMS LIMITED Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

46 Additional Information:

- (a) The Group does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.
- (b) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year
- (c) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (d) "The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (e) The Group does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (f) To the best of its knowledge, The Group has not had any transaction with any struck-off companies during the year.
- (g) The Group does not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with the ROC beyond the statutory period as at the year ended 31 March 2023.
- 47 Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary.
- 48 The Group carries property, plant and equipment (net) and other intangibles assets aggregating ₹ 8,923.34 lakhs (As at 31 March 2022 ₹ 8,624.46 lakhs), relating to two operating subsidiaries of the Group whose revenues have significantly reduced, as per the audited standalone financial statements of those subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023. The Group had as at 31 March 2023, assessed the recoverability of its property, plant and equipment duly considering revenue projections of the subsidiaries based on the most recent long-term forecasts, resultant cash flows using an appropriate discount rate as well as significant estimates and judgements involving certain new projects, expected clearances and approvals from relevant authorities. All of these estimates and judgements have inherent uncertainties and the actual results may differ from that estimated as at the date of the Balance Sheet. The estimation of revenue projections is based on the Management's assessment of probability of securing new businesses in the future, duly considering adverse business impact and uncertainties. The Management has concluded that the carrying value of the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are recoverable duly considering the expected future recoverable value as at 31 March 2023.
- **49** The Board, duly taking into account all the relevant disclosures made, has approved these consolidated financial statements in its meeting held on 29 May 2023 in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Swelect Energy Systems Limited

Sd/-**R. Chellappan** Managing Director DIN:00016958 Sd/-A. Balan Joint Managing Director DIN:00017091

Sd/-**R. Sathishkumar** Company Secretary Sd/-**Nikhila R** Chief Financial Officer

Place: Chennai Date: 29 May 2023

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Form AOC-1

Statement (Pursuant to first proviso to sub-Section 3 of section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries

Part "A ": Subsidiaries

IS OL	Name of the Subsidiaries	Date since when Subsidiary acquired	Reporting period	Reporting Currency	Exchange Rate (₹)	Share Capital	Reserves and surplus	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Turnover (net)	Profit / (loss) before Taxation	Provision for Taxation	Profit / (loss) after Taxation	% of share holding	Country
-	SWELECT Energy Systems Pte. Limited	13-05-2004	Apr-Mar	ПSD	82.15	4,372.90	9,423.07	19,349.79	5,553.82	5,628.02	(138.92)	(7.53)	(131.39)	100%	Singapore
2	SWELECT Inc,	23-02-2016	Jan- Dec	USD	82.15	335.82	(148.81)	192.87	5.87	67.12	(0.27)	0.08	(0.34)	100%	USA
e	Amex Alloys Private Limited	05-12-2010	Apr-Mar	₹	+	650.00	2,320.39	10,759.17	7,468.78	12,158.64	(274.64)	•	(274.64)	100%	India
4	SWELECT Solar Energy Private Limited	02-09-2009	Apr-Mar	¥	1	444.00	(140.55)	369.04	65.58	1.85	(15.97)	1	(15.97)	100%	India
5	Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited (Refer Note 2)	15-05-2015	Apr-Mar	£	-	21.08	188.69	1,022.19	812.43	174.55	10.60	1	10.60	100%	India
9	SWELECT Green Energy Solutions Private Limited	13-05-2013	Apr-Mar	¥	-	1,860.95	4,261.59	6,469.35	346.81	501.93	198.85	91.11	107.74	100%	India
7	K J Solar Systems Private Limited (Refer Note 2)	11-02-2016	Apr-Mar	¥	-	10.00	462.81	1,781.08	1,308.27	228.23	37.83		37.83	100%	India
8	SWELECT Power Systems Private Limited	11-04-2016	Apr-Mar	₹	1	930.00	2,856.04	6,221.06	2,435.02	872.13	322.98	11.86	311.12	100%	India
ი	SWELECT Sun Energy Private Limited	29-12-2020	Apr-Mar	₹	+	2,503.00	115.81	7,169.05	4,550.24	1,177.36	110.68	0.10	110.58	73.99%	India
10	SWELECT HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited (Refer Note 3)	03-05-2021	Apr-Mar	¥	-	1.00	(190.31)	19,348.22	19,537.54	268.24	(167.31)	'	(167.31)	100.00%	India
1	SWELECT Renewable Energy Private Limited	23-06-2021	Apr-Mar	*~	-	1,800.30	190.86	6,253.59	4,262.43	930.67	207.58	1	207.58	73.99%	India
12	SWELECT RE Power Private Limited	22-04-2022	Apr-Mar	₹	1	773.10	49.50	2,072.46	1,249.86	130.22	49.50	'	49.50	73.99%	India
13	SWELECT Taiyo Energy Private Limited	31-10-2022	Apr-Mar	th~	-	1,199.00	(12.92)	4,229.93	3,043.86	1.53	(12.92)	•	(12.92)	73.99%	India

Note:

Indian rupee equivalents of the figures given in foreign currencies in the accounts of the subsidiary companies, are based on the exchange rates as on 31 March 2023. ~

Noel Media & Advertising Private Limited and K J Solar Systems Private Limited are 100 % subsidiaries of SWELECT Solar Energy Private Limited. 2

SWELECT HHV Solar Photovoltaics Private Limited is 100% subsidiary of SWELECT Energy Systems Pte. Ltd. ო

Part "B ": Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company does not have any investment in Associate and Joint venture Companies as at 31.03.2023.

For and on behalf of the board of directors

Sd/-

Place : Chennai Date: 29 May 2023

R. Chellappan Managing Director

A.Balan Joint Managing Director Sd/-

R. Sathishkumar Company Secretary Sd/-

Sd/-







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